THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. ATLANTA, GEORGIA SUNDAY, MARCH 1, 1874. VOLUME VI—NUMBER 218

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

CONSTITUTION AND SUN.

ATLANTA, MARCH 1, 1874

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

SATURDAY'S NOON NEWS.

The Quaker City.

SILK WEAVER'S STRIKE—ABORTIVE BEGINNING OF WOMEN'S LIQUOR CRUSADE.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28.—The silk weavers on strike held a meeting this afternoon. The committee of 21 females who had visited Shepherd Bros. requesting an advance of three dollars, stated that they had refused to comply with this demand. The weavers stated that they will not return to the looms until the wages they ask are given them.

Prayermeeting was held in the Baptist Chapel on Seventh street and Susquehanna avenue, in the extreme northern section of the city. It opened with about two hundred ladies present, Mrs. Dr. French, a well known female, presiding. Previous to opening the exercises all reporters were requested to withdraw, and the proceedings were conducted privately. After a long discussion it was decided to commence a crusade against liquor dealers at once, and for that purpose they delegated twenty of their number, who proceeded to three saloons in the vicinity, around which they sang and prayed to closed doors. At one place a side door was left open, and a number of roughs gathered there who ridiculed the proceedings so much that one of the ladies wept. To-day was spasmodic, and a majority of the people do not think the movement will be successful in the city.

TEN MILLION MILLION FIRE IN PANAMA.

NEW YORK, February 28.—Private accounts received in this city state that a terrible conflagration occurred in Panama on the 25th instant, whereby the largest portion of the business part of the town was destroyed. The loss is estimated at over $10,000,000, mostly insured in London.

The Irishmen have perfected arrangements for the usual St. Patrick's day parade.

WASHINGTON.

RADICAL SLOAN, OF GEORGIA, GETS A FAVORABLE REPORT OVER RAWLS.

WASHINGTON, February 28.—The House Committee on Elections report in favor of Sloan as entitled to the seat now occupied by Rawls from Georgia.

In the House there is a minority report from the Elections Committee in favor of Mr. Dawes' resolution considering private bills.

John Cockey, Receiver of the New Orleans National Banking Association is here on business in relation to the bank. He states that the affairs of the bank are in a much worse state than the First National of New Orleans.

SCRAPS.

CLEVELAND, February 28.—The Convention of Locomotive Engineers are still in session. Positive information cannot be obtained, but it is thought a general strike has been decided upon, and the details are being arranged. It is stated there is considerable opposition to the course, and that if the non-strikers do not carry their point, they will split from the Brotherhood and form a seperate organization.

CATSKILL, February 28.—The masked mail robber Dennis Brady, was sentenced to twenty years

MARINE.

NEW YORK, February 28.—Arrived out—Brevier, Seapoir, Trieste, Spectator, Guisco, Sumatra, Gloria, with bulwark stove and boom carried away. The wheel was damaged. The brig Miletus had its decks swept. Homeward, Jernbyrd, Jaliau es, Henriette.

Arrived—Albemarle, Madeira, City of Paris, Gammonia, Helmet, Gomas.

LONDON, February 28.—The Armondale, from Hull for Pensacola, is detained in port by the refusal of the crew to proceed.

ENGLAND.

THE TICHBORNE CLAIMANT CONVICTED OF PERJURY—THE DUKE OF EDINBURG—THE ASHANTEE WAR.

LONDON, February 28.—The trial of the Tichborne claimant on the charges of perjury, committed during the trial for the possession of an estate, which had been in progress upwards of 180 days, was this morning brought to a close, and resulted in the conviction of the accused. The jury, after being out a short time, brought in a verdict guilty of the charges, and the claimant was sentenced to fourteen years' penal servitude. There is great excitement over the verdict, and extras announcing it has been issued by the papers.

Professor Huxley has been installed a Director of the University of Aberdeen.

Jno. Wilson Patten is to be raised to the peerage.

Mr. Cardwell, late War Secretary, becomes Viscount Cardwell.

It is officially announced that the Duke of Edinburgh and bride, accompanied by the Queen, will enter London on the 12th of March.

MADRID, Feb. 28.—The government has withdrawn the garrison from Tolasa, in the Province of Guipuscoa.

Advices from the Gold Coast represent that up to the 29th of January it was doubtful whether the Ashantees were for war or peace, news having been received that a large force of the enemy was collecting in the rear of the British advance, a reconnoisance was made, and this led to a series of battles previously reported, which ended in the capture of Coomassie.

EARLY NIGHT NEWS

THE PETTICOATS' CRUSADE ON SPIRITS.

TWO MONTHS PRAYING IN JEFFERSONVILLE, INDIANA, FUTILE.

JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., February 28.—The determined and persistent war upon the saloon keepers in this city by women continues every day. They are out revisiting them, singing hymns, praying and pleading with them to abandon the business. Two weeks have passed since the war first began and yet not one saloon has been closed. The ladies, however, believe they are arousing a moral sentiment that will reap rich reward before long.

WEATHER.

CLOUD AND OCCASIONAL RAIN IN GEORGIA.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Probabilities for Sunday—In New England rising or stationary barometer, northwest winds and partly cloudy or clear weather, followed by hazy and cloudy weather by Sunday night.

For the Lake region and Ohio Valley and Northwest, falling barometer, southeast to southwest winds, clouds and rain or snow.

For the Western Gulf States, southerly winds and cloudy weather, followed by northwest winds and clearing weather.

For the South Atlantic and Middle Atlantic States, falling barometer, eastern winds, cloudy weather and occasional light rain or snow.

The Ohio river continues to fall slowly, but the Lower Mississippi continues stationary or slowly rising.

THE RADICAL PARTY ARRAIGNED.

WASHINGTON, February 28.—In the House, after the consideration of some private bills, a miscellaneous debate was entered on, and Brown, of Kentucky, made a speech arraigning the Republican party for its many political and financial sins.

Milliken, of Kentucky, made a speech against Hoar's educational bill.

MARINE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Arrived, the steamship Greece.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 28.—Arrived, Cupid and S. Webb sailed from Charleston Nellie May, Braumanow, Folke.

SAVANNAH, Feb. 28.—Departed, Huntsville, San Jacinto, Wyoming, America.

SAVANNAH, Feb. 28.—Anna Reval, Oscar Seaward, Warva Mindet, Ludwig, Heyn, Providencia, Yuba, Matilda C. Smith, Lake Erie.

GENERAL HOWARD'S INQUIRY.

WASHINGTON, February 28.—Freedman's Bureau General Howard investigation commences Tuesday.

THE CHARLESTON RACES.

CHARLESTON, February 28.—First race to-day, dash, one and a quarter miles, purse $200, was won by Lewis & Co's brown filly, Ortolan, in 2:17, beating Tabitha and Midnight.

Second race, one mile dash, purse $200, was won by Weldon's Geber Lunsie in 1:54, beating Londa, Lawter and Mollie.

Third race, mile heats, purse $350, was won by Bacon's Lady Washington, beating Limestone and Joe Johnston. Time 1:51, 1:51¼, 1:52.

OUT OF YANKEEDOM.

SERRANO, PRESIDENT OF SPAIN—CARLIST VICTORIES OF IMPORTANCE.

EARTHQUAKE, VOLCANIC ERUPTIONS AND FIRE IN SOUTH AMERICA—SALVADOR WHIPS HONDURAS

BARBADOES SUGAR CROP DECREASED—CHINESE INSECURITY—FRENCH TYRANNY.

MADRID, February 28.—Serrano has been declared President of the Republic of Spain, and General Zabala, Minister of War, is appointed President of the Council of Ministers.

General Morinez has failed to relieve Bilbon, and it is reported that his army has been defeated by the Carlists with a loss of three thousand men killed and wounded. Amposta, 48 miles southward of Tarragona, has been captured by the Carlists.

President Serrano and Admiral Topete, Minister of the Marine, have left Madrid for the North. Zabala will act as President during the absence from the Capitol of Serrano.

SALVADOR WHIPS HONDURAS.

PANAMA, February 28.—President Arias, of Honduras, after being besieged in Comargua Capital by the united forces of Salvador and Guatamala, capitulated on the 13th ult., and was made prisoner along with Senor Del Cio, his Minister. There was a considerable amount of blood shed before the city surrendered. Senor Leiva as President, now remains in full possession of the government of Honduras. Advices from Valparaiso state that the Minister to the interior in a speech stated that both the government and the country desired that there be a separation between State and church.

A strong shock of earthquake was felt at Capiapo on the 15th ult. The Chillan Volcano has opened a crater on its eastern side, and has made the winds blowing from that direction insufferably hot.

THE PANAMA FIRE.

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, February 21.—There was a very serious fire in Panama on the 16th, which consumed a portion of the city. Among the buildings burned were the Grand Hotel, City Saloon and Bank. Loss roughly estimated at $1,000,000, the greater portion of which is covered by insurance. No further details received.

NEW YORK, February 28.—Several telegrams have been received from Panama, via Jamaica, by merchants in this city from their correspondents in the city of Panama, which fail, however, except in a single instance, to give any information regarding the extent of the conflagration which occurred there recently. The despatch referred to gives the loss at $1,000,000.

THE BARBADOES SUGAR CROP.

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, February 28.—The failure of the rains of December have shortened the Barbadoes sugar crop by 5,000 hogsheads.

Affairs in Hayti are very unsettled.

AMERICAN LIFE UNSAFE IN CHINA.

HONG KONG, Feb. 27.—It is reported that the Chinese government has notified the foreign minister at Pekin that it cannot guarantee the safety of the lives of foreigners residing at Teintsin, and that the naval authorities here has been requested to send war vessels to Tientsin to insure their protection.

FREEDOM OF THE PRESS IN FRANCE.

PARIS, February 28.—The sale of the Republican Conservative journal, Nineteenth Century, has been prohibited because of the publication in its columns of an satire insulting to Buffet, President of the National Assembly.

ENGLISH SHIPWRECK.

LONDON, February 28.—Five hundred and seventy casks of refined petroleum came ashore on Suffolk coast, near Lowestof. They are supposed to have been a portion of the cargo of the bark Brilliant from Philadelphia, which was wrecked off Langsons.

MIDNIGHT NEWS,

NO! I THANK YOU!

THE REBELLIOUS STATES OUGHT'NT TO HAVE PAY FOR RAILROADS.

WASHINGTON, February 28.—The report from Quartermaster General Meigs to the Secretary of war, regarding compensation for the use of certain railroads during the war, concludes thus: "No compensation has ever been made to this nor to any other railroad company for the use of, or for damage to, any railroad in the States lately in rebellion. The Quartermaster General believing the recovery of the road from a public enemy and its restoration to its former owners, with the cost of expenditure for defense and repairs to be a full equivalent for its use." The report has special reference to the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad."

LOUISIANA MUDDLES.

MRS GAINES SHOWS JUDGE DURELL WILLIN' TO TRADE JUSTICE. THE NEW ELECTION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The best analysis of Mrs. Gaine's evidence seems to be that she met Judge Durell some ten years ago when he stated to her that having an interest adverse to hers he could not judge in her case. Subsequently he rendered in a small case, but refused to act further. Mrs. Gaines' counsel, Stone, dead 5 years, suggested to her that a sum of money and alternate lots of certain property involved in the proceedings would prompt Judge Darrell to action

Mrs. Gaines exclaimed that would be a crime. She would starve first. Afterward she met Judge Durrell who referred her to Col. Morton, whom she quotes, "if she would consent to Stone's proposition Judge Durrell would hear her case." It is fair to say that the whole story is considered wild.

A struggle between West and Carpenter on Monday whether the new election for Louisiana or the army appropriation bill shall take precedence will be watched with great excitement as an indication of the sense of the Senate.

LATE SCRAPS.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 28.—Vasquez and his band of robbers and murderers are still raiding in the Southern counties of the State. On Wednesday they robbed the Los Angelos stage, carrying off $200 and eight horses.

BALTIMORE, February 28.—Cleared—Saragossa. Arrived—Nickerbocker.

Financial and Commercial

Atlanta Cotton Statement.

ATLANTA, GA., February 28, 1874.

Cotton closed quiet at 13¾a14 cents.

RECEIPTS FOR TO-DAY.

By wagon	11	bales
By Air-Line Railroad	19	"
By Central Railroad	16	"
By Georgia Railroad	11	"
By Western and Atlantic Railroad	7	"
Total	64	"
Receipts previous	51,650	"
Total receipts	51,714	"

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments to-day	10	bales
Shipments previous	49,882	"
Total	49,892	"
Stock on hand	1,822	"

NEW YORK, February 28, 1874.

Receipts to-day	15,936	bales
Stock at all ports	810,511	"

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, February 28.—Cotton dull; sales 1,179 at 16 1-8a16 1-2; net receipts 874; gross 2,251.

Futures closed steady, with sales of 20,800 as follows: March 15 1-6; April 15 17-32; May 16a16 1-32; June 16 3-8a16 13-32; July 16 3-4.

Bank statement—Loans decrease $625,000. Specie decrease $1,875,000. Legal tenders increase $1,625,000. Deposits increase a trifle.

Arrived—Leo.

Flour dull, in buyer's favor; $6 50a$7 45 for common to fair extra. Wheat better with extra demand, closing a shade firmer. Corn opened firm and closed dull; 76a79 for new western mixed; 85a87 1-4 for choice old western mixed; in store and afloat 79a80 for southern and wester yellow. Pork quiet at $15 62 1-2 for new mess. Beef quiet and unchanged. Lard firm at 9 3 16. Freights dull. Liverpool cotton sail 3-8. Coffee very firm. Sugar, rice and molasses quiet. Turpentine steady at 48. Rosin steady at $2 45a$2 50. Money easy at 4. Sterling dull at $4 84. Gold steady at 12 5-8a12 3 4. Governments strong, considerable doing. State bonds quiet and nominal.

LATER—The market for cotton on spot had a downward tendency throughout the week, and prices have receded 1-8 of a cent. The business during the early part of the week was very dull. The Exchange being closed on Monday, and during two intervening days, receipts were heavy, and holders were somewhat anxious to realize, thus causing irregularities and subsequent decline at reduced figures, there was increased business, and during Thursday and Friday the market became steady, and holders in some cases demanded more, but the market closed about steady; dealings in contracts been quite large during the closing days.

To-day being the last of the month, there were usual demands for contracts to make settlement. Fluctuations have been unimportant, and the market closed rather weak. The total sales were 147,773 bales, of which 139,433 bales were for contract, and 8,340 bales for immediate delivery, as follows: 3,609 for export; 2,378 for spinning; 2,253 for speculation, and 100 in transit.

Naval stores have not fluctuated a great deal, and transactions generally were limited.

LATER—81s 20¼; 62 17¼; 64s 19¼; 65s 20 7-8; new 19¼; 67s 19 3-4; 68s 19¼; new 5s 14 5-8; 10-40s 15 1-8. Tennessees 89; new 88 3-8. Virginias 35; new 40. Consols 51 3 4; deferred 11 1-2. Louisianas 35; new 35. Levee 6s 48¼; 8s 58. Alabamas 8 65; 5s 35. Georgia 6s 75; 7s 87¼. North Carolinas 28; new 18; special tax 9. South Carolinas 25; new 9 1-8; April and October 16.

NEW ORLEANS, February 28.—Sugar dull; common 6a6¼; fair to fully fair, 6 3-4a7 1-2; prime to strict prime, 8a8 1-8. Whisky dull; Louisiana 97; Cincinnati $1 01. Corn meal dull at $3 25. Others unchanged. The Price Current gives the following stock on hand to-day; 61,000 flour; 950 barrels pork; 3,200 kegs lard; 2,200 caskn ditto; bacon, 675 casks, clear sides, 456 casks; clear rib 643 casks. Hams—sugar cured, 771 tierces; plain, ditto, 54 tierces. Dry salt meats, 575 casks.

Gold 12 5-8. Exchange—New York sight drafts 1-4 premium. Sterling $5.44 1-2a 5.50.

CINCINNATI, February 28.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn dull at 58a62. Pork steady at $14 50. Lard quiet and steady at 8¾ for steam; 8 3 4a8 7-8 for kettle. Bacon easier; 6¼ for shoulders; 8 1-8a8 1-4 for clear rib; 8¾ for clear. Whisky quiet and steady at 92

MEMPHIS, February 28.—Cotton—receipts 2,226 bales; shipments 1,786.

CHARLESTON, February 28.—Cotton quiet; middlings 15¼; low middlings 14¼; good ordinary 14; net receipts 2 835; exports to Great Britain 1,076; sales 1,500; stock 60,970; exports coastwise 680.

NORFOLK, February 28.—Cotton—net receipts 1,042 bales; exports coastwise 1,142; sales 800.

PHILADELPHIA, February 28.—Cotton—net receipts 345 bales; gross 1,109.

AUGUSTA, February 28.—Cotton dull; middlings 15; receipts 428 bales; sales 581.

WILMINGTON, February 28.—Cotton steady: middlings 14¼; net receipts 76 bales; exports coastwise 120.

GALVESTON, Feb. 29.—Cotton—Net receipts 1,623; exports, coastwise, 3,121; sales 6,5 5 bales.

MOBILE, Feb. 28.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; middlings 15 1-2; net receipts [illegible] exports, coastwise, 699; sales 800; stock [illegible] 829 bales

SAVANNAH, Feb. 28.—Cotton quiet; middlings 15 1 2; net receipts 1,523; exports, continent, 11,013; sales 641; stock 87,928 bales.

BOSTON, Feb. 28.—Receipts 130; gross 3097; sales 250 bales

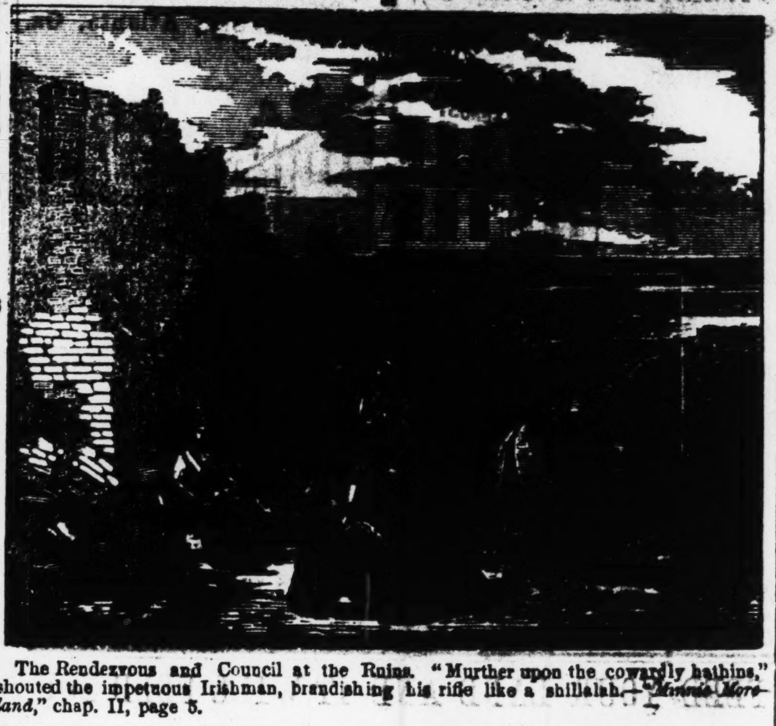
NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 28.—Cotton quiet; middlings 15 3 4c; low middlings 14 3-4c; good ordinary 13 1-2c; ordinary 11 1-8c; net receipts 7304; gross 8276; exports to France 2708; sales 2000; last evening 3000; stock 329,276.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 28. noon—Cotton steadier; uplands 7 7-8; Orleans 8 1-8a8 1-4; sales 12,000 bales; 2,000 for speculation and export; sales uplands, nothing below good ordinary, deliverable in May, 7 11-16; do., nothing below low middlings March and April 7 7 8; sales Orleans, nothing below low middlings, shiped March and April, 8 1-16.

LATER—Cotton—sales 7,899 bales American; sales Orleans, nothing below low middlings, shiped March and April 8 1-8.

Breadstuffs quiet. Pork 42s 6d.

3:30 P. M.—Cotton sales of uplands, nothing below good ordinary, shipped January and February, 7¾; do., shipped in March and April, 7¾; sales of Orleans, nothing below good ordinary, shipped in January, 11-16.



The Rendezvous and Council at the Ruins. "Murther upon the cowardly hathins," shouted the impetuous Irishman, brandishing his rifle like a shillalah.—*Minnie Moreland*," chap. II, page 5.

MARKET REPORTS OF THE

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
ATLANTA, February 28, 1874.

Cotton quiet at 13 1-2a13 3-4.

Corn—sacked ear, $1; white 93 1-2a95.

Hams—sugar-coated 12 1-2a15; bulk 11a 11 1-2.

Wheat—white $1 75a2; amber $1 75a1 90; red $1 60a1 70.

Wheat Bran $1 25a1 50.

Oats—mixed 70; seed 76a78.

Rye—None in market.

Barley seed—None in market.

Corn meal 95a$1.

Grits $6 50 per barrel.

Flour—Super $5 50a7 00; extra $7 50a 8 25; family $9a9 50; extra family $10 00a 10 50; fancy $11a11 50.

Hay—Timothy $1 60a1 75. Clover $1 25 a1 50; Tennessee $1 25a1 40.

Coal—car, 35a40.

Lime—40a50.

Cement—$3 35a3 50

Bacon—Clear sides 10; clear rib 9 3-4 shoulders 8¼.

Bulk—Dry salt clear sides 9 1-2; clear rib sides 9 1-4; shoulders 7 3 4.

Lard—Kegs 11¼a12, cans 11¼a12; tierces 10 3 4a11.

Sheeting, etc—4-4 brown sheeting 11; 7-8 brown shirting 9 1-2; 3-4 brown shirting 7 1-2

Cotton yarn $1 40.

Coffee—Rio 30a32c; LaGuyra 33a36; Java 42a45c.

Sugar—A 11 1-2; white, extra C 11¼; yellow 10 1-2a10 3-4; Demerara 11 1-2a11 3-4.

Iron Ties—9 1-2c per lb.

Bagging—2 lbs. 14 1-2; 2 1-8 lbs. 15; 2 1-4 lbs. 15 1-2. Gunny 12 1-2a13.

Candles—19 per lb.

Cheese—17 1-2a18 1-2 per lb.

Hogs—6 cents gross.

Beef Cattle—3a3 3-4

Nails $5 50a6 00.

Soap, per box, $3 75a4 40.

Field peas $1 25a1 35.

Molasses 85.

AMUSEMENTS.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE.

Tuesday Evening, March 3, '74

LECTURE BY J. G. SAXE

For the benefit of the Young Men's Library Association.

SUBJECT. **LOVE.**

Doors open at 7½: Lecture begins at 8 o'clock.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR.

feb24—dtd

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

8

EIGHTH ANNIVERSARY BALL

OF THE

HIBERNIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY

Will be given at the Skating Rink,

Tuesday Evening, March 17th. 1874.

TICKETS TWO DOLLARS.

mar1—sun1s-8 h 15'h&'ne17

Masonic.

CŒUR DE LION COMMANDERY, No. 4, K. T., will hold regular conclave at the Asylum. MONDAY EVENING, 2d instant, at 7½ o'clock, and will work in the order of Red Cross.

All Sir Knights in good standing are invited.

By order of E. C. D. S. KELLAM, Recorder.

mar1—d1t

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Northern District of Georgia—No. 828.

Philip M. Trimble, bankrupt, having petitioned for a discharge from all his debts provable in bankruptcy, all persons interested, are notified to appear on the 11th day of March, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M., before Register Black, at Atlanta, Georgia, to show cause, why the prayer of the bankrupt should not be granted.

The second and third meetings of creditors will be held at the same time and place.

mar1—d1t A. E. BUCK, Clerk.

Contractors and Builders.

THE REGULAR MEETING of the BUILDERS' ASSOCIATION will be held at the Chamber of Commerce on MONDAY, 2d instant, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

All members earnestly requested to be present.

mar1—d1t C. W. HUNNICUTT, Secretary.

KEEP COOL! KEEP COOL!

Crystal LAKE ICE!

A CONSTANT supply at Wholesale and Retail. Cash orders from the country will receive prompt attention.

H. F. EMERY,
Atlanta Ice House,
Adjoining National Hotel, fronting Railroad.

Special rate by car load. mar1—d3t

GOOD ENOUGH!

Down She Goes!

NO more questions asked. Every body is satisfied with it, and every body takes it. THE WATER OF LIFE cures Constipation, Indigestion, Nervous and General Debility. One Dollar per bottle, at THE DOLLAR STORE. mar1—d1t

Mobile Underwriters

Aggregate Assets $900,000!

Mobile Fire Department Insurance Co.

RE-INSURED BY THE

Citizens' Mutual Insurance Co. *Mobile Mutual Insurance Co.*

Stonewall Insurance Co: *Washington Fire & Marine Ins. Co*

ALL OF MOBILE, ALABAMA.

WALKER & BOYD, Agents,

N 8 Wall Street (In Kimball House) [mar1—evrysundtf] ATLANTA, GA.

COAL CREEK COAL,

BY

SCIPLE & SONS.

COAL CREEK COAL,
COAL CREEK COAL,
COAL CREEK COAL,
DIRECT FROM MINES,
DIRECT FROM MINES,
DIRECT FROM MINES,
STOVE WOOD,
STOVE WOOD,
STOVE WOOD,

BY CAR LOAD,
BY TON,
BY BUSHEL,
SCIPLE & SONS,
SCIPLE & SONS,
SCIPLE & SONS,
SCIPLE & SONS,
SCIPLE & SONS,
SCIPLE & SONS,

8 LOYD AND 59 DECATUR,
8 LOYD AND 59 DECATUR,
8 LOYD AND 59 DECATUR.

mar1—dtf

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

Three Story Brick House.

WE will sell at the Court House, first Tuesday in April, 1874, a Three Story Brick House and Lot, fronting on Mitchell street, and opposite the residence of Richard Peters.

This property is about 2 minutes walk from Dodd's corner, and the location very pleasant either for private residence or boarding house. The house has 14 rooms besides a 2 room kitchen.

This is a rare opportunity to get this property cheap. It belongs to a non-resident and our instructions are to sell. Call at our office for the keys and and examine the premises.

Terms—Half cash; balance 6 and 12 months, with 10 per cent. interest on notes.

WALLACE & FOWLER,
Real Estate Agents.
No. 9 Alabama street.

mar1—d4t

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

Scofield Flower Yard Property

On Pryor and Houston Streets.

I WILL sell upon the premises, on THURSDAY AFTERNOON, the 5th of March, at 3 o'clock, these SIX SPLENDID RESIDENCE LOTS, on the corner of Ivy and Houston streets, known as the "Scofield Flower Yard."

Nos. 1 and 2 fronts on Pryor street.

No 3 has a nice cottage upon it, fronts on Houston street.

No. 4 is vacant.

No. 5 has a two story residence upon it.

No. 6 is vacant.

This is truly gilt edged property, with the very best surroundings; in the centre, the most fashionable, and in every way a very desirable part of the city. It will be sold strictly upon its merits, to the highest bidder, with unquestionable titles.

Terms—One-third cash; balance in 3, 6 and 9 months, with 10 per cent. interest.

G. W. ADAIR, Real Estate Agent,
No. 1 Kimball House.

mar1—d4t

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

BY virtue of an order from the Court of Ordinary, I will sell, before the Court House door on Tuesday, the 3d day of March, the house and lot on Powers street, owned by W. P. Hammond, deceased. The lot is 52x121- and has upon it a four room house.

Terms—½ cash; balance 3 and 6 months, with 10 per cent. interest.

G. W. ADAIR.
Real Estate Agent,
No. 1 Kimball House.

mar1—d2t

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

GUARDIAN'S SALE

Bradley Property,

BY virtue of an order from the Court of Ordinary of the county of Bibb, in the State of Georgia, I will sell before the Court House door of the county of Fulton, in the city of Atlanta, within the legal hours of sale, on the 7th day of April next, 18 unimproved lots in the city of Atlanta, in land lot 46, in the 14th district of Fulton county, as per plat of Bradley property exhibited on day of sale. These lots front on Randolph, Bradley, Howland and Irwin streets.

Terms—½ cash; balance in 12 months with 10 per cent. interest.

O. J. CAREY, Guardian of
J. J. Bradley.

mar1..w4t

Valuable Property For Sale.

SITUATED IN FORT VALLEY, GA., near the Railroad Depot, and known as

BYINGTON HOTEL!

Said Hotel is in complete running order, neatly furnished, and has attached everything necessary in the business having in connection a large and fertile garden of three acres, large cistern, and comfortable out houses, stables, etc., including a fine young orchard and vineyard. Also a pleasant

COTTAGE BUILDING,

Adjoining said Hotel, with a large and shady yard in front. upon which is situated

TWO SMALL STORE-HOUSES,

Suitable for any kind of business, and located in the very heart of town. Also a splendid

DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT,

Situated on Main street, Fort Valley, Ga., convenient to business, and has every attachment of necessity and comfort in connection. Said lot contains two acres of rich and productive soil, which, together with its location, makes it one of the most desirable residences in town.

Also, in the city of ALBANY, GA.,

A VALUABLE RESIDENCE,

Situated on the corner of Pine and Jackson streets, and known as

THE OLD BYINGTON HOUSE,

A rare inducement and good investment is offered here. Also,

A SPLENDID PLANTATION,

Lying on Flint river, and one mile south of the courthouse in Albany, Ga. Said plantation contains two hundred and eight acres, more or less, of the best land in Southwest Georgia, well improved, convenient to the city, and is a bargain for any one. A splendid residence, with outhouses, garden, cistern, vineyard, etc., on the place. Also,

A SMALL COTTAGE BUILDING,

Near the Town's House, on Broad street, is offered for sale. Said property to be sold for the purpose of a division. Apply to,

MRS. J. L. BYINGTON,

feb28-d1w Fort Valley, Ga.

Campbell County Deputy Sheriff's Sales,

WILL be sold on the first Tuesday in April next, within the legal hours of sale, before the Court House door, in the town of Fairburn, in said county, lot or fractional lot of land number one hundred and seventy, in the seventh district of originally Coweta county, but now Campbell county, as the property of Tryon Patterson. Property pointed out by G. W. Tarrance. Levied on to satisfy a fi fa in favor of G. W. Tarrance against Tryon Patterson and J. R. Dorsett issuing from the Justice Court of the 1124th District, G. M. of Campbell county, Georgia. The above levy made by a Constable and turned over to me. This February 28th, 1874.

WILLIAM THOMPSON,
Deputy Sheriff.

mar1—w4ds

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES—Northern District of Georgia, in Bankruptcy, in the matter of Abner Partee, Bankrupt—No. 613.

All persons interested are notified to show cause, if any they have, before Register Foster at his office, at Madison, Georgia, on the 17th day of March, 1874, 10 o'clock A. M., why said Bankrupt should not be discharged from all his debts.

The second and third meetings of creditors will be held at the same time and place.

feb28-1t A. E. BUCK, Clerk.

CANCERS CURED!

PROFESSOR KLINE

AND

Dr. T. E. COLLIER

ARE making most wonderful cures of CANCERS, TUMORS, SCROFULOUS SWELLINGS, FEVER SORES, EXCRESCENCES and MORBID GROWTHS of every character and description by their great Cancer antidotes, that speedily remove and cure the largest of Cancers and Tumors without the knife or caustic medicine, and without the loss of blood or debility of the system, and with but little pain.

Having arranged with Prof. Kline the establishment of a branch Infirmary in the South, we have selected the beautiful little village of DECATUR, GA., as the place of location. DR. A. L. BARRY has been engaged as associate Physician and Surgeon in the Infirmary. Having provided for the reception and accommodation of those who may desire our medical services. We could present many names and certificates of living witnesses who have been cured of that loathsome disease, Cancers, Tumors, etc., but will withhold them for the present. For information and particulars, address DR. T. E. COLLIER, Decatur, Ga., or DR. A. L. BARRY, Atlanta, Ga., care of Moore & Marsh, Atlanta, Ga. feb28-suntf

MRS. OVERBY

HAS REMOVED her Boarding House to

Marietta Street,

Two doors West of the Capitol.

TRANSIENT AND REGULAR CUSTOM SOLICITED

TERMS MODERATE.

The Building is new and elegant, furniture, modern improvements, and appointments in general, complete. feb28-d1w

Stockholders G. W. R. R. Co.

BY a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Georgia Western Railroad Company, it was this day ordered that

THIRTY-NINE PER CENT.

The uncalled balance of stock subscription, be collected from the Stockholders, on or by the 5th day of March next, payable at the Company's office.

W. P. ORME,
Secretary.

feb28 dtd

Dr. W. W. DURHAM

HAS removed his office from Austell's Building to the room in the North End, second story, of

POWELL'S BLOCK,

At the junction of Peachtree and Broad streets.

feb28-d2w

Fashionable Dress-Making.

Mrs. S. E. Swift

No. 20 COOPER STREET.

MRS. SWIFT respectfully solicits a share of the custom of the ladies of Atlanta. She is confident, from long experience, that she can give perfect satisfaction.

The best home and foreign fashion Magazines, and a complete variety of patterns of the latest styles always on hand.

☞ The best references given. feb28-d1w

Reading Notices.

For Throat Diseases and affections of the chest, "Brown's Bronchial Troches," are of value. For Coughs, Irritation of the Throat caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs, in speaking in public or singing, they produce beneficial results.

feb-28d3t-Tues-Thurs&Sat

CURES, AS IF BY MAGIC,
Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Hoarseness,
Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup,
Pleurisy, Pain and Soreness
In Breast, Difficulty of
Breathing,
And will Positively Cure

CONSUMPTION.

Majestic in conscious power, this Imperial Remedy sweeps as relentless doom, upon the enemies of the Throat and Lungs.

Heaven born it is, while omnipotent to relieve, simple and harmless. Delicious to take. The Earthly Savior to all afflicted with any disease of the Lungs. Be wise and use Globe Flower Syrup. Don't take any substitute. Thousands of living, grave-robbed witnesses proclaim the wonderful virtues of Globe Flower Syrup.

For sale by all first-class druggists and chemists.

Price, $1 per bottle.

DR. J. S. PEMBERTON, Proprietor,
Atlanta, Georgia.

nov23—mar30—jan16—deod1y

WHY WILL YE DIE?—Death, or what is worse, is the inevitable result of continued suspension of the menstrual flow. It is a condition which should not be trifled with. Immediate relief is the only safeguard against constitutional ruin. In all cases of suppression, suspension or other irregularity of the "courses," Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator is the only sure remedy. It acts by giving tone to the nervous centres, improving the blood and determining directly to the organs of menstruation. It is a legitimate prescription, and the most intelligent Doctors use it. Prepared by J. H. Bradfield, druggist, Atlanta, Ga. $1 50 per bottle, and sold by respectable druggists everywhere.

TUSKEGEE, ALA.

MR. L. H. BRADFIELD—Sir: Please forward us, immediately, another supply of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR. We find it to be all that is claimed for it, and we have witnessed the most decided and happy effects produced by it. Very respectfully,

HUNTER & ALEXANDER.

I could add a thousand other certificates, but I consider the above amply sufficient proof of its virtue. All I ask is a trial.

J. BRADFIELD, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by all the druggists in Atlanta.

mar30-eod1yr

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 Bond Street, New York.

oct—1ly

Dr. W. M. Marvin.

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity that he has opened a Dispensary in Austell Block, where patients can get reliable treatment for all diseases. Particular attention paid to all diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Catarrh. The above diseases treated by inhalation.

The Doctor treats all diseases of long standing, such as Eruptions, Gravel, Paralysis, Loss of Voice, Wakefulness, Fever Sores, Rheumatism, Goitre, Neuralgia, Tumors, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dropsy, Biliousness, Diseases of the Kidneys, Erysipelas, Nervous Depression, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, all Diseases peculiar to Women, all Private Diseases, Heart Disease, Swollen Joints, Coughs; Gout, White Swelling, St. Vitus' Dance, etc.

Electricity applied in cases where it is required. The Doctor is permanently located, and persons who have been under the treatment of other physicians and have not been cured, are invited to call, as I treat all curable diseases, and cures guaranteed, or no pay. Call and see the Doctor without delay. His charges are moderate, and consultation free. Dispensary and consultation room No. 20 Decatur street. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

feb19-d&w1y

TEXAS
LAND AGENCY.

HAVING spent part of the last three years in Texas, and having been repeatedly solicited by parties owning and controlling large tracts of land in that State, I have determined, after thoroughly investigating the whole subject matter, to open a LAND AGENCY at some eligible point in the

LONE STAR STATE

at an early date. With seven years' experience in the REAL ESTATE BUSINESS in all of its details in Georgia, the business will not be new. Parties owning or controlling lands in Texas can for the present address me at Rome, Ga. My partner and myself propose to give our attention exclusively to the business in all of its details. Bring and conduct suits of ejectment, re-establish titles, sell and convey lands and pay taxes. Best of references given. Correspondence earnestly solicited. Address JOHN T. BURNS & CO., Rome, Ga.

feb7-dtf JOHN T. BURNS.

Mrs. H. E. GARVIN,

— OF —

NEW YORK.

WOULD announce to the ladies of Atlanta, that she will open a

Fashionable Dress-Making Establishment at No. 150 Whitehall St.,

ATLANTA.

Where will always be found the latest and most stylish patterns for Ladies' and Misses' suits and dresses.

Cutting and Fitting elegantly and satisfactorily done. Evening, carriage and walking dresses and suits made at short notice.

BRIDAL TROUSSEAU a specialty. All orders promptly executed.

REFERENCES—Lowe, Douglas & Dallas, Atlanta; Mme. Demorest, Mme. Reid, New York.

Respectfully, MRS. H. E. GARVIN.
Rooms Crawford House, 150 Whitehall St., Atlanta.

feb26-d1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AGENTS WANTED—$5 to $10 made daily. Samples mailed free. N. H. WHITE, Newark, N.J. 4w

---

$78 A WEEK TO AGENTS.—Fastest selling articles out. Three valuable samples for ten cents.

J. BRIDE,
767 Broadway, New York.

"PSYCHOMANCY, or SOUL-CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love & affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail for 25c, together with a marriage guide, Egyptian oracle Dreams, Hints to Ladies, Wedding-Night Shirt, &c. A queer Book. Address T. WILLIAM & Co. Pubs. Phila. 4w

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An ACCIDENTAL CURE

When death was hourly expected from CONSUMPTION, all remedies having failed, and Dr. H. James was experimenting, he accidentally made a preparation of INDIAN HEMP, which cured his only child, and now gives this receipt free, on receipt of two stamps to pay expenses. HEMP also cures night-sweats, nausea at the stomach, & will break a fresh cold in 24 hours. Address *Craddock & Co., 1032 Race St., Phila., naming this paper.* 4w

---

Rupture Trusses SEELEY'S HARD RUBBER TRUSSES Relief, Comfort and Cure for Hernia or Rupture. Fine steel Spring coated with hard rubber, highly polished. Free from all sour, rusty, chafing, strapping or girthing unpleasantness. Cool, cleanly, light, safe and durable. Unaffected by bathing. Always reliable. Every desirable pattern, including the New Hard Rubber Elastic Night Truss. Sent by Mail or Express. Sold by all dealers. Send for Illustrated Catalogues. Establishment 1357 Chesnut street, Phila., and 737 Broadway New York. Beware of japanned imitations.

WE WANT 1,000 FIRST CLASS
Book Agents

at once, to sell two of the most popular works ever published.

U. S. BONDS of prison life at ware, by Rev. I. ndy

AND

Marshall's Life of
Gen. Robert E. Lee.

☞ Send for circulars at once.

TURNBULL BROTHERS,
4w BALTIMORE, MD.

:For
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,
AND ALL THROAT DISEASES,
Use
WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS,
PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.
A Tried and Sure Remedy. Sold by Druggists.

"EDEOGRAPHY," A new book on the art of Writing by Sound: a complete system of Phonetic Short-Hand the shortest, most simple, easy and comprehensive, enabling any one in a short time to report trials, speeches, sermons, &c. The Lord's Prayer is written with 49 strokes of the pen, and 140 words per minute. The unemployed should learn this art. Price by mail 50 cents. Agents wanted. Address T. W. EVANS & CO., 139 S. 7th St., Phila., Pa. 4w

---

Great Reduction in the Price of

FRUIT TREES.

Apple Trees grafted 2 and 3 years old, $10 per 100.
Peach Trees grafted 1 year, 4 to 5 ft. high, $10 per 100.

Sent to any part of the State, per express, C. O. D.
4w Address, W. K. NELSON,
Proprietor of the Georgia Nursery, Augusta, Ga.

THE HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES OF EUROPE say the strongest Tonic, Purifier and Deobstruent known to the medical world is

JURUBEBA.

It arrests decay of vital forces, exhaustion of the nervous system, restores vigor to the debilitated, cleanses vitiated blood, removes vesicle obstructions and acts directly on the Liver and Spleen. Price $1 a bottle. JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt st., N. Y.

RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA
FACTS SWORN TO

DR. J. P. FITLER.—Being sworn, says, I graduated at the University of Penn'a in 1833, and after 30 years' experience, perfected **Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup.** I guarantee it an infallible cure for Nerve, Kidney and Rheumatic diseases. Sworn to, this 26th April, 1871.

F. A. OSBOURN, *Notary Public, Phila.*

We Clergymen were Cured by it, and will satisfy any one writing us. Rev. Thos. Murphy, D.D., Frankford, Phila. Rev. C. H. Ewing, Media, Pa. Rev. J. S. Buchanan, Clarence, Iowa. Rev. G. G. Smith, Pittsford, N. Y. Rev. Jos. Beggs, Falls Church, Phila., &c. Afflicted should write Dr. Fitler, Phila., for explanatory Pamphlet & guarantee, gratis. $50 Reward for an incurable case. No cure no charge, a reality. Sold by druggists.

DR. PIERCE'S
ALT. EXT. OR GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

cures all **Humors** from the worst **Scrofula** to a common **Blotch or Pimple.** From two to six bottles are warranted to cure **Salt Rheum or Tetter, Pimples on Face, Boils, Carbuncles, Erysipelas** and **Liver Complaint.** Six to twelve bottles, warranted to cure the worst **Scrofulous Swellings** and **Sores Pains in Bones** and **Sore Throat** caused by **Poison in Blood** or mercurial treatment. By its wonderful **Pectoral** properties it will cure the most severe recent or the worst lingering **Cough** in half the time required by any other medicine and is perfectly safe, loosening cough, soothing irritation, and relieving soreness. Sold by all Druggists. **R. V. PIERCE, M. D., World's Dispensary,** Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. TUTTS VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS.

THE BEST ADVICE

that can be given to persons suffering from dyspepsia bilious complaint, colic, consumption, sick headache, fever and ague, nervous debility, or of any disorder affecting the stomach, the liver or kidneys, is to tone, cleanse, and regulate these important organs by the use of

DR. TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS.

They act very mildly, yet thoroughly restores the functional action of the digestive organs and the intestines and renovates the whole system. They produce neither nausea, griping or weakness and may be taken at any time without change of diet or occupation. Price 25c a box. Sold by all druggists.

Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye

possesses qualities that no other dye does. Its effect is instantaneous, and so natural that it cannot be detected by the closest observer. It is harmless and easily applied, and is in general use among the fashionable hair dressers in every large city in the United States. Price $1 a box. Sold everywhere.

DR. TUTTS EXPECTORANT.

A distinguished Clergyman of New York, speaking of this remedy characterizes it as "one of the special blessings of the nineteenth century." The certainty of its healing effect, said he, and the immunity from danger, whether administered to children or adults, adapt it for the widely popular use it has attained." None would long suffer from lung complaint if they knew how easily they can be cured by this remedy. By its timely use all pulmonary diseases may be arrested and consumption—the scourge that sweeps away thousands every year—would be checked in its beginning. Persons with a seated cough, which breaks their rest at night, will find by taking the Expectorant on going to bed they will enjoy unbroken sleep and refreshing rest. Having a very pleasant taste, it is easily administered to children. Sold by all druggists. Laboratory 48 and 50 Cortlandt street New York.

febl-deod&w1y

N. Y. Safety Steam Power Co.,

30 CORTLANDT ST., NEW YORK.

Superior Steam Engines and Boilers, by special machinery and duplication of parts. They are safe, Economical, Easily Managed and not liable to derangement. Their Combined Engine and Boiler is peculiarly adapted to all purposes requiring small power. More than 400 engines, from 2 to 100 horse-power, in use. Send for illustrated circular.

dec19-d3w

ADAIR & BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Wholesale Dealers in Grain, Hay, Flour, Provisions, Feathers etc.
Next Door to Corner Alabama & Forsyth Sts., Atlanta, Ga.

2,000 TONS SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO.
1,000 TONS PATAPSCO GUANO.
1,000 TONS CHESAPEAKE GUANO.
1,000 TONS ZELL'S BONE SUPERPHOSPHATE.

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING THE ABOVE STANDARD GUANOS THAT ARE TOO WELL KNOWN in Georgia to need any commendation from us, we have the exclusive agencies in Middle and Northern Georgia for these Guanos, and are now prepared to offer to the planter upon reasonable terms. Will give the option, on all of them, to pay cotton at 15c. per lb. Respectfully, ADAIR & BROTHERS.

jan24-dtf

"FEED YOUR LAND AND IT WILL FEED YOU."

THE attention of Factors, Planters and Dealers in Fertilizers, is respectfully invited by the undersigned to the fact that their Factory at Charleston, S. C., is in full operation manufacturing their well known Standard Fertilizers, the

"Phospho-Peruvian" and "Ammoniated Soluble Pacific" Guanos,

At Greatly Reduced Prices. These Fertilizers are rich compounds of the highest grades of Bone Phosphates (selected from their Ashepoo Mines) rendered soluble and ammoniated with No. 1 Peruvian Guano and Animal Matter, making the most concentrated and profitable fertilizer in use, particularly adapted to the Southern climate and soil and combining, as near as possible, the ingredients requisite to produce the Cotton Plant and Cereals. Cash and Time Prices at Charleston:

			CASH.	For approved Acceptance, due Nov. 1.
Phospho Peruvian Guano	Per ton of 2,000 lbs.		$58 00	$68 00
Ammoniated Soluble Pacific Guano	do.	do.	48 00	53 00
Sardy's Dissolved Bone Phosphate	do.	do.	33 00	38 00
Pure South Carolina Phosphate, finely ground	do.	do	18 00	

☞ Cartage One Dollar per Ton, and Freight will be added, to be paid in Cash, on delivery.
A Liberal Discount to Dealers and Grangers.

JOHN B. SARDY & SON, Charleston, S. C.

To cash buyers I will allow a liberal discount from the above prices for PHOSPHO-PERUVIAN GUANO, and SOLUBLE PACIFIC, and our DISSOLVED BONE PHOSPHATE.

On time, planter's paper, with approved security, will be accepted. Atlanta prices same as Charleston—actual expenses added. Address for circulars, etc.,

A. K. SEAGO,
Wholesale Merchant, Atlanta, Ga., agent for
JOHN B. SARDY & SON, Charleston, S C.

feb13d:f

NO COMPETITION PERMITTED

—o—

1854 **G. W. JACK,** 1873

STEAM

Candy and Cracker
MANUFACTORY,

THE CHEAPEST AND MOST COMPLETE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE KIND IN THE SOUTH.

CANNED VEGETABLES.

CANNED OYSTERS, POTTED MEATS, CANNED FRUITS, BASKETS, TOYS, TRUNKS, CRACKERS, CANDIES, IN ANY QUANTITY

Western and Northern Orders Duplicated.

sep25-d

HEADQUARTERS

—FOR—

Seed Potatoes and Fruit.

I have just received 340 barrels Selected Eastern Seed Potatoes, all the early varieties. Warranted equal to Landreth's or any other seed man's in the country, or they can be returned at my expense. Western seed I do not deal in. Also, to hand this day

TEN THOUSAND COCOANUTS.
140 BARRELS APPLES,
TWENTY BARRELS RED ONIONS,

Bananas, Lemons, Oranges, Pea Nuts, White Lady Peas and Navy Beans. Sour Krout in barrels and half barrels. All will be sold low for cash.

No Goods at Retail.

jan28-dtf

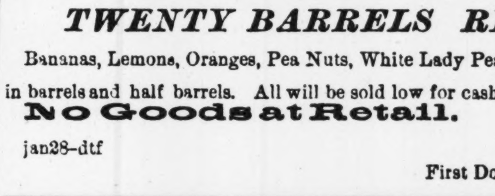
W. F. STOKES,
17 Alabama street.
First Door Below Atlanta National Bank

LEYDEN'S
AMMONIATED SOLUBLE GUANO,

Price Free on Board Cars, at Charleston or Savannah,

$54 Cash, $60 on Time, or Cotton Taken at 15 Cents,

Freight to Atlanta $4 80.



MANUFACTURED
—BY—
MESSRS.
WALTON,
WHANN,
& CO.

IN ORDER TO HAVE A UNIFORM AND RELIABLE GUANO, I HAVE MADE ARRANGEMENTS WITH Messrs. Walton, Whann & Co. to manufacture exclusively for me the above Guano, they guaranteeing it to be a first class Guano in every respect, I also giving the same guarantee. It will be sold for cash, on time, or for the cotton option. Orders received at my warehouse on Bartow street, or office on Alabama St

W. M. WILLIAMS. A. LEYDEN,

☞ Responsible, active local agents wanted. Ware House and Commission Merchant.

jan18-tf

D. F. FLEMING & CO,

WHOLESALE DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF

Boots and Shoes

WE ARE now receiving a large and well selected stock of **BOOTS AND SHOES,** comprising every variety, which are offered for sale at the LOWEST MARKET PRICES. All goods with our Brand are warranted.

D. F. FLEMING & CO.,

No. 2 Hayne St., corner of Church St., Charleston, S. C.

feb26—eod1m

1874.

AT MARK W. JOHNSON'S

Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

GARDEN SEEDS.

LANDRETH'S NEW CROP GARDEN SEEDS just arrived in immense supply at wholesale and retail, for Cash only.

POTATOES.

350 barrels Early Rose, Early Goodrich, White Peach Blow and Peerless Potatoes, for early planting.

PLOWS.

500 Starr's Dixie, Nashville Dixie, Brinley's Celebrated Cast and Steel, and Avryl Plows.

FARM WAGONS.

20 Studebaker Wagons.

FERTILIZERS.

My stock of Fertilizers is now arriving, and I invite the attention of the planting community to the same, and will be pleased to have early orders as the supply of these well-tried and Choice Brands is limited.

500 tons Etiwan Dissolved Bone for composting.
500 tons Etiwan Guano.
500 tons English Stonewall Guano, direct importation.
500 tons Sea Fowl Guano.
500 tons Russell Coe's Ammoniated Superphosphate.
500 tons John Merryman & Co.'s Ammoniated Dissolved Bones.
500 tons Wilson's Superphosphate.
500 tons Sternfel's Original Superphosphate.
500 tons Dugdale's Cotton States Superphosphate.
250 tons E. Frank Coe's Phosphate.
250 tons Reynolds & Son's Crescendo Superphosphate.
500 tons Nova Scotia Land Plaster.
100 tons Virginia Land Plaster.
500 tons Flour of Raw Bone.
25 tons Sulphate of Ammonia.
25 tons Nitrate of Soda.
25 tons Muriate of Potash.
50 tons Kainit.
100 tons Holt's Home Made Fertilizer.

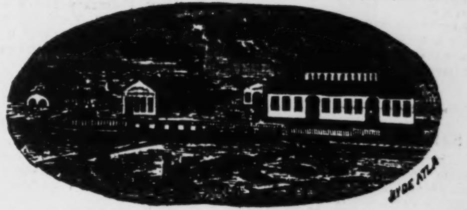
10,000 bushels Clover, Orchard Grass, Blue, Herd's, Timothy and other Seeds. Seed Oats, etc. Send for circulars. Cash customers shall have prompt attention.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
jan3-d&wtf Corner Alabama and Forsyth streets, Atlanta, Georgia.

CHATTANOOGA FOUNDRY & MACHINE WORKS

—:o:—

WEBSTER & MARKS.



The Largest & Best Appointed Shops South of the Ohio

—:o:—

DAILY CAPACITY OF FOUNDRY, 15 TON. MANUFACTURERS OF STATIONARY AND PORTABLE Engines, Narrow Guage Locomotives, Upright and Horizontal Blowing Engines of the most approved construction, with the entire equipment of Blast Furnaces, Mining Machinery, Cornish Mining Pumps, Mill Machinery for Steam and Water, and Castings for railroads.

Agents for Earl's steam Pumps, Brooks' Cotton Presses.

A SPECIALTY MADE OF

Heavy Castings, Architectural Iron Works, and all Castings for Gas and Water Works.

We would particularly call the attention of capitalists, intending to erect furnaces, as we are prepared to make proposals for entire equipment of same at Eastern rates.

jan **ALL WORK GUARANTEED**

Seed, Trees, Plants and Shrubbery.

E. VanGOIDTSNOVEN, Horticultural Agent.

BEGS TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE TRADE AND PUBLIC to his well assorted stock of Garden, Field and Flower Seeds, selected especially for the Spring Trade of 1874 comprising all varieties suited to the Southern climate. These seeds are warranted fresh and genuine. The increased demand for my seeds has obliged me to greatly enlarge my facilities for supplying this section, and I now present you a stock, which, in quality, cannot be surpassed, and in price will compare favorably with any other house.

I am prepared to furnish, in large quantities, at special rates, Early Rose and Goodrich Potatoes, warranted to be of Eastern growth, Grass Seeds of every description, Onion Sets, etc. I also offer for sale at my Nursery and Greenhouse, corner of Whitehall and Garnett streets, near the new Trinity Church, a large variety of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Vines, Currant, Strawberry and Raspberry Plants, &c., the choicest collection of Camellias and Ever Blooming Roses in this country, Verbenas, Geraniums, Fuchsias, Hiliotropes, Perunias, etc.

An experience of fourteen years in Horticultural pursuits in this city enables me to fill all the requirements of the trade.

Send for price list. I wish your trade and will do all in my power to preserve and retain it.

E. VanGOIDTSNOVEN, Post-office Box 374. Seed Store at the Capitol.

☞ Green House and Nursery Grounds, corner Whitehall and Garnett streets, near the new Trinity Church.

feb22-dtf

Atlantic Coast Line Passenger Route

REORGANIZED FOR THE SUMMER OF 1873.

DAILY ALL RAIL CONNECTION

—VIA—

AUGUSTA, WILMINGTON, RICHMOND,

AND AN ADDITIONAL DAILY CONNECTION VIA

Augusta, Wilmington and Portsmouth,

—AND THE—

MAGNIFICENT BAY LINE STEAMERS,

CLOSE CONNECTION, WITH WHICH, IS MADE AT PORTSMOUTH, VIRGINIA.

The equipment of the Roads of this line is First-Class.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars Are Upon All Night Trains

DOUBLE Daily Schedules are operated upon the entire route, from New Orleans and all terminal points in Alabama and Georgia.

By taking morning train out of Savannah, Macon and Atlanta, passengers connect with the 5:50 P. M. train out of Augusta, and can choose between all the connections via Richmond or the route up Chesapeake Bay, having, in the latter case,

But One Night Railway Travel.

NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN AUGUSTA AND WILMINGTON

Elegant Palace Day and Sleeping Cars run through without change from Weldon to Baltimore.

Through Tickets to all prominent points on sale by both routs at all terminal points South. Also, full line of Virginia Springs and Excursion Tickets to Attractive Summer Resorts.

Through Tickets to Cincinnati and all principle points West via Richmond and Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad.

Buy Your Tickets via Wilmington, and be sure They Read that Way.

And be assured you will make close connections—this being the most certain and reliable route.

Remember that this is the Only Route
that Gives the Bay Line Connection.

For Time Schedules, Price Lists, and all information, apply to the following named agents of the line:

C. I. TROWBRIDGE,
Southern Passenger Agent.

F. W. CLARK,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

H. M. COTTINGHAM,
General Western Agent, Atlanta.

A. POPE,
G. F. & T. A. Wilmington, N. C.

may3-d6m

[From "The South," New York.]

The South—Her Duty and Her Destiny.

For nearly fifteen years the South—a country endowed with natural capabilities unsurpassed by any other in the world, has rested beneath a cloud. For the first four years, she was desolated by a terrible war, which was followed for bitter years by an unquiet peace. But her glorious land is left her. Tears and regrets are unavailing, and despondency is unbecoming a people whose valor is historic. A great work is to be done, and it must be begun soon, or the generation which has beheld the country in her sorrows, will pass away without beholding her glory.

The crisis in her history is past; but her people have not reached the fruition of their sufferings. They possess a fair and a goodly heritage; but it is practically a desolation. What is a paradise without a bird!

Where there are tens there should be thousands, and where there are thousands there should be millions of prosperous and happy people. The grass must grow, the grains must spring up, the vine must be planted, the cotton must bloom, the mines must give up their treasures, the forests must bow down, and the joyful noise of the artisan must be heard in all the land.

All this is the fruit of work, and work is the result of will. Resolve and transformation is begun; abide and it is accomplished. Do not wait to discuss results. Causes are first in order. The torrent does not debate its passage, but, arraying its forces, makes its pathway through the mountain.

With an admiration for our noble country, exceeded only by our love for her people, we invoke you to forget the past, and from this hour to arise and build up her waste places. A radiant future awaits you. You hold the seat of an empire which, in the future years, shall surpass the wealth and splendor of oriental story. Begin the great work, and you shall soon see the dawn of a millennium for our beauteous and cherished land, which your sacrifices in her behalf shall fit you to enjoy.

McBRIDE & CO.,

Corner Pryor and Line Streets,

Offer the largest and cheapest stock China, Glassware, Silver-plated ware, Fine Table Cutlery, Chandeliers, Toilet Sets, Wares and general Housekeepers articles ever brought to the State.

Go to their Store and you will be convinced.

feb8–sun&wedtf

GENUINE

Peruvian Guano

FARMERS, Agriculturists and Dealers in Fertilizers have now an opportunity of obtaining this valuable manure in small or large lots, at importer's prices, by applying to the special agency just established for the purpose of delivering Genuine Peruvian Guano to consumers at any accessible port or railway station in the country. Full particulars given in the circular mailed free on application to

R. BALCAZAR,
No. 53 Beaver St., New York

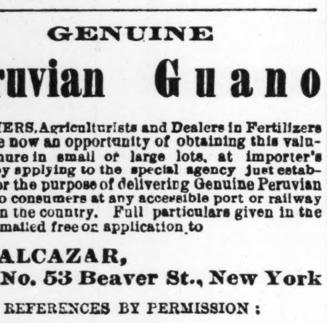
REFERENCES BY PERMISSION;

Messrs. Hobson, Hurtado & Co., Financial Agents of the Peruvian Government, 52 Wall st., N. Y.
Moses Taylor, Pres. Nat. City Bank, 52 Wall st., N.Y.
J.C. Tracy, Esq., Peruvian Consul, 26½ Broadway, N.Y.
feb17–d2w–w2m

Bretts and Phaetons.

CAN always be supplied to fill special orders, when not on hand, at

jan31–d1m WOODRUFF & JOHNSON'S.



Dr. Calhoun's Liver Pills.

I AM engaged in the Manufacture of the Celebrated Family Medicine, known as the Calhoun Liver and Anti-Bilious Pills, under the supervision and assistance of Dr. Calhoun himself. This Pill has been in use for the last thirty-five years, and has taken precedence over all other Family Preparations, by all that have used them. Thousands would certify to their great value if necessary. One fact should supersede any amount of certificates, and that fact is this: Dr. Calhoun has been physician to the Fulton County Prison for over seven years, when the number of prisoners ranged from 20 to 70, laboring under all the diseases incident to this climate. With but few exceptions, they have all been treated with this Pill, and astonishing to say, during that long period not a solitary death occurred under his treatment. This fact is worth any amount of testimonials.

I am now prepared to fill orders from Druggists, Merchants and others. All orders sent me shall receive prompt attention. There is no type of FEVER, DYSPESIA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, RHEUMATISM, CHOLERA, MORBUS, BILLIOUSNESS and SICK HEADACHE, or other diseases of a Southern climate, but yields readily to this preparation.

For sale by all druggists.
Price 50 cents a Box.
None genuine unless it bears the signature of N. C. Williams and picture of Dr. Calhoun.

Address N. C. WILLIAMS,
Post-office Box 240, Atlanta, Ga.
Manufactory No. 118, corner Washington and Peters streets, Atlanta, Ga. may14—dtf

---

Madame Montago.

THE Celebrated European Clairvoyant, has arrived in this city, and will raise the Veil and exhibit to Mortal Eyes, all mysteries of the Past, Present and Future. The Madame uses her influence upon friends Thousands of Miles Abroad. Also, tells fortunes by cards, and gives luck to all that calls on her.

Spiritual communication for ladies specially from 4 to 5. One dollar admittance,

TERMS:

Consultation $1. Clairvoyant Business Test, etc. $3
No. 43½ Whitehall street.
jan21—deod1m

TO THE PEOPLE OF GEORGIA.

YOU will do well to call on the undersigned, and purchase your clothing when you come to New York.

R. S. SPALDING,
feb15–d2w With James Wilde, Jr., & Co.

To Printers.

WE WILL SELL A COMPLETE OUTFIT FOR country printing office at very low figures. A good outfit for a job office, also, included.
oct15–tf W. A. HEMPHILL & CO

MADISON SQUARE HOUSE,

Broadway and Twenty-First Street,

New York,

S. E. CRITTENDEN, PROPRIETOR,

(Late Proprietor of the Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.)

Transient Board Four Dollars per Day.

Special Arrangements made for Board with Families from the South who wish to spend a few weeks in the city.

This Hotel is located in the most central part of the city. Several lines of street cars and stages continually passing the door, makes it desirable for parties business or pleasure.

Proprietor [illegible] irons of making this Hotel quarters [illegible] their friends.
o4–dtf

OPELIKA HOUSE,

B. Y. COOPER, Proprietor.

AT THE RAILROAD DEPOT,

And Conveniently Located near the Business Portion of the city.

OPELIKA, ALABAMA.

feb10–dtf

A GOOD

FAMILY HORSE FOR SALE,

BY

Mrs. D. C. O'KEEFE.

feb15–sunday&tuesday–tf

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned until Saturday, March 14, 1874, at 12 m for

Building a Granite Jail

In Covington, Newton county. The plan and specifications can be seen in the office of the Ordinary of Newton county. Contractors will be required to furnish all materials for building said jail, and give bond and security for the completion of the contract by the 1st September next, and to pay a reasonable compensation for an architect to superintend the construction. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids, but will assign the contract to the lowest responsible bidder, if satisfactory.

feb24—d3w J. W. B. SUMMERS, Ordinary.

W. B. HUDSON, of Louisville, Ky. J. W. HIGHTOWER of Griffin.

HUDSON & HIGHTOWER,

Livery, Sale and Feed Stable.

—:o:—

EXTRA ACCOMMODATIONS.

Good Shed Lots for Drovers.

All kinds of Vehicles to hire at reasonable prices.

Near the Passenger Depot,

Griffin, Georgia.

june15–dtf

BROOKLYN

LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF NEW YORK.

RELIABLE, ECONOMICAL, EQUITABLE

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA, Local Agent.
J. D. McCONNELL, Special Soliciting Agent.
WM. H. FINCH, Superintendent Southern Agencies.

THE BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA, corner Pryor and Decatur sts, M. Coker, President: W. W. Bell, Cashier; has this day been appointed Local Agent of this Company, with J. D. McConnell, Esq., as special solicitor. Persons desiring insurance will consult their interest by examining the plans of this first class institution before insuring elsewhere.

W. H. FINCH,
feb18–d3t Supt. Southern States.

Collection of Notes and Past Due Claims a Specialty.

Walter R. Brown,

Attorney at Law

Room No. 4, Second Floor, Railroad Block, Corner of Peachtree and Wall streets, near R R. Crossing.

ATLANTA, GA.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

Maj. Campbell Wallace, President State National Bank, Atlanta.
Edward H. Furber & Co., Boston.
Inman, Swann & Co., New York.

☞ The name of a reliable attorney in any town or city throughout the Southern States furnished business men upon application. feb15–d6t

---

LAWRENCE A. LEONARD & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

OILS—LABRADOR COD, STRAITS, BANK, NEATSFOOT, SPERM WHALE AND LUBRICATING,
122 and 124 Fulton street, Boston, Mass.
C. W. CUTTING, Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
feb14–1m

Dr. W. F. DeWITT,

OFFICE—Broad and Marietta Sts., over Taylor & Jones' Drug Store.

RESIDENCE—No. 89 Loyd Street.

feb15–d6t

Gainesville and Dahloneg HACK LINE.

LEAVES Gainesville immediately on the arrival of the up passenger train, every day, and arrives at Dahlonega at 6 o'clock P. M.

Leaves Dahlonega every day, and connects with the down afternoon's passenger train.

Good Hacks and careful drivers will always be found at Dahlonega to convey passengers to PORTER'S SPRINGS or other points, upon reasonble terms.

an g31—dtf

Wanted to Rent.

A COTTAGE of five or six rooms in a good neighborhood. Will make a permanent tenant.

Address, P. O. BOX 381.

eb5–dtf

GIFT ENTERPRISE

THE ONLY RELIABLE GIFT DISTRIBUTION IN THE COUNTRY.

$100,000

IN VALUABLE GIFTS!

TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN

L. D. SINE'S

FORTY-THIRD SEMI-ANNUAL

Gift Enterprise!

TO BE DRAWN

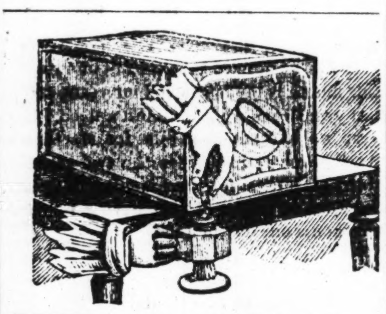
Monday, March 30th. 1874.

One Grand Capital Prize, 10,000 Gold
One Prize $5,000 in silver
FIVE PRIZES $1,000 EACH IN GREENBACKS!
Five Prizes $500 Each in Greenbacks!
Ten Prizes $100 Each in Greenbacks

Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses, with Silver mounted harness, worth $1,500 each.
Two Buggies, Horses, etc, worth $600 each.
TWO FINE TONED ROSEWOOD PIANOS, Worth $550 each.
Ten Family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each.
1,500 *Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!*
Gold Chains, Silverware, Jewelry, etc., etc.
Number of Gifts 10,000! Tickets limited to 50,000.
AGENTS WANTED TO SELL TICKETS, to whom liberal premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10; Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-five $40.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to MAIN OFFICE, L. D. SINE, Box 86. 101 W. Fifth St., Cincinnati, O.

feb15–c5w



DEVOE'S LOCAL BRILLIANT OIL.

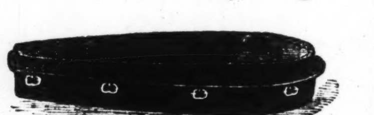
A very high test oil, in the use of which no accident is possible.

PURE, INODOROUS AND THE BEST ILLUMINATOR in the WORLD.

EVERY FAMILY SHOULD USE IT.

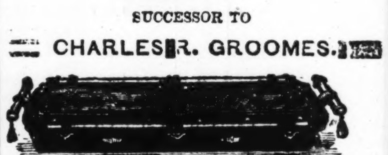
Can be burned in the ordinary Kerosene Lamps.
PUT UP IN PATENT FAUCET NOZZLE CANS,
From which the Oil may be drawn without loss of Oil or without lifting the can. By the
DEVOE MANUFACTURING CO
feb6 d1m New Y

C. H. SWIFT, Agent,



SUCCESSOR TO

CHARLES R. GROOMES.



HAS REMOVED FROM HIS OLD STAND, on Alabama street, to No. 47 Loyd street, next door to Jones' Livery and Sale Stables, where he will be found at all hours, day and night, with Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets, Wood Coffins, Burial Robes and everything connected with the Undertaker's Business.

Will fill orders by telegraph.

Refers by permission to Major Campbell Wallace; Messrs W M & R J Lowry; M Mahony, Esq; Chamberlin, Boynton & Co; Tommey, Stewart & Beck; O H Jones & Co. feb8–d1m

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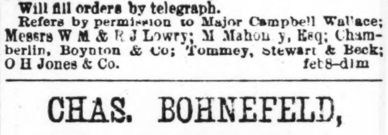
CHAS. BOHNEFELD,



UNDERTAKER

And Dealer in Metallic Burial Cases

CASKETS AND COFFINS.

Of all sizes and descriptions.

Also Agent for TAYLOR'S CORPSE PRESERVER.

Receive orders for carriages at any hour, both day and night. No. 1 DeGive's Opera House, corner Marietta and Forsyth streets. aug 2–d12m

---

DR. W. T. PARK

HAS REMOVED FROM HIS FORMER OFFICE to the rear rooms, ground floor, of the new Drug Store of Dr. Taylor and Jones, corner of Broad and Marietta streets, where he will keep an eclectic and botanic dispensary, and treat all diseases in male and female, at moderate prices. feb20–d3t

---

SOUTHERN MASONIC

FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE spring term of this institution for the year 1874 opens on the 14th inst.

Our teachers are experienced, and there will be a full corps in number.

Music and the fine arts—common in the best female schools—receive special attention here. The most approved physical exercises are had daily, while the rules and regulations of college exclude all undue association.

Covington is forty-one miles from Atlanta, on the Georgia Railroad, and is a most healthy and pleasant location.

Tuition for the scholastic year........$ 60 00
Expenses, including board........ 264 00

For special information send for catalogue.

J. N. BRADSHAW,
President.
Covington, Georgia, January 2, 1874. jan11–tf

DR. A. W. CALHOUN,

OFFICE SECOND STORY,

Old Post-Office Building, corner Broad and Alabama streets.

Entrance on Broad street. feb10–d1m

I MUST HAVE

$20,000 IN CASH

By the 20th of March, and in order to raise that amount, I will sell my stock of

FURNITURE

At Actual Cost.

I mean exactly what I say! I intend to sell. No trouble to show the bills. Call at once and get bargains before the stock is all sold.

Members of the Legislature

who desire to make a nice present to their wives, would do well to call and make a selection.

JAS. L. WATKINS,

88 Whitehall Street.

feb12–dtf

ANALYSIS

—OF—

Chesapeake Guano

FOR

WARFIELD & WAYNE.

SAVANNAH, GA., January 16, 1874.

Moisture determined at 212° Fab			11 91
Organic and volatile matter			35 24
Yielding ammonia		3 23	
Soluble phosphoric acid			5 01
Equivalent to bone phos lime dissoluble		10 94	
Precipitated phosphoric acid			4 83
Equivalent to bone phosphate		9 54	
Available phos acid	9 84		
Available phosphate of lime dissolved	20 45		
Common phos acid			5 80
Equivalent to bone phosphate		12 66	
Total phosphoric acid	15 64		
Total bone phosphate	33 14		
Undetermined elements, as sulphate, acid, lime, magnesia, oxide of iron, alumina, potassa, soda, etc			37 18
			100 00

Signed A. MEANS, Inspector.
Savannah, Chatham county, Ga
S. A. GOLDSCHMIDT, Assistant Chemist.

ANALYSIS OF

Patapsco Guano,

FOR G. W. GRAFFLIN,

Baltimore, Md, February 12, 1874.

Moisture determined at 212 Fah			12 04
Organic and volatile matter			36 24
Yielding ammonia		2 72	
Soluble phosphoric acid			3 23
Equivalent to phosphate lime dissolved		7 05	
Precipitated phosphoric acid			7 62
Equivalent to phos lime precipitated		16 44	
Available phosphoric acid	10 85		
Equivalent to phos lime. available	23 49		
Common phosphoric acid			6 15
Equivalent to bone phosphate		13 42	
Total phosphoric acid	7 00		
Total bone phosphate	36 91		
Undetermined elements, as sulph acid, lime, magnesia, oxide of iron, alumina, potassa, soda, etc			34 72
			100 00

A. MEANS, Inspector,
Savannah, Chatham county, Ga.
S. A. GOLDSCHMIDT, Assistant Chemist.

We call the attention of planters and dealers to the above analysis, made by an eminent Georgia chemist which is about an average analysis of these Guanos, and up to the same standard as heretofore sold by us.

Respectfully,
feb19–d1w ADAIR & BROS.

M HEATH S. A. PORTER

HEATH & PORTER,

Livery and Sale Stables,

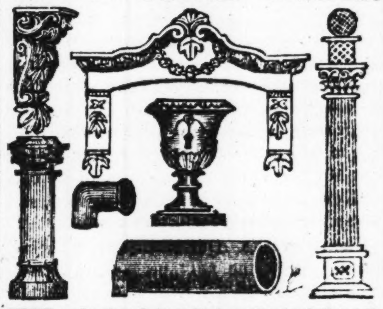
Poplar Street, between Second and Third Sts.,

Macon............Georgia.

Accommodations are ample and complete for the Board of Citizens' and Transient Stock of Traders.
aug23—dtf

SOUTHERN

TERRA COTTA WORKS.



THE undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of Terra Cotta Works, such as Window Caps, Enrichments for Cornice, such as Brackets, Medallion, and everything in the Architectural line. Also, Chimney Tops, Vases, Flower Pots, Statuary, etc., etc. Also Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPE

from 3 inches to 20 inches in diameter. Also, interior decoration, such as

Centre Pieces, Cornice, etc.

We will guarantee all the work that we undertake to execute to give entire satisfaction.
may31—d1y PELLEGRINI & CASTLEBERRY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

☞ Cards of six lines or less, under this head inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

JNO. H. JAMES, Banker, James' Block. Interest allowed by agreement on long deposits. june1–d1y

H. H. CARLTON & CO., REAL ESTATE AGENCY, Athens, Georgia. july23–d6mo

DR. E. S. BILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Offices over Chamberlin & Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Georgia.

L. D. CARPENTER, DENTIST, NO. 47 WHITEHALL street, Atlanta, Ga. june8–d1y

DAN McDUFFIE & BRO., PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL Plasterers. Orders promptly attended to. Office at Simmons & Hunt's store, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. apr15–dtf

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

LAWYERS.

JOSEPH McCONNELL, Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Gordon county, Ga. feb20–1y

H. C. RONEY, Attorney at Law, Thomson, Ga. Will practice in the counties of McDuffie, Warren, Columbia, Richmond, Jefferson, Glasscock and Wilkes.
Special attention given to Collections. feb17–d1y

J. A. ANSLEY. WM. A. BYRD.
ANSLEY & BYRD, Attorneys at Law, Americus, Ga. will practice in the Southwestern & Albany Circuits, the Supreme Court of Georgia, and the United States Courts at Savannah.
Will give prompt and assiduous attention to professional business. feb11–3m

W. T. ONEAL, Attorney at Law, Thomson, Ga. will practice in the Augusta, Middle and Northern Circuits.
Special attention given to collections.
feb17–1y

JOSEPH R. SMITH, Attorney at Law.—Will practice in the State Courts in Atlanta Circuit and in the United States District and Circuit Courts for the Northern District of Georgia.
Office No. 19 Whitehall street, up stairs, room No. 4, Atlanta, Ga. feb1–dtf

MILTON A. CANDLER. WM. S. THOMSON.
CANDLER & THOMSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW 16 and 18 Kimball House, will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them.
feb1–d3m

P. L. MYNATT, Attorney at Law, Atlanta, Georgia. Office in James' Bank Block, Whitehall street, near Railroad Crossing. Room No. 5 upstairs. jan3–d1m

MATT. H. SANDWICH, Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Bankruptcy, Thomaston, Georgia, will practice in the Flint Circuit and in the United States District Courts of Georgia. Office, in Cheney's Building. sep14—d6mo

D. McCONNELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Acworth, Ga. Special attention given to Land Claims and its whereabouts in Cherokee, Ga.
oct25–d3m

HAMILTON YANCEY, Attorney at Law, Rome, Georgia, practices in all the Courts. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care.
dec6—d6m

WM. D. TUTT. PAUL C. HUDSON.
TUTT & HUDSON, Attorneys at Law, Thomson, Georgia, will practice in the courts of McDuffie, Lincoln, Wilkes, Hancock, Warren, Glasscock, Jefferson, Richmond and Columbia Counties.
nov24–d3m

FRANK F. GRAY, Attorney at Law, Atlanta, Georgia, will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.
Office with Gartrell & Stephens, corner Whitehall and Alabama streets. aug27—d1y

E. J. KIKER. J. N. KIKER.
KIKER & SON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, CALHOUN, Georgia, (office over Boaz & Brown's Store), will practice in all the Courts of the Cherokee Circuit; Supreme Court of Georgia, and the United States District Court at Atlanta, Georgia.
sep4— june4—d1v

JASPER N. DORSEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gainesville, Ga. Will practice in the counties of Hall, Forsyth, Dawson, Lumpkin, White, and in the Supreme Court and Federal Courts at Atlanta. Special attention given to bankruptcy cases.
july18–d12m

ANDREW SLOAN, Attorney at Law, Savannah, Georgia, will practice in the Superior Court of Chatham county, and in the United States Courts of the Northern and Southern Districts of Georgia. Special attention to collections and bankrupt matters.
june30–d1y

LOYD & GOODE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Montezuma, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of the Southwestern Circuit and the Supreme Court and Circuit and District Courts of the United States. june10—d1yr

SIMMONS & SIMMONS, Attorneys at Law Thomaston, Georgia. nov10—d12m

JAMES C. BARTON, Attorney and Counsellor Law and Real Estate Agent, Conyers, Ga., will practice in the Superior and Supreme Courts of Georgia. Office first door east of Court House Building Decatur street.
☞ Special attention given to Collections.
apr13—d1v

FRANK S. LOFTIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Franklin, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Carroll, Coweta, Douglass, Fayette, Heard, Merriwether and Troup, and also in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta. may15—d1y

J. A. HUNT, Attorney at Law, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties comprising the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the United States District Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts by special contract. apl27–1y

BICHAT LeSUEUR. WARREN C. WINSLOW.
LeSUEUR & WINSLOW, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Fort Valley, Georgia. Collections in Southwest Georgia a specialty. Real Estate Agents.
july21—d1y

JAS. A. HARLEY, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Sparta, Georgia, will practice in the counties of Hancock, Elbert, Glasscock, Hart, Lincoln, Madison, Oglethorpe, Taliaferro, Warren, Wilkes, Baldwin Greene, Washington and Columbia. apr13–d1y

McDANIEL & WHITFIELD, Attorneys at Law Griffin, Ga. Will practice in Superior Courts of Flint Circuit, in Supreme Court of Georgia, and in United States District Court at Atlanta, and elsewhere by special contract. june7–d1y

S. D. McCONNELL, Attorney at Law, office corner Whitehall and Hunter streets. Practices in all the Courts in Atlanta Circuit. june1–d1y

J. C. FAIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CALHOUN, Ga., will practice in all the Courts of the Cherokee Circuit, Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Court, at Atlanta, Ga. june4–d1y

W. R. RANKIN, Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Georgia. Office—Front room over Boaz & Barrett's Store. may27–d1y

EMORY SPEER, Lawyer, Athens, Georgia.—As Solicitor General, will attend the Courts of Clarke, Jackson, Walton, Gwinnett, Hall, Banks, Franklin, Habersham, White, Rabun, and give attention to collections and other claims.
mar16—d1y

Z. D. HARRISON, Attorney at Law, will practice in the Superior Court of Fulton county, the Supreme Court of Georgia, and the United States District Court, at Atlanta. Office, No. 33, Capitol building. mar. 9–d1y

Business Directory of other Cities.

AUGUSTA, GA.

MYERS & MARCUS, Jobbers of Dry Goods, Notions, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Clothing. 274 Broad street.
J. MYERS. S. MARCUS.

CENTRAL HOTEL—MRS. THOMAS, Proprietress.

GREENE & ROSSIGNOL, Successors to Wm. H. Tutt, Importers and Dealers in Drugs, Chemicals, Essential Oils, Corks, Sponges, and Druggists' Sundries, 264 Broad street.

JOHN W. BESSMAN, Wholesale Dealer in Choice Liquors, and Agent for John Gibson's Son & Co., Philadelphia. 287 Broad street.

W. A. RAMSEY, Agent. The People's Clothier. 266 Broad street.

CHARLESTON, S. C.

BANKS.

BANK OF CHARLESTON, (N. Banking Association,) 18 Broad street.
WM. B. BURDEN, Cashier. A. S. JOHNSON, President.
☞ Capital, $600,000.

DRY GOODS.

EDWIN BATES & CO., 134 Meeting street.
E. W. MARSHALL & CO., 143 Meeting street.
JOHNSTON, CREWS & CO., 41 Hayne street.
JOHN G. MILNOR & CO., 135 Meeting street.

HARDWARE.

HART & CO., 39 Hayne street.
J. E. ADGER & CO., 139 Meeting street.

DRY GOODS AND WHITE GOODS.

JOHN S. FAIRLY & CO., 37 Hayne and Market street.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

D. F. FLEMING & CO., 2 Hayne street.
E. B. STODDARD & CO., 165 Meeting street.
T. M. BRISTOLL & CO., 145 Meeting street.

STOVES, TINWARE, HOLLOW WARE, Etc.

WILLIAM SHEPHERD & CO., 29 Hayne street.
WAGENER, MONSEES & CO., 165 and 167 East Bay and 2 and 4 Queen street.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

DOWIE, MOISE & DAVIS, Importers and Wholesale Druggists, Meeting street, corner Hasel.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS.

C. BART & CO., 55, 57 and 59, Market street.
PAUL WELCH & CO., 215 East Bay.

GROCERIES.

GEO. W. WILLIAMS & CO., 1 and 3 Hayne street.
HENRY BISCHOFF & CO., 197 and 199 East Bay
O. F. WIETERS, 151 East Bay.
STEFFENS, WERNER & DUCKER, 96 East Bay, 28, 30 and 32 Vendue Range.
W. H. CHAFEE & CO., 65 and 207 East Bay.

CLOTHING.

EDWIN BATES & CO., 134 Meeting street.
I. FALK & CO., 203 King street.
JOHN G. MILNER & CO., 135 Meeting street.

DOOR, BLIND AND SASH FACTORY.

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ATLANTA:

SUNDAY, MARCH 1, 1874.

Brevities.

Harvard says "enquire" is right, and Yale says it is "inquire; but a Detroit paper thinks "acquire" is much nearer the thing.

Iowa raised more wheat in 1873 than any other State in the Union. She did the same thing in 1872. In the item of corn she is only second to Illinois.

A San Francisco paper boastfully remarks that nothing will kill alfalfa grass. It is already a foot high in some parts of the city, and by July the San Franciscans will hold picnics in its leafy shades.

A gentleman in Missouri drew all his money out of the Bank during the late panic and put it nobody knows where. Then he died suddenly, and his heirs are wildly prospecting in all sorts of probable and improbable places.

Panama is encouraging industry on the bounty system. A law has been passed offering every planter who proves that he has 500 coffee trees growing, $40 from the treasury, and $100 for every ten quintals of tobacco grown and sold in a foreign market.

Mr. Gladstone's new peers are all men without sons, and so far as Messrs. Fortesque and Cardwell are concerned, their elevation is simply with a view to their convenience and the exigencies of their party in the Lords.

The Cuban insurrection has cost the Spaniards 10 000 to 15,000 soldiers and $40,000,000 per year since the opening of hostilities. In other words, in the last five years Spain has wasted two hundred millions of dollars and lost between fifty thousand and seventy-five thousand troops by bullet and disease.

Mr. Dickens wrote home while he was reading in New York, "Mr. Dolby is always going about with an immense bundle that looks like a sofa cushion, but is in reality paper money. The work is hard, the climate is hard, but, so far, the gain is enormous."

The most appalling case of deafness that we ever came across outside of an asylum was that of an old lady who lives just across the street from the Navy Yard. The other day they fired a salute of twenty-one guns. The old lady was observed to start and listen as the last gun was fired, and then exclaim, "Come in."

The New York Almanack says: "Poor but dishonest young boys fasten wrought nails to the end of strings, and harpoon sweet potatoes and apples from their abiding places in front of the stores. This may be considered sport, but it is the first step on the downward road to Congress."

At the funeral procession of a member of a colored brotherhood in Chicago the other day, a singular feature of the procession was the carrying of the beaver hat of the deceased immediately behind the hearse, crown downward, and held at full length by the bearer.

The Boston Transcript states that persons in the position to know of the matter, state that the loss of interest and dividends, and the shrinkage on railway shares and securities of railroads at the South and West, have occasioned much more personal distress in Boston than was caused by the great fire in that city.

We find the following touching verse in the Baltimore American:

> The train that brought his wife came down,
> And then went sweeping on,
> But, woe to him, his wife had brought
> His mother-in-law along.
> He lived, for life may well be borne
> Ere sorrow break its chain,
> But this last streak just settled him—
> He never smiled again.

In the Court of Common Pleas, Hillsboro, Ohio, an injunction granted two saloon keepers against the operations of the praying band, was dissolved by the court, but appeal was taken. This event has stirred up the reformers to a new pitch of enthusiasm, and all Ohio resounds with the conflict against whisky. All the towns and cities in the State are now under vigorous siege, except Cincinnati, and here the war is to open the current week.

An ingenious American abroad has proposed to run a tunnel under the St. Bernard, of the Alpine range of mountains, to be about two thousand feet in length. Beneath the summit it is intended to widen the tunnel so as to make a station, and to connect it by means of an elevator with the open air. At the mouth of the elevator it is proposed to build a hotel, so that the Alpine scenery and sunrise may be enjoyed without any personal exertion.

Mrs. Belknap appeared in a charming peach-blow silk, with pearl and diamond ornaments; Madame Borges in delicate Nile green tinted silk, with diamonds. But the gems which made those worn by our republican ladies "pale their ineffectual fires" were worn by Mme. de Clermont-Tonnerre, the new French Secretary's wife—consisting of necklace composed of long, dazzling pendants, bracelets richly set, sprays of leaves for the hair, and diamond earrings, terminating in solitaire pearls of unusual size. Her dress was of pink silk, over which was worn costly lace drapery. Mrs. Charles Moulton wore a white silk petticoat and black velvet train. Her diamonds also were noticeably brilliant. In fact, diamonds flashed from nearly every lady's toilet.—*Washington Letter.*

No dorg to love, none to karess, how can I ever my sadness express? Chunck is defunct, ded as a nale—hushed is his barkin', and still is his tale. Oh, such a tale, white on the end; opht did he chase it with wiggle and bend; chase it with hope, twisting around, till overcome he reposed on the ground. Now he's ekstinct, ded as a nale; where am his bark and the wag of his tale! In dreams alone poor Chunck I see, swigging his milk or else scraching a flea. 'Tis but a dream: waking I weep, for under two foot of ground does he sleep. O beautiful pup, wunce full of pla! haven't I fed you day after day? Given you milk, given you bread, given you many a pat on the head? Now you are ekstinct, ded as a nale, where am the bark and the wag of your tale? No dorg to love, none to karess, vainly I strive the sad tears to repress. "Why did you die?" sadly I moan; "was it from pizen or swallerin' a bone?" No waggin' tale, no beamin' eye, answered question or gives a repli.

The Lien Laws Repealed.

After the 1st day of November, 1874, section 1978 of the Code is repealed, so far as to annul all liens given to factors, merchants, dealers in fertilizers and other persons, except landlords.

The New Rector.

This pretty story, written for THE CONSTITUTION by an Atlanta lady, will appear next Sunday. It would have appeared this morning, but for the non-conclusion of "Righted at Last," until to-day—on page 6.

☞ THE CONSTITUTION is one of the leading dailies of the State, and, being published at the State capital, it gives a large amount of State and general news to be obtained from no other source.—*East Ga. Messenger.*

Burning the Woods.

A farmer, writing in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, strongly favors the burning of the woods every spring. He says it improves the stock range, benefits the soil and timber, destroys the snakes, bugs, rats, ticks, etc., and reduces the amount of sickness.

We should be glad to have the opinions of some of our farmers on this subject.—[Hamilton Visitor.

The Police Trial.

Our crowded colums preclude an editorial on this subject. We have only to say this much, that the City Council have not met the requirements of the situation. Mayor Spencer, Captain Keely, Chairman of the Police Committee, and the Aldermen, who with them insisted upon severer penalties, deserve and will receive the thanks and support of the community for their efforts. We shall review the matter in our next issue.

Cremation.

The newspapers are discussing a new method of disposing of the bodies of the dead. It is claimed that burial is wrong because the decaying bodies poison the ground, affect water courses and engender disease. The new method of disposal is to burn them. A Milam Professor has been experimenting in what he calls cremation. He has fixed up a plan by which a corpse can be consumed in twenty minutes by a stream of hot air at white heat for about three dollars cost. There is nothing left but a little heap of snow white ashes.

Liberal.

Messrs. W. A. Hemphill & Co., of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, advertise another extremely liberal distribution of gifts to subscribers. The first one, was made in exact accordance with the published terms and so far as we know, the public was satisfied. Our neighbor, Mr. Hiram Henslee, is, we know, satisfied, having received one hundred dollars in gold.

In the list of presents for the next distribution, we notice: One fourth interest in THE CONSTITUTION building, valued at $3,750. Terms of subscribing remain the same.—[Catoosa Courier.

When Our Ships Come in.

We generally want what we can not readily have; we are apt to dream of, or pine for, scenes and enjoyments that our own air and soil preclude. While the people of Memphis, for example, were praying for black frosts last autumn, the people of the bleak inhospitable regions at the North were dreading them. The latter wanted not frosts, but balmy airs and soft winds. And even we who are so happily and healthily situated on the uplands of Dixie, have unsatisfied longings and dreams of an earthly Paradise. We, too, are waiting for those slow-sailing ships in patient, hopeful expectancy. When they come in from sea then we will inhabit our castles, which just now eminently lack substantiality.

These thoughts came to us as we glanced over an exchange from Orange county in the Southern part of the "land of flowers." And here we adjure you to be honest: Have you not often dreamed of orange groves and banana plantations, and all that sort of things, which you expect to enjoy just as soon as your ships appear in the offing? Indeed, you have. And as you swung in your dream-land hammock, you saw yourself surrounded by groves of every tropical fruit, and—oh, well, let's come down to facts.

A writer in the Orange County journal tells us about the cost of our orange grove. The expense, he says, of starting a grove is not very great; and to verify his statement, he gives these figures for a five-acre grove:

Five acres of land at from $25 to $100 per acre, from	$125 to $500
Grubbing and clearing	250 to 250
280 trees—three to four years old	140 to 2 0
One mule	150 to 175
One cart	20 to 50
Utensils, say	50 to 75
Palings enclosing place	2 0 to 200
Provender for mule one year	100 to 100
This gives a total of from	$1,345 to 2,120

Now, a five acre patch is just our dream. But as a man can't live on oranges alone, and as there is a chance that the rest of the fleet may never come to shore, it is well to figure up the income of the five-acre lot. It contains, as you see, 280 trees. Now, every good bearer should produce 2,500 oranges—none less than that, while a great bearer has been known to yield, on the St. John's, as many as 10,000 But we will not ask from our 280 trees a better average than 2,500 oranges each. We shall consequently have a crop of 700,000 oranges, worth, at the wharf, $2 a hundred, or $14,000. This reads a good deal like our dreams, but still practical men vouch for its essential accuracy.

To be sure, we will have to wait seven years before our grove will bear at this rate; but, once started, the trees are good for a century. And while we are waiting for the oranges we can try our hand at bananas, lemons, limes, shaddocks and the guava, all of which can be grown on our Florida plantation with profit. We can also experiment with the pineapple, but a profitable crop is not guaranteed by our South Florida friend.

But, alas! our ships have not been signalled, even, at the bar!

Our March Fashion Letter.

The ladies will find it very interesting.

Big Suits.

This is the day of big suits. We mentioned yesterday one for $250,000 against the Georgia Railroad Company. Now comes one against the Western & Atlantic for only one million or something less. What next?

☞ A slab above a grave in Arkansas bears the following legend, evidently the tribute of a devoted, but discriminating husband:

> She washed the children,
> Fed the fowls,
> And made her home
> Resound with howls.

Important Foreign News by Telegraph.

Our morning despatches contain a large number of items of important foreign news.

In Spain, Serrano has been made President of the Republic, and the Carlists have won an encouraging victory, repulsing General Moriones from Bilboa and inflicting a loss of 3,000 men upon his army. The Carlists have also captured Amposta. The situation is critical enough for Serrano, the President, to go to the scene of fighting.

In South America in the Honduras-Salvador war, Aroas, President of Honduras, has been captured and his capital surrendered.

There has been an earthquake shock at Copiopo, and an eruption from the Chillian volcano.

In the West Indies the Barbadoes sugar crop will be 5,000 hogsheads short.

France is a glorious republic. A journal has been stopped for an article insulting Buffet, the President of the National Assembly.

The Chinese government announces itself unable to protect the lives of foreign residents at Tientsin.

A million dollar fire is reported in the city of Panama, destroying the greater part of the city.

Discriminating Comment.

Penn Bedell was a notorious gambler and murderer. And this man is eulogized in the Atlanta papers. Just before Bedell was killed he took a minister into a hat store and treated him to an edition of the latest style. What if he did rob the simple farmers of the surrounding country of the wherewith to purchase this handsome tile? He spent the money in Atlanta, and so he is entitled to his eulogy; and he would have his feast, also, but it has passed beyond the banqueting hour with him. Oh! shame, thou hast no blush!—[Rome Commercial.

There is often great injustice done by the want of discrimination in journals in their comment upon bad matters. The above remarks from a usually very sensible cotemporary are about as thoughtless, irrelevant and inappropriate, as ever were printed. The reflection upon Atlanta and its press is as gratuitous as it is undeserved.

In what did the Atlanta press eulogize Mr. Bedell? Is it the province of the press to suppress facts? Is the simple statement of a creditable fact a proper ground for a charge of undeserved eulogy? Is the statement of a redeeming fact about a criminal, or the mention of kindly traits, a proper basis for a sweeping crimination of an entire city?

Is it not time that such ill-advised and misdirected criticism cease, or the press lay down its great functions?

Our conception of journalistic duty never deviated from in the whole course of THE CONSTITUTION, has been that in all matters the truth should be told, that no men are too base to be treated justly, that all men, however dark their deeds, are entitled to the mention of their good acts. We have in the narration of all matters, whether murders or charities, sought simply to tell what happened exactly as it happened, impartially and accurately. What journal has been more emphatic in its denunciation of wrong than this? What community has been prompter to endorse and approve such denunciation than Atlanta?

The whole policy of this journal has been an antagonism to the evil doers of society. At the same time we propose never to suppress no facts creditable to the basest criminal or do anything to impair his sacred right to an impartial hearing before the courts.

Cats.

Cats of consequence, we mean—none of those targets for old boots, bottles and miscellaneous midnight missiles, but cats of assured position and good living, and city cats at that. It seems that the down-town mousers of New York fared unevenly, and it also appears that an enterprising young man of that good sized town was bereft of employment by the panic. These two things conspired to develope the business of catering for cats. Mr. Sturn, for that is the young man's name—began with only ten feline boarders, and now he is mewed after by over one hundred of the merchants' pets. A newspaper reporter recently accompanied the energetic provider over his entire meat route; and in the course of it he saw cats of every color and condition, from the fat Toms of Duane street, to the swell cats of College Place, with silver collars around their necks and downy rugs to lie on.

The cats are not boarded for the fun of the thing or from philanthropic motives. The landlord's name is not Bergh. He means business. He charges thirty cents a week for regular board, with some deduction where two or three cats are served in one store. The swell cats are charged more. The business is growing so fast that a horse and light wagon will soon be necessary; and after that Mr. Sturn will offer to feed all the cats of New York, will swing out a big sign, and have a big cat-meat factory somewhere.

The fare varies. One morning it is cooked fish and liver, the next, perhaps, raw beef, and so on through a far-from-uninviting bill of fare. No unsound stuff is permitted. The aristocratic cats are generally served with milk, and of course, their restaurant bill is higher than that charged up against plebeian cats.

The merchants like the new plan—for it saves them a deal of trouble—the cats like it—at least, none have expressed much dissatisfaction—and their landlord likes the prospect of his novel, honorable, and lucrative business.

Southern Immigration.

The New York Sun has an interesting and sensible article on Southern immigration. It states the fact that while carpet-bag politicians are detested in the South, good men who move there for legitimate business purposes are cordially welcomed.

The Sun thinks that one way to kill out negro and carpet-bag domination that has cursed the South is to get good Northern immigration. Valuable and honest men will immediately become foes to the plundering partisans of reconstruction.

The Sun thus winds up its article:

The profits of farming in the cotton States are so great that an extensive immigration from the North is certain to set in whenever the inducements offered to farmers of small means become generally known, and it will be an immigration vastly superior in character to one of ordinary farm laborers. To stimulate this flow of sinew and muscle and brains toward the cotton and sugar fields, no better means can be devised than to effectively show that the widest toleration in matters of political opinion is the prevailing rule.

Cotton—Volume II, No. 26.

The receipts this week are 103,000 bales, 1,000 less than last year, and 30,000 more than two years since.

It is likely the receipts for next week will be about 90,000 bales, compared with 81,000 last year, and 49,000 the year before; and the receipts at the interior towns 20,000 bales, compared with 19,000 last year, and 13,000 the year before.

The thermometer has averaged 55 degrees at noon. Clear and pleasant three days, and cloudy and cool four days, with a slow, drizzling rain for 36 hours.

Rail-fall for the week 1.31 inches. Quite cool one morning; thermometer 28 degrees at 7 A. M.; ground frozen and ice 1-2 inch thick. Next week, last year, the thermometer was 39 degrees at noon. Clear and pleasand three days; clear and cold two days; and cloudy and cool two days, with a light rain for thirty-six hours.

Rainfall for the month of February, for four years, has been as follows:

	1871	1872	1873	1874
Inches	6.20	5 28	12.04	7.03

It will be noticed that the fall of rain for this month is the largest in four years, except last year, when we had almost a flood. Last year we had but little rain for March and April—only 4½ inches for the two months; then 13 inches for two months, May and June—three inches of rain having fallen in two hours one day in June.

RECEIPTS.

Receipts, shipments and stock at this point for this season and last to date:

	1874	1873
Receipts to date	49,110	25 470
Shipments to date	46,710	23,360
Stock, actual count	2,400	2 110

It will be seen that on actual count of stock this week, for this year and last, has increased the amount over the running count 900 bales this year, and 1,000 bales last year. The receipts here for the next six months, last year, were 5,665 bales; 2,051 being received in March.

The daily receipts for the next week, for the past four years, are as follow:

	1870	1871	1872	1873
Saturday	9 280	19,849	7,793	9.193
Monday	15.407	42,870	12,111	14,691
Tuesday	8,158	19,066	5 997	17,188
Wednesday	11,186	13,748	6 327	12,064
Thursday	8,168	19 539	7,835	10.471
Friday	11,108	17.5?9	8,?25	16.123
Various	603	485	143	1,733
	65,902	133,216	49,153	80,678

The receipts this week, both for the ports and interior towns, have been almost exactly what we estimated they would be.

They have fallen off 20,000 bales, but 13,000 of this is at New Orleans. Small crop men have been expecting a sudden falling off in the receipts at the Atlantic ports before this; but this year has been an exception to the two last, as all the ports, other than New Orleans, have decreased in the past two weeks only 3,000 bales, compared with 26,000 last year, 12,000 the year before. The increase is particularly noticeable at Charleston and Norfolk, being, at the former, 150 per cent. over last year, and at the latter 70 per cent. more than last year.

The net receipts at Philadelphia are demanding a large share of attention, having been, for the past two weeks, 6,830 bales, against 975 last year, is about seven times as much.

The excess of receipts at the three ports named above accounts, in some measure, for the decrease at New Orleans; as much of this cotton is shipped, by through bills of lading, direct to Europe; whereas its former route was via New Orleans. This trade is increasing year by year, and, no doubt, has something to do with the small estimates of the crop at New Orleans. The receipts at that port being small, in comparison with the crop, leads the cotton dealers there to understand the total crop. We also account, in the same way, for the small estimates of this crop at Mobile; the receipts there, this year, being smaller by about 10,000 bales than any year in the past four; not even excepting the small crop of two years ago, which was less than 3,000,000; the receipts, thus far, this year being 7,000 bales less than that year, same time.

To show that there is still plenty of cotton in the interior, the receipts this week at the 7 interior towns, except Memphis, are 55 per cent. more than last year; all of them showing about the same ratio of increase except Montgomery. The receipts at that place, in consequence of the almost total failure of the crops in that region, have dwindled down to 200 bales this week.

NEW YORK.

The market this week, for spots, has been dull and exceedingly quiet. Sales for five days 6,340. No change in the price. Contracts have been more active; sales 145,000 bales with no change in the price of the early months, but a deduction of 1-4 of a cent in the later ones. The causes of this steady market this week are, the receipts have fallen off 20,000 bales, fully as much as as any one expected, and this naturally revived the hopes of the bull party; but, on the other hand, gold has not risen as expected, sterling exchange has fallen and freights to [illegible] [illegible]. Both of these have caused exporters to lower their bids.

LIVERPOOL.

This market has been quiet and dull, with medium sales—no change in price. The imports still continuing very large, having been 205,000 bales of American in the last two weeks.

NEXT CROP.

We are making inquiries in regard to the amount of guano that will be used, and the acreage that will be down in cotton this year; but further than that there will be some decrease in both, we have nothing definite to mention. The winter thus far has been very favorable indeed, and the lands are in fine condition—never better.

Our Southwest Georgia correspondent writes us that cotton planters will begin there ten days earlier than usual—about the 15th of March, instead of the 25th, which is the usual time.

MONTHLY STATEMENT.

The stock of cotton in Liverpool, and afloat for that port, for five years, is as follows:

	1870	1871	1872	1873	1874
Stock	311	764	524	525	729
Afloat	353	444	434	560	390
	664	1208	1058	1085	1119

American cotton in stock and afloat for Liverpool, same time:

	1870	1871	1872	1873	1874
Stock	139	400	241	196	338
Afloat	250	290	175	365	267
	389	690	416	561	605

American cotton in sight, for same time:

	1870	1871	1872	1873	1874
Stock interior towns	103	118	86	97	134
Stock U. S. ports	568	698	507	543	830
Stock in Liverpool	139	400	241	196	338
Afloat for Liverpool	250	390	175	365	267
Export this week	46	95	65	53	55
	1,166	1,596	1,074	1,253	1,624

It will be seen that the quantity of American cotton is larger than any year before.

Taken by our own spinners from the ports, for the past month and for six months:

	1870	1871	1872	1873	1874
One month	65	90	80	122	125
Six months	394	475	521	618	575

It will be seen, that notwithstanding the small sales to spinners at New York, for the months only 12,000 bales, their purchases have been more than any year since the war, and also the total takings look large, when it is remembered that most of the mills were closed last year for several weeks.

ESTIMATE OF CROPS.

It will be remembered that in January we estimated the receipts, for this month, at 500,000 bales, and the actual receipts are 503,000.

The actual per cent. of receipts of the crops at the ports, for seven years, for six months, has been as follows:

	1867	1868	1869	1870	1871	1872	1873
Per cent.	76.	79.1	79 4	72.7	69 5	83 4	75.

The average of the seven years is 76.3; a little more than last year was. The year of 1871 was late, and did not come up to the general average until the last of April. The year of 1872 was early, and was ahead of the general average until June.

The total receipts at the ports each year for eight years for six months are as follows, beginning with 1870: 1,413,000, 1,733,000, 1,653,000, 2,115,000, 2,787,000, 2,244,000, 2,715,000, 3,031,000. We estimate the receipts for this year as being two per cent. larger than last year, and a fraction larger than the average for seven years, making it 77 per cent. of the total; thus making the total receipts at the ports 3,935,000 bales, to which add 315,000 bales for overland and Southern consumption, and we have a total crop of 4,250,000, which is our *present estimate.*

PROSPECTS.

We do not expect a panic, and a sudden fall in the price, as there was about this time last year, as the price is 4½c a pound lower; but we cannot see any good reason for the price rising, in the face of the fact that there is 325,000 bales more stock in our ports than this time last year. So the European markets must rise or our own must fall, so that this large surplus can be gotten rid of before there will be any hopes of a permanent rise in the price.

Summary of State News.

AUGUSTA.

A second adventist, named Holmes, hailing from Illinois, is preaching at the Market place in Augusta. He predicts the end of the world in May, 1878, and he locates hell in the middle of the earth. His number of converts is not very encouraging.——The educational interests of Richmond county are all in a prosperous condition. The private schools are well attended, and public schools are hardly able to accommodate the large number of children who seek admittance.——A negro girl was fined $10 and costs on Thursday for trying to panic a colored congregation last Wednesday.——The improvement of the Savannah River for a considerable distance above Augusta is still the subject of public discussion.—*Chronicle and Sentinel.*

SANDERSVILLE.

Mr. William S. Youngblood, a very worthy gentleman of Washington county, mistook his foot the other day for a log of wood he was chopping, and now carries his big toe around in his vest pocket.——Two young gentlemen—one of Sandersville and the other of Johnson county—had a settlement at Tennille, in which pistols and chairs took active parts. Nobody was seriously hurt.——The Baptist Church at Sandersville wants a new bell, and is going to give a concert to get it.——A Mr. C. J. Duggan, of Washington county, got round to the wrong end of his mule last week and was taken home with a broken nose, and a severe gash over his left eye.—*Georgian and Herald.*

TALBOTTON.

Next Monday the March Term of Talbotton Superior Court will convene. It will hold a session of two weeks.——Gardening is lively.——One millinery establishment in Talbotton has sold twenty bridal bonnets this season.—*Standard.*

WASHINGTON.

On last Monday, a little son of S. B. Bizzell, foreman in the Gazette office, was run over by a horse and buggy and seriously injured. The little boy is nearly four years old. He was playing in the street, when the horse and buggy came along driven by a negro, who says the horse was running away. —*Gazette.*

COLUMBUS.

A dentist in Butler recently took a lien on a set of false teeth he put in a man's mouth. He has since obtained a [illegible] lien, and now the sheriff [illegible] how to levy.——A prize [illegible] plation for the Columbus Fair this fall. A prize of $500 will be offered for the best drilled volunteer company in Georgia or Alabama.——Girard has got a [illegible]. An elderly man there named [illegible] some months ago married a young girl [illegible] days after his former wife's death. [illegible] from facts that have leaked out, it is [illegible] ted that wife No. 2 has murdered [illegible]. Considerable excitement has been created.—*Sun and Enquirer.*

NEWNAN.

The March term of the Coweta Superior Court will begin on Monday next. Hon. John J. Hall will preside during the [illegible] week.—*Herald.*

ROME.

The great lecturer, John G. Saxe, will be in Rome on Thursday and Friday evenings, and will deliver two of his humorous poetical lectures under the auspices of [illegible] Club."—*Commercial.*

EATONTON.

The planters of Dodge county are not disposed to use guano the present year, but will use only the fertilizers raised upon their own farms.——The surplus money in the treasury of Eatonton is being expended in street improvements.—*Times.*

SAVANNAH.

Another negro man was found drowned in the Savannah rived on Thursday.——The Savannah boys have again betaken themselves to sling-shots and owners of [illegible] chichens, pigs, cattle, &c., are complaining. ——Oglethorpe Fire Company No. 1 had a meeting Thursday evening, and elected Hon. Isaac Russell president.——Savannah has a little black goat that jumps like Lulu, grazes on the tops of houses and performs on a clothes line.—*Advertiser and Republican.*

ALBANY.

This place has at last had a brass band inflicted upon it. The blowers number eight, and peace has become a thing of the past. ——Meningetis has appeared in [illegible] county. A negro woman died of it last week.—*Home Journal.*

DEATHS.

Mrs. William Anderson, of Washington county, dropped dead very suddenly on the 15th inst. She had been married only two or three years, and leaves one little child.

Mr. Josiah Allen, of Meriwether county, died at his residence near Warnerville on Wednesday last.

Mr. James Cull, of Washington, died on Wednesday last.

On Friday last, in Senoia, Mrs. [illegible] Maury Turner, widow of the late Rev. [illegible] Turner, aged 79 years.

Sunday Reading.

There are forty Protestant places of worship in Rome.

Dr. Tyng thinks that teaching children about religious distinctions, is like feeding them on chopped fence rails.

Elder Knapp, the once-famous Baptist revivalist, is reported to be dying with consumption, at his home in Rockford, Ill.

A superannuated minister says, "I have been guilty of doing one thing for which the church will not forgive me: I have grown old."

Beecher's father seventy years ago got $300 a year for preaching and fire-wood. Beecher gets $20,000—but then he furnishes his own fuel.

The Protestant missionaries in Madagascar have commenced the revision of the Bible in the language of that island.

During the past week Mrs. Van Cott has been holding a series of revival meetings in Baltimore, and has succeeded in bringing about an awakening equalling that produced many years since by Mr. Knapp.

Bishop Clarke, of Rhode Island, favors more freedom in the use of the liturgy of the Episcopal Church. When the strap galls he would let it out a hole or two, or substitute one of Indian-rubber.

The New York Catholic R[illegible] it is the determination [illegible] Catholics of the Unit[illegible] a pilgrimage to Rom[illegible] tion meets with the [illegible] bishop of New York.

The M. E. Church [illegible] bers 250 traveling and [illegible] preachers, and 47,000 members. The M. E. Church North, numbers in the State 137 traveling and 330 local preachers, and 15,000 members. The colored Methodists number 13,000, not included in the above.

The first and only Irish monastery of the Benedictine Order of the United States is about to be established at Creston, Ia., one hundred miles east of the Missouri River, on the B. M. R. R. The prior, Very Rev. John A. Burns, of St. Cloud, Minn., has purchased four hundred acres of excellent land for the site of the monastery.

Messrs. Morley and Sankey have had great success in rival meetings near Edinburgh. Mr. Sankey takes a harmonium with him, which so excited an old Puritan dame that she rushed out of the church exclaiming, "Popery! Popery! Let me oot, let me oot! What would John Knox think of this!"

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher said to his congregation last Sunday night, that history would not show a parallel to the effort making in the West to suppress dram drinking, which he characterized as the scourge of the household. It is an evil that has defied legislation, but now, under the providence of God, there has arisen a moral cyclone, a perfect tempest of influence.

The largest Baptist church in the world, we suppose, is Mr. Spurgeon's, which returns a membership of 4,366. The second largest church is said to be the old First African, in Richmond, Va., and the third is, curiously enough, in India. It would seem that sixty years ago last September there were but two native Christians in the City of Ongole, India; to-day the church numbers 2,337 members.

A rather singular lawsuit has taken place in North Carolina. It grew out of an effort to stop a good man who couldn't sing from making an attempt in church. The name of the unfortunate lover of song is William Linkhaw, indicted for misdemeanor, and tried before Judge Russell, at Robeson Superior Court. Defendant was indicted for disturbing a religious congregation. The evidence, as detailed by several witnesses, was substantially this: Defendant is a member of the Methodist church. He sings in such a way as to disturb the congregation. At the end of each verse his voice is heard after the other singers have ceased. One of the witnesses being requested to describe defendant's singing imitated it by singing a [illegible] in the voice and manner of defendant, which "produced a burst of prolonged and irresistible laughter, convulsing alike the spectators, the bar, the jury, and the Court." The defendant is reported to be a strict member of the church, (Methodist,) and a man of the most exemplary deportment. It was not contended by the State upon the evidence that he had any intention or purpose to disturb the congregation; but, on the contrary, it was admitted that he was conscientiously taking part in the religious services. There was a verdict of guilty, judgment, and an appeal by the defendant.

SLEEP.

[illegible]

Yes, bless the man who invented sleep
(I really can't avoid the iteration);
But blast the man, with curses loud and deep,
Whate'er the rascal's name, or age, or station,
Who first invented, and went round advising,
That artificial cut-off—early rising!

* * * * * *

'Tis beautiful to leave the world awhile
For the soft visions of the gentle night;
And free at last from mortal care and guile,
To live, as only in the angel's sight,
In sleep's sweet realms so cosily shut in,
Where, at the worst, we only *dream* of sin!

So let us sleep, and give the Maker praise.
I like the lad who, when his father thought
To clip his morning nap by hackney'd phrase
Of vagrant worm by early songster caught,
Cried "served him right! it's not at all surprising
The worm was punish'd, sir, for early rising!"

MINNIE MORELAND.

OR,

LOVE'S DESPERATION.

A Story of Frontier Life in the Far West, a Part of the Country Prolific of Frightful Adventure, Wild Romance and Terrific Drama, Based Upon Actual Experience.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "DREAMING," "PRISON LIFE," "THE FATAL CLUE," "AT SEA," "THE NIGHT MARCH," ETC.

Written expressly for the Constitution.]

CHAPTER I—CONTINUED.

The exclamation forced from Major Moreland's lips was simply the effect of that momentary despair, which will seize even the stout heart of a Bayard, when brought face to face with a terrible calamity. Especially is this the case, when, as in the present instance, the apparent hopelessness of escape embraces in the impending doom the dearest objects of the affection, the loved ones of the hearth-stone.

But Maj. Moreland was a man, who had faced danger and death upon the battle fields of Virginia too many times, and too gallantly, to lose his self-control beyond the instant. Appreciating the situation in its appalling extremity, and comprehending all the possibilities and probabilities in their ghastly suggestiveness, he saw at once that everything depended now upon prudence and cool consideration. Further physical resistance was of course impossible.

His first fear was that the Indians, exasperated by the sight of their slain comrades, would be incited to instant butchery. This fear, however, would have been quickly dissipated and replaced by one more agonizing, could he have penetrated the purposes of his savage captors.

Making a hasty token of surrender, he grasped his wife and Minnie, each by the arm, and with one on either side rushed forth from the burning dwelling. The negro servant followed with the still insensible and apparently lifeless form of young Stanton. This movement was greeted by a chorus of yells from the Indians, who ran forward with wild delight to possess the prize, and soon surrounded their captives, gazing upon them with countenances of mingled curiosity, hate and triumph. Two or three made slight demonstrations of violence, but were quickly and sternly checked by their tall young chief.

[illegible] Indians held a [illegible] their glances and [illegible] idently that the burning [illegible] subject of discussion. [illegible] re considering the possibility of plundering it.

[illegible] ptives thus had an opportunity [illegible] brief reflection. What a world of thought, and what a flood of memories must have crowded upon them. Doubtless the remembrace came freshly up of the earnest entreaty of friends who plead these savage atrocities in their efforts at dissuasion from emigrating to the West. What a contrast was presented in their lives by the experiences of a few hours! No human pen can depict the horror of such a moment. After years of much toil the new home and all its comforts were rapidly crumbling to ashes, and father, wife and darling child were in the hands of brutal savages to endure a fate Heaven only knew or could avert. Under the circumstances hope almost yielded to despair. But the suddenness of the shock having passed, even the ladies were calmer, and they felt no little relief in the thought of mutual presence.

The Indians speedily ended their talk among themselves. Either from the propriety of an early retreat into the cover of the forest or the impossibility of securing much from the fiercely devouring flames, they determined upon immediate departure and made their arrangements for marching. The captives were placed in the centre. A few of their number were left behind to make proper disposition of their slain comrades, with instructions to follow after and overtake the band at the first halt. The body of Stanton was taken along, the Indians concluding that he was not dead; and, indeed, there were some faint indications of returning consciousness.

The march was continued slowly, for some two or three hours only, when a halt was made. Guards were placed over the prisoners, fires were kindled, and the Indians gave themselves up to eating, smoking and manifestations of delight over their success.

No videttes or sentinels were put out, as in that sparsely populated region there seemed no necessity for so doing, as even, if alarm could be given it would apparently take several days to organize anything like a formidable pursuit. In the present case, too, no one had escaped to speed immediate report of the event. But overlooked trifles often set at naught the most confident calculations.

Early on the next day the march was resumed further westward and deeper into the forest. It was slow, however, on account of the failing strength of the women, Mrs. Moreland and Minnie, for the latter of whom her savage captors manifested no small degree of consideration and attention. Long before sunset camp was ordered for the night. Here we will leave them.

CHAPTER II.

THE RENDEZVOUS.

Little matters often play a great part in the affairs of the world, overturning the best laid schemes, changing the direction of events, and shaping the destinies of men and nations.

Great criminals, who pursuaded themselves that every trace of their guilt had been carefully obliterated, have been unmasked through the agency of the merest trifle. A strip of paper, used over the ball charge in the gun or pistol, and a powder-blackened word upon it, has proved a ghastly finger pointing at the murderer.

During the Revolution of '76 in the celebrated retreat of General Greene through the Carolinas before Lord Cornwallis, oft when the pursuining forces would be on the eve of overtaking the devoted little army of patriots, the sudden rising of a river behind them, would baffle the pursuer, leading eventually to the surrender of Yorktown and the speedier accomplishment of American Independence.

The merest accident once saved a great nation; and contingencies unexpected or trivial matters overlooked, have played mighty parts in the world's drama, and have of compared both triumph and defeat upon the stage of human action. It is in this way "man proposes, but God disposes."

The Indians were so intent on the capture of their human prize, that they paid no heed whatever to the horse of Frank Stanton. This splendid animal, startled by the volley and the fall of his master, and a slight wound, wheeled and fled back in the direction whence he had come. Fright imparted new strength to his wearied limbs, and in a few hours he was twelve miles distant on the other side of the range of hills shutting in the valley where occurred the tragic scene narrated in the preceding chapter.

He stopped at the gate of the first dwelling reached in his flight, for, as may be readily imagined, his powers of endurance were well nigh exhausted. The inmates of the dwelling were on the eve of retiring, but hearing the approaching steps of the horse went out to ascertain who was the comer.

Seeing the riderless steed in the dim moonlight, the pioneer walked up to him. A mark of blood upon the saddle, and the ugly gash upon the hip of the horse recognized as Stanton's, caught the quick eye of the border man, and a conviction flashed upon his mind. The rumors of roaming Sioux bands and threatened Indian depredations rushed into his thoughts. He believed that he now had an explanation of the strange lurid sky over the hills, that had attracted his attention in the evening, betokening more the reflection of a fire than of sunset.

Instant action followed upon the conviction. His two lads, about sixteen and eighteen years of age respectively, were mounted upon hardy ponies, and within less than ten minutes time from the arrival of the wounded horse, these couriers were flying in different directions. By midnight, at least a dozen men had been notified of the circumstances, as each man in turn sped the tidings to his nearest neighbor.

The most powerful incentive to human action is human affection. Like an electric flash sped the news that Minnie, the pride and glory of the frontier, was in danger, or must be avenged. Before the morning light nearly twenty men were hurrying to the appointed rendezvous, the little valley-home of Minnie.

Armed with rifle, pistol and knife, they pushed their horses to their utmost, and one by one, or by twos, as they happened to fall in together, they reached the ruins of the happy home of yesterday. By noon seventeen determined men had gathered.

The character of the frontier settlers of the West is well known. Brave, hardy quick, adventurous, from the very circumstances, and surroundings of their every day life, they are dangerous foemen, whom it is difficult even for an Indian to meet advantageously upon his own ground and after his own mode of warfare, and as difficult to elude, when once they are fully aroused to avenge their wrongs or contest their rights.

Scattered over the ground near the ruins, or collected in groups, they discussed the situation and the plan of action. It took but little time to agree upon it. "Our fears have proved true," said one; "this is the work of Indians, even if we were not assured of the fact from their tracks."

"Undoubtedly," answered another; "and those thieving, prowling, bloodthirsty Sioux have done it."

"And they have made apparently a clean, complete success of it, as we can find no evidences indicating the escape of any of the household. There seems to have been a perfect surprise."

"There is hope then that the scoundrels have carried off their captives alive, and they may be overtaken."

"Boys," here joined in one with a firm, decisive tone of voice, "let us go to business; we've no time to lose." The spokesman was Jack Maltby, a wiry, rough looking trapper, but manifestly the unanimously acknowledged leader. Rough he was, but brave, generous, and kindly, yet a terror to his enemies; wary and stealthy as a panther, in pursuit of his game or his foe, but fighting like an infuriated tiger when the combat opened. He was well known among the Indians.

"How many," continued Maltby, "do you suppose are in the band."

"I'll answer that, Jack," spoke up a restless, keen-eyed man of small but compact stature, known by the nick-name of "Nimble Ned;" "I've counted them tracks, all round here, and to them woods yonder, and I'll bet you there ain't less than forty of 'em."

"Well," replied Jack, "we can manage that number. When was this work done? How much the start of us have they? What time did they leave?"

"About sunset yesterday, judging by the smouldering timbers, the reflection upon the sky observed at that time, and by the arrival of Stanton's horse."

"Stanton, Frank Stanton," exclaimed Michael Flannigan, a burly Irishman, "what did ye say of the boy!"

The circumstances were briefly related to him, when with all the impetuosity and generous outburst of the Irish nature, that prompts fight to the death for a friend—and Frank was with him the very impersonation of nobility and manliness—he leaped to his feet, swung his rifle around his head like a shelalah, and shouted, "Rivinge and murther upon the cowardly hathins, or Mrs. Michael Flannigan, shall be a swateheart again."

Mike had evidently read the famous remark of General Stark at the Revolutionary Battle of Bennington, in 1773, that he'd whip the British or "Molly Stark should be a widow." Mike's somewhat peculiar rendition of it would have roused some merriment, but his listeners were too much fired with the same spirit that stirred the blood of the Celt, to feel any disposition to levity.

"We'll join you in that," cried a nnmber of voices, when Jack Maltby resumed:

"It is probable, then, that the Sioux band left here after night and did not travel far, encumbered by their captives and their plunder. They are just about a half days' march ahead of us. My judgment is that we [illegible] move at once on foot, leaving a couple of men to guard the horses, and to direct after us any others that may arrive."

This proposition received unanimous approval, and two men having been selected to take care of the horses—no easy task for all wanted to go—the remainder struck the Indian trail, and following the lead of Jack Maltby, plunged into the forest.

It was now ten o'clock, and the whole afternoon was before them for a rapid march, as progress would be necessarily slow after night set in.

For several hours no unusual incident had been experienced, when suddenly the sharp crack of a rifle resounded through the forest. A bullet sped whistling over the heads of the men, and a wild, weird, unearthly cry rent the air.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

FASHIONS FOR MARCH.

[From our own Correspondent.]

NEW YORK, March 1, 1874.

GENTLE SPRING.

If our gentle winter should be followed by the ethereal mildness of an exceptional spring, we should indeed be doubly blessed. Should it not, should March prove treacherous, and April bring us the snows we expected in January, we shall do as we have done before, anathematize the climate, and endure it as best we can.

Lent is here, however, and the season of sackcloth and ashes, in a figurative sense, has begun. It is colder than it was in January, but furs and velvets and woolens are disappearing from the counters and behind plate glass windows; and new spring prints, cambrics, percales, and last year's linens and *piques* are beginning to take their place.

A Quaker-like air of neatness, gravity and decorum pervades them. The delicate hair-stripes are only dotted with rings or polka spots of the color, and only varied with fine moss or coral patterns, which cover the grounds and give no effect of color. The furniture patterns and Dolly Varden chintzes have departed. Merchants had a dose of them last season, and will not be apt to repeat.

Fine twilled vigognis are shown now for spring suits, and pure silks of bonnets make, not heavy, but the proper texture for skirts to be flounced and worn with a cashmere redingote or linen Gabrielle. And it may be as well to remark that even for summer-wear, there is no dress more useful for the street in city or country than the black silk or fine alpaca skirt, black straw hat, and brown or gray linen polonaise.

The spring suit for the season *par excellence*, is brown, wood brown, clear, with no red lights or shades in it. It is of wool, embroidered in two shades of the color, or it may be trimmed with pleating lined with silk of the same shade. The trimming is but slight, a standing collar, a reversed pleating at the back of the pointed basque, a pleated flounce with a heading—the style depends much more upon the cut than the trimming. A brown hat is worn with it, with a little Ostrich tip falling at the back, which must match the necktie. White and white *Crepe de Chine*, or twilled silk at the neck is the most lady-like, but tea rose is very good, or any delicate tint.

White striped muslin makes the most useful and becoming morning dresses for Southern latitudes, and as it is to be very largely used for that purpose during the coming season, it may be as well to make a note of it. A single skirt trimmed with one or more gathered flounces, a polonaise with Gabrielle front and pous back, draped close, will be the style.

THE LAST BALLS OF THE SEASON.

The season which is considered to close before Lent, and which winds up with the celebration of Mardi Gras on the evening of shrove Tuesday (pancake day) broke out into quite a flutter of gayety towards the last, and like a Saturday evening party, had hard work not to trespass on the fashionable gravity of the incoming period. Of course Lent does not interfere with quiet forms of social enjoyment, even receptions, musicales, dinners and the like are given by persons out of the "church," and we have the opera this year, besides the large club receptions and great charity balls are carefully kept within the pale, and the number of gorgeous toilettes which these have brought forth is very great indeed.

STRIKING FEATURES OF BALL COSTUMES.

To attempt to describe the toilettes in detail would be a work of superorogation. The best effects are communicated by a touch, a ware, a line, a tint, a something altogether too impalpable for words, and which escape in the effort to grasp them. Moreover, this is already done to such an extent that it would afford but a repetition of tiresome words.

The two great features of them all were the jewels and flowers. Paris, it is said, has never been so resplendent with diamonds as this season. A Prussian Princess (the Russian ladies are famous for their diamonds) has laid down the law that only diamonds shall be worn in full dress. But this has always been characteristic of American woman. No representations of French dressmakers could induce an American lady to wear a gilt *parure* with an otherwise rich and costly toilette. All sorts of pearl, ivory, enamel, mosaic and flower imitations have been made, but though school girls and young ladies not yet "out" have worn them occasionally, yet no one ever saw a recognized lady or member of good American society (at home) exhibiting such pretense of elegant ornament. It is said that some have been known to do it in Paris.

Society women in New York do not, however, confine themselves to diamonds, pearls are in quite as high favor, and of diamonds and pearls together, more than one lady wore recently over $2,000 worth.

Necklaces composed of many strands of pearls fastened by a diamond clasp—great ropes of pearls used as chatelaines, or upon the silk or velvet boddice from right shoulder to the left of the bust. Pearl or diamond combs, pearl or diamond hair-pins, pearl or diamond aigrettes, or both combined, are the effective forms which rich jewelry takes, and which imparts such radience to handsome toilettes.

Dull gold—next to diamonds, pearls and torquoise (the latter always associated with one or other of the former) is displayed in striking, but not such massive ornaments as formerly. Moorish and Venetian styles have superseded the Egyptian, and exquisite filagree chains and clasps are used to suspend the lace fan and handkerchief, instead of the solid fetters recently employed.

Another use for the chains and chatelaines of rare and delicate workmanship is found in the immense number of flowers which it is fashionable for a lady to carry, and which it is quite impossible for her to provide for with her hands. The honors of belle-ship indeed are beginning to be guaged by the number of bouquets which young ladies carry in their hands or dispose of about their person. Some hang from the chatelaine, others are strapped to the side like a traveling bag, and two or three held fast by the glittering teeth of the bouquet-holder.

Bouquets arranged for ornament are not always natural, although of course they are not considered more elegant when they are so. But some young ladies, it is observed, always wear the same kind of flowers, [illegible] and though they make a great pretense of inhaling their fragrance, yet it is vastly more like a bottle of extract than a flower odor.

WHITE SIMPLICITY.

White and black constitute the most distinguished of all evening toilettes, but the black glitters with silk and jet embroidery, and is covered with filmy lace, while the white bear no resemblance to the washed and starched muslins of our grandmothers' time. Nothing is now so costly as a white toilette, considering its frailty, the making and the flowers being its chief items of expenditure, the material of tarlatan, Brussels, net or even tulle be selected, being its least.

These, however, are really simple toilettes. They are fastened down in diagonal or lengthwise puffs, the former in front, the latter upon the sides, (the back forming a long pouf) and divided by bands of silk or velvet dotted with studies from pastoral life in the shape of enlarged pansies, or glorified daisies, garlands of the same, costituting the sash and trailing off from the boddice. They are principally used for dancing purposes, and are cut with demitrains of very moderate dimensions; They bear no comparison with the grand toilettes of white silk and satin covered with drifting tulle, draped with clouds of lace, every yard representing a homestead for a poor man, and held in here and there with great trails and sprays of splendid tropical flowers or clusters of white water lillies.

Quite the newest and most costly method of ornamenting white dresses and over-dresses is with flowers and grasses arranged as flounces and fringes. Some of these descend from the waist, others outline puffs and simulate overskirts. Delicate forms are particularly affective in forming these combinations.

Among the pretty and not too elaborate white dresses worn recently, was one white tulle flounced to the waist. The tunic was of white faille, thickly embroidered and fringed with white silk and white jet, and draped back with garlands of ferns and frosted crocus blossom.

Another richer dress was of white tulle over soft, satin finished, corded silk, a Brussels lace flounce composing the apron and panier, and feather trimming and narrower lace forming fringes upon the skirt below. Magnificent diamonds (solitaires) a diamond comb and diamond necklace constituted the ornaments.

COLORS FOR BRIDES.

It is rather curious that just as all white becomes *de riguer* for elegant evening toilettes it goes out for brides. Colors have long been permitted, if not exacted, for bridesmaids, but no one ever thought the day would come when Paris, which has always put the strictest interpretation upon the traditional white and orange blossoms of bridal attire, would itself annul the custom of ages and make a marriage only a common event, for which any simple evening dress of pale blue pink or tea-rose silk is difficult. One bride has even been dressed in black.

One might have predicted this fifteen years ago, when the neatness and simplicity in good society abroad had distinguished the dress of brides, first began to give way before the rage for frills and flounces and overskirts. One innovation in the interests of bad taste and display made another easy. Is not this new departure significant also of the laxity of purpose and loss of a sacramental character to the marriage bond? It is to be feared so.

American brides, it is to be hoped, will still wear their white robes. Marriage as a rule comes to them but once, and in these days of civil contracts, discussions of rights, and social and domestic complications, it is as well to surround it with all that we can of poetic beauty and interest, and certainly not break down any of the barriers which separate it from common events, and add a charm to memory, amid the pains and struggles of after life.

NOVELTIES IN FASHION.

Among the costly novelties worn with very rich black and colored toilettes, are aprons composed of a fine, flexible network of jet or pearls, surrounded with a fringe and attached to a belt which is fastened at the back or sides, under the sash. Sometimes these are accompanied by a similar network which encloses the coat sleeves or the puffs of a slashed Henry III. sleeve, and also by a sort of collar edged with fringe, forming deep pendants, which fall below the cuff.

A black velvet or heavy silk dress enriched in this way, being first completely made and trimmed in itself, is most distinguished, but it must be understood that either must be finished in all black or the jet will not be appropriate. Where a color is put with black it should constitute the trimming, with perhaps an admixture of lace, but jet forced into such a combination, is robbed of its distinction.

Beautiful dresses are also made of soft faille in delicate tints, self-trimmed, or with white lace and partially covered with pearl network, ropes of pearl being added at the sides to form the chatelaine and festooned ornaments for the corsage.

These styles are, and will remain, very rare, because of their cost, the want of their adaptability and somewhat theatrical effect. Necklaces, however, composed of fringes (three rows) or many strands of pearl or cut jet are very commonly worn.

Low basque waists of colored silk—fashionable some years ago—have been revived, but at present are only worn over thin toilettes—black or white. The material is Brussels net, the skirt puffed lengthwise at the sides, diagonally in front, upon a gold foundation. Over this an upper skirt of net is draped back with broad sashes of gros grain silk or ribbon, matching in tint the silk of the basque, which is cut a very low square, with square tabs at the waist, and may be worn over a low Grecian or high body of puffed net. Poppy red is just now fashionable with black, and pale blue with white, garnet tulle is also used very effectively in conjunction with tea rose silk, but the basque is always in bright contrast to the body part of the dress.

The combination of colors makes it necessary for ladies who desire to use several to observe great taste and discretion in their selection and arrangement, or the result is more striking than agreeable. A lady of fashion, for example, wore a dress upon two recent occasions, composed of three strikingly contrasted colors—violet, pink and brown. The effect was so peculiar that she was watched for and talked about and followed by the eyes of the company whenever she appeared, not an agreeable ordeal by any means, and one which will prevent her from adopting eccentric styles in the future.

Standing collars graduated towards the front, only plaited at the back, and lined with a standing collar of linen or plaiting of tulle, have taken the place of the ruffs to a certain extent, and will be likely to do so entirely as the spring advances. The style is much more becoming than the ruffs, does not lay so close or so oppressively to the throat, and is therefore not so objectionable in warm weather.

So long as the fraise in any form is worn, just so long the globular ear-rings—which do not catch in the lace or muslin—will be worn. It may be remarked, *en passant* however, that when the standing ruff and fraise go out, they will go too, so it is not worth while for ladies purchase them, except in inexpensive kinds.

The fashion of hanging the watch from the belt has given rise to another, which is to enclose the works in a very thick case of crystal, instead of gold, and suspend it from a silver chain held by a silver filagree clasp. The thickness of the crystal gives the watches a globular appearance, and quite recently, crystal ear-rings have been made, which match them in appearance in every respect, even to the tiny face of the watch.

JENNIE JUNE.

From the Palmetto State.

Anna Maria Gives Her Views of Orangeburg in Particular Carolina in General.

FORK OF EDISTO,
ORANGEBURG CO., S. C.,
Feb. 15th, 1874.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION:—We have wended our way from the gay and fashionable "city by the sea," and have settled down among the farms and farmers of South Carolina, among the pine woods, flat swamps, and sandhills of Orangburg and Barnwell counties.

THE FARMERS

as we have casually gleaned them during, as yet, our short stay amongst them. They are a simple, unassuming, whole-souled class, full of whim and determination, possessed with an unabating and dogged perseverance, which never fails to relinquish its object, once they get set in a certain direction, whether their course proves ruinous or not. In point of hospitality it is a fact patent to all who come amongst them that the farmers of South Carolina are not to be surpassed by any other people on the face of the earth.

In point of material progress they will hardly compare with the farmers of Georgia. The acknowledged cause of all their pecuniary embarrassments—the root of all the evil, is cotton—too much cotton. This is the god at whose shrine they worship. "King Cotton" holds full sway. The sovereign remedy for this common ill, separately suggested by every one to his brother farmer, is less cotton and more grain. Yet in spite of the persistency with which each one advises this course to his neighbor, he himself pays no regard to it, and fails to practice the theory he so strongly advocates. The inconsistency among farmers about this cotton and grain question is strange to note. Talk with them as to what is the true policy about farming and ninety-nine out of every hundred will tell you that the cause of their financial embarrassment is alone attributable to the planting of too much cotton and not enough of the cereals. And yet, as we remarked before, ninety-nine out of every hundred will continue to pursue from year to year the very diametrically opposite course of that which they openly acknowledge to be the fact.

And now a few words about

THE GRANGES.

The interest which manifests itself in the Granges, in these two counties, is quite marked, which speaks well for the zeal and ardor of the farmers. They have sixteen, we believe, in Orangeburg county, and eight in Barnwell, each one possessing a good membership, and each one regularly attended.

THE SOIL

of this part of the State is greatly adapted to the raising of cotton. A bale to the acre is not an uncommon yield. The lands that produce these results of course have been brought to their present degree of productiveness by the application of fertilizers. In their virgin state lands that will produce a bale to two acres are considered first class. The Charleston phosphates and composts are the fertilizers mostly used. In the low lands and marshes rice is raised with very little trouble and scarcely fails to yield a fair crop. Indian corn and the smaller grains do well likewise with proper care and attention. The corn crop for the last year was, we think, hardly ever better, and the farmers are in high spirits, expecting a still greater yield for the present one. They are working away with vim and energy, clearing land, felling trees and rolling logs, preparing for planting.

THE PEASANT PROPRIETORS

here seem to be the most prosperous. Among this class are included a great many former "overseers" who, since the war, have purchased small tracts of land, and are now applying, with telling effect, the experience and knowledge, which they gained from the best farmers in anti bellum days. And right here, Mr. Editor, we think it pertinent to remark that the days of

LARGE PLANTATIONS

should be where they soon will be among the things of the past. Farmers should learn to adapt themselves to the new order of things. The prop-slavery has been knocked from under the old mode and a new era must needs be substituted.

It is truly our belief that the inadequate supply of labor, the inferiority of what little is left, the spareness of population, the surplus planting area, the extravagant and profligate governments of most of the Southern States affords us reputable evidence against the argument of large plantations. Especially is this the case in South Carolina where

TAXATION

is virtually confiscation. The people of Georgia grumble at the high rate of taxation. The people of South Carolina would consider themselves blessed under the same rate of assessment. The instances are not a few in which the people here pay six, eight and even as high as twenty per cent. of real and marketable value of the property. The State government is the most venal and corrupt concern that was ever foisted upon a down-trodden, heavily-burdened people. Think of an appropriation of five hundred thousand dollars, ($500,000) for public printing alone. Four hundred thousand dollars ($400,000) run the whole machinery of the government for a year before the war. Two and three millions under Radical regime are yearly extracted from the people, and yet there are deficiencies in all the departments excepting always the hybrid legislators, who never fail to get their pay. Poor South Carolina! "How have the mighty fallen!" How is the State, already upon the very verge of bankruptcy, to stand this continually increasing state of taxation long? If South Carolina sinned in ieceding the penalty is fast following upon her. Truly

"The despot's heel is on her shore,
His touch upon the temple door."

Yours, A. M. B.

The ministers of the Presbyterian and Methodist churches of New York are at present holding special religious services with a view to reach some portions of that class of persons who have no church relations, and little inclination to force any. Their efforts have awakened remarkable interest in persons attending mission chapels. It is the universal opinion of New York clergymen that there has been no such religious awakening for years.

The Pope still maintains a very respectable household, numbering altogether 1,160 persons. Of these 20 are chief and sub-chamberlains, 190 spiritual servants, 170 ordinary chamberlains, 30 officers of the Papal guard, 200 honorable chamberloins, 14 officers of the Swiss guard, 7 secret chaplains, 50 honorable chaplains, 20 secretaries, 10 attendants, 50 body servants, the holy college of cardinals, and the Mousignori de Coris, consisting of 140 persons, and ever so many Swiss soldiers, etc.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Letter from United States Minister Scruggs—Bogota—Its Productions—Cotton Growing—Labor Up in the Clouds.

UNITED STATES LEGATION,
BOGOTA, January 27, 1874.

[THE CONSTITUTION is permitted to make the following extract from a letter to Dr. J. H. Watkins, of Palmetto, Ga.:]

A few days before leaving my home in Atlanta for my post of duty in this place, I received your interesting letter of the 13th of May, 1873, and filed it away with others to receive attention upon my arrival here. But although I had repeatedly looked for it, since my arrival, I have been unable to lay hands upon it until this morning. I, therefore, write this by way of apology for the apparent delay; and to say that I have made arrangements to procure specimens of the seed of the "—— tree" in which you are interested, and shall forward them to you by first opportunity.

* * * * * * * * * *

COTTON GROWING.

On the Magdalena river, in the hot country, cotton culture is beginning to receive considerable attention. It can perhaps be raised perhaps with less than one-third the labor necessary to its production in Georgia. The stalks are exceedingly large, and yield heavier than with us. Yet the fibre is not so fine as in the cotton belt south of Columbus and Milledgeville; but I think this is owing entirely to the want of proper cultivation. The seed are smaller, but appear to contain more oil than with us. Labor is cheap; but, as with us, exceedingly uncertain. The soil exceeds in fertility any that I have ever seen on the Mississippi bottoms.

LABOR.

Sugar cane grows luxuriantly, and almost without any cultivation whatever; and here it is only necessary to plant once in ten or twelve years. Plows are not used. Planters hire laborers at the rate of about five dollars per month; but one Georgia darkey will do more work, and do it better, in one day, than the best field hand here will do in two. Nearly all the cotton grown here finds a market in Europe, at from 15 to 17 cents per pound. The seed are also coming into demand at fair prices, although until quite recently they were thrown away.

There is also a species of wild hemp, common on the lower plains of the Andes, and from which sacks and course cloth is manufactured by the natives, which, it seems to me, might grow well in the higher latitudes of Georgia, and be made a source of profit, or at least of interesting experiment.

UP IN THE CLOUDS.

Here on the immense plain of Bogota, nearly two miles up in the clouds, and almost directly under a tropical sun, we have almost every variety of grass and vegetable common to the north temperate zone. And yet it is very far from being, as many suppose, a temperate zone in the tropics. The atmosphere is exceedingly rare, cool and penetrating.

SOME THINGS HARD TO BEAT.

Indian corn does not come to such maturity as with us, and the meal from the grain is less solid, and contains less sugar. But the finest Irish potatoes I ever saw, grow here, and with comparatively little cultivation. We have nothing in Tennessee or Kentucky that will equal them. They very much resemble the "Early Rose," but are more mealy, and grow much larger. Wheat and barley also grow well.

GRASSES—CATTLE.

The native grass is what is known in Southern and Middle Texas as the "Mesquit grass" It grows luxuriantly, stands the drought well, and is very nourishing. Some of the finest specimens of cattle I have ever seen are raised here on this grass exclusively. They are even finer and larger than those of Eastern Tennessee and Kentucky.

Sheep also do well. But I have yet to see anything like a respectable species of hog in South America. They resemble somewhat the long-nosed "razor-back" species seen in the piney woods of Georgia.

Pork and bacon are little used here. Beef and mutton are superior, plentiful and cheap. Rice grows along the small streams and lakes on the plains, intermediate between this and the Magdalena valleys, in great abundance. It is perhaps superior even to that of the sea coast of Georgia.

Hastily but very truly,
Your obedient servant,
WILLIAM L. SCRUGGS.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	8 30 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 28 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	9 30 P M
Arrives at Chatanooga	4 30 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	3 45 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	12 39 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Arrives at Atlanta	1 10 P M

KINGSTON ACCOMODATION TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	6 00 P M
Arrive at Kingston	9 15 P M
Leaves Kingston	5 00 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	9 45 A M

Air-Line Railroad.

DAILY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	6 00 P M
Arrive at Charlotte	8 06 A M
Leave Charlotte	6 12 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	9 18 P M

ACCOMODATION TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	5 24 A M
Arrive at Charlotte	9 45 A M
Leave Charlotte	8 12 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	9 18 P M

Georgia Railroad

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8 40 A M
Leaves Atlanta	6 30 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	5 45 P M
Arrives at Augusta	3,45 A M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8 15 P M
Leaves Atlanta	6 00 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	6 05 A M
Arrives at Augusta	4 00 A M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 00 P M
Leaves Stone Mountain	7 30 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	8 30 A M
Arrives Stone Mountain	6 15 P M

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	9 40 P M
Leaves West Point	1 40 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	5 42 P M
Arrives at West Point	2 07 A M

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAILY ACCOMODATION EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

Leaves Atlanta	7 00 A M
Arrives at Macon	3 40 P M
Leaves Macon	9 10 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	5 46 P M

MAIL AND PASSENGER—DAILY

Leaves Atlanta	1 00 A M
Arrives at Macon	6 50 A M
Leaves Macon	7 30 P M
Airrives at Atlanta	1 40 A M

TO MY WIFE.

BY REV. G. W. BETHUNE.

Afar from thee! The morning breaks,
  But morning brings no joys to me;
Alas my spirit only wakes
  To know that I am far from thee!
In dreams I saw thy blessed face,
  And thou wert nestled on my breast;
In dreams I felt thy fond embrace,
  And to my own thy heart was pressed.

Afar from thee! 'Tis solitude,
  Though smiling crowds around me be;
The kind, the beautiful, the good—
  For I can only think of thee;
Of thee, the kindest, loveliest, best,
  My earliest, and my only one;
Without thee, I am all unblest,
  And wholly blest with thee alone.

Afar from thee! The words of praise
  My listless ear unheeded greet;
What sweetest seemed in better days,
  Without thee, seems no longer sweet;
The dearest joy fame can bestow,
  Is in thy moistened eye to see
And in thy cheek's unusual glow,
  Thou deem'st me not unworthy thee.

Afar from thee! The night is come,
  But slumbers from my pillow flee;
I cannot rest so far from home,
  And my heart's home is, love, with thee!
I kneel before the throne of prayer,
  And then I know that thou art nigh;
For God, who seeth, everywhere,
  Bends on us both his watchful eye.

Together in his loved embrace,
  No distance can our hearts divide;
Forgotten quite the mediate space,
  I kneel thy kneeling form beside;
My tranquil frame then sinks to sleep,
  But soars the spirit far and free;
O welcome be night's slumbers deep—
  For then, dear love, I am with thee!

Righted at Last.

[CONCLUDED.]

"At last!" he exclaimed, hurrying forward to meet her. "I thought I never was to speak to you again."

"Nay'" she answered, "I would not go without bidding you good-by. I had not much time to help with the church this year, but I staid purposely after the Daveneys and Wilsons left, because I did so hope you would come in."

The curate forgot his last month's wearyings in delight at this avowal. His prudence was scattered to the winds, and before he was half aware of what he was doing he was pouring out the story of his love, entreating her, if she might not yet share his home, to let him know and help her to bear her troubles.

"My darling," he said, "what is it that is changing you so? what is it that is taking you away from us? and why have you never let me see you of late?"

A stream of questions that the poor girl could not answer, for she was crying bitterly, unable for some minutes to speak a word.

Grievously perplexed at the effect of his words, Godfrey stood anxious and impatient, while she fought a battle with her tears and conquered them; then, not venturing a look toward him, she drew away a step, and almost unconsciously toying with a holly wreath, spoke at last, tremulously and nervously:

"I have done very wrong. I only waited—*indeed*, I only waited to hear if you had sent—my poor gift—to your—your friend."

He told her half impatiently that the gift had gone almost as soon as she gave it, and as secretly as she had desired.

"Then I do thank you more than I can tell," said she, once more voluntarily giving him her hand. And she added, slowly and earnestly, "I ask you one thing more—forget you ever spoke to me as you have just done. There are reasons why I must not and"—faltering a moment—"why I will not listen to such words. No, no, please *don't* make me cry again;" for he was at her side, trying to stop her words. What lover, indeed, would be likely to be cut off with such entreaties as these? Not he, thought Godfrey; hear him she should; and he made her find her hat and leave the gray little church while he eagerly and passionately pleaded his cause with her as slowly they moved on toward the home she was so soon to leave.

But all in vain. "It can not be." "It must not be." "I can not tell you why." These were the only answers he could wring from her. No argument, no entreaties could change her though, poor girl, she had not strength or skill enough to conceal that it was her will, and not her heart, that was rejecting him.

"Will you *never* give me any other answer?" he asked, as he neared the gate of the White House.

"I dare not think I ever shall," she answered.

"And will you forgive me the pain that my presumption has caused you?" he asked, jesuitically. "I had almost forgotten till now how rich you were and how poor I am."

"How *can* you! That is cruel!" she broke out. "Indeed, you don't know *how* cruel you are. Ah, Godfrey!" for he held her, all unseen in the quiet shadowy lane, close in his arms for one moment while he said:

"Then I will wait. Whatever it be that keeps you from me can not last forever. Whether it should last for months or years, I'll wait. I'll have no wife if I can not have you, Emily;" and then he released her, and left her without another word, striking off for a six-mile walk along the old Roman road close by, to cool his hot head and recall what few senses the last hour had not deprived him of altogether.

V—AFTER WAITING COMES REWARD

The next day brought its work of services, and "Lady Margaret's dole of certain shillings and woolen garments and loaves of bread to six poor women of the parish of Maybeck." Godfrey Bree had plenty to keep him occupied till the time came for his lonely Christmas dinner, for he had declined joining the family gathering at the Hall, and Major Garrett had gone to spend his Christmas from home.

But the dinner was dismal; The one thought would obtrude itself, "How long would it be thus with him? How many Christmas-tides must he pass alone? Would his rash love have ever the ending he longed for?" Brooding and depressed, the minutes lagged along heavily. The excitement of the afternoon before was telling on him now, when every word that has passed filled his memory, to the exclusion of all else.

He started, as a nervous woman might have done, when a peal at the door-bell rang through the house, and hastened to relight the lamp (he had been sitting idly in the firelight) as Jim's wife opened the door to tell him that Mr. Darlington was waiting to speak with him, but would not come into the house.

"Now for it!" thought the curate, rousing himself for the anticipated fray, for he never questioned what must have called forth the visit. His mind was too full of that one idea, and he stepped out into the hall, where a cold wind was rushing about, slamming the doors and whistling mournfully through all the house.

"Pray, come in Mr. Darlington," he begged, going out on the steps and standing shivering beneath the dark wintry sky.

"No, thank you," said the other, shortly, "I am merely come to say good-by, we shall be off to-morrow or the next day. I should be too busy to see you if you called. This place is all very well in the summer. What's that?"

"Nothing," said the curate, peering into the darkness. "What do you mean? I wish you would come in."

"But it's confoundedly cold in the winter, that's why we are leaving," went on Mr. Darlington, rapidly. "And I hate the country to walk in, one is so apt to meet all sorts of people. You're not inclined for a walk, are you?"

"Certainly not," said the curate, "and really I think it would be best for you to go home if you will not come in with me. It's bitterly cold, and beginning to snow."

The flakes were coming down thick and fast as he spoke.

"Then I will be off," said Mr. Darlington. "Good-night and good-by! Have you heard—I beg your pardon; I thought I was talking to some one else. Good-night!"

He went off down the garden path, muttering strangely to himself, and Godfrey Bree stood watching his dark figure as long as it could be seen, little thinking that the departing man was hurrying carelessly on to meet his death.

But so it was. While the church bells were ringing merrily, and men gathered their children about them on their bright hearths that Christmas night, unknown to them all a life went out in their very midst. Late, after all the cottagers had gone to rest, the servants from the White House roused Mr. Bree and Jim from the rectory to help them in their search for their master.

And they found him at the bottom of the stone quarry, where Godfrey had looked shudderingly down the first night he came to Maybeck. Dead! with broken, crushed limbs, but the white cold face unhurt even by a scratch, the eyes awfully wide open and staring now, that in life never looked you fairly in the face.

An intensely cold day early in the following week, and the curate stood reading a short note that had just been given to him. It was from Emily Darlington, whose father he had buried that morning.

"I am going," the writer said, "to leave this very afternoon. I can not see you, I can not write to you again, till I have waked from this horrible dream; for so it seems to me. Be content to wait, perhaps for months; then I will write again."

So, with the best patience he could muster, he did her bidding, and waited, not knowing where or whom she was; hearing no word of or from her; watching sadly the rapid breaking-up of her deserted home, the close-shuttered dreariness of the rooms in which he had so often seen her; hearing the endless surmises as to her fortune, which was unanimously decided to be large; and her future, about which no one knew anything, but all had plenty to say, until at last, even in the little gossip-loving village, the subject was worn out, and the horror of the accident (if accident it was, and that God only knew) died away from men's minds, and left them free to discuss the incoming tenants of the White House.

The curate's love story had been well kept from the small world about him; none knew how anxiously he was waiting among them for the last chapter of that history.

It came at last, the letter she had promised—written to him from an old town just beyond the hills which lay before him as he read the pages.

"I am not at all the same person who went away five months ago," she wrote. "Then I was very rich; now I am very poor. I have only my dead mother's money to call my own; it is not a hundred a year. You see, I try to tell you the worst first, and yet not all the worst. How shall I write the truth about him, my father! He was always so good to me, and yet I never could be happy with him—not quite; and now am going to make you hate him. You thought perhaps he had been born to plenty of money, or had earned it in some business or profession. Unhappily it is not so. He was only a junior partner in a firm of lawyers. His senior was an old man, and a very rich one, who had but one relative, a niece, to inherit his property. I think a marriage was once thought of between my father and this lady; but she preferred a man of her own choice, fitting in some respects, but most obnoxious to her uncle. A private marriage between them enraged Mr. Laurence into disinheriting his niece; and at his death, a few years later, it was found that he had left upward of thirty thousand pounds to my father, making no mention of his then widowed niece in his will. That much all the world knew, and even then cried shame upon the old man for his harshness. But they did not know what my dear mother discovered when too late—that my father had secretly helped on the distasteful marriage, and done all in his power to foster the estrangement between the uncle and niece even—how could he do it!—keeping from her the knowledge of her uncle's illness, fearing lest at the last moment she should come between him and his expected fortune; and, worst of all, he told his dying partner that his niece refused to come, though he had sent entreating her to do so. I could tell you much more; but surely that is *too* much. It almost breaks my heart to have to write it. It quite broke my mother's heart when she knew all the truth. The fortune was a misery and a shame to her, as it has been to me. I thank God, I am rid of it now, and all that wretched inheritance from my poor father has gone to its rightful owner, Mrs. Merlin. Would it were possible that any deed of mine could atone to her for the misery my father's act brought her! But I can do no more. I have kept my promise to my mother, who told me the full truth only to impress on me the need of acting as I have done with the money as soon as I had the power, and I only tell you to justify myself. Surely I need not ask your pity for my father and for me. Is it not an awful thing to say his death lifted a load from my heart, although he was so good to me, and I loved him so when I was a child? Now you know why your story about Charlie Merlin troubled us so Now I have told you all. Remember, you are not bound to me by any word of promise. It was riches kept us apart when you spoke to me on Christmas-eve. I dared not tell you then what you know now. If our poverty stands between us now, so be it; no single thought of mine shall ever reproach you." Then a bit of girlish weakness stole in: "But I should like to see you once.'

"Once!" cried the curate, joyfully; "ay, that she shall!" And he might also have added, "and forever;" for the next day's meeting was but the first of many, and the weeks were but few before these two joined homes as well as hearts, and set out to face the world together, not overrich, but strong in youth and love—one of them at least living a new life, freed from the heavy burden that another's sin had bound upon her earlier years.

The Christian Union

PARENTS, beautify your homes, and at the same time supply your families with good reading. This may be done by subscribing for The Christian Union, which is universally admitted to be the best family paper. It is published by J. B. Ford & Co., and is an unsectarian, independent Journal, devoted to religion, morals, news, literature, household matters, home stories, choice poems, etc.

To every subscriber are given two oil chromos—Our Boys; or, The Dinner and the Nap. These are beautiful pictures, and cannot fail to please all who love art or children. The agent, G. J. Bryan, is now in Atlanta, and all should subscribe and thus secure these chromos, which can be obtained in no other way.
feb22—d1w

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of Brittain W. Alford, a Bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks, that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of Brittain W. Alford, of Fayette county, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court, for said District.

January 29, 1874.

WILLIAM A. TURNER,
Assignee, Newnan, Ga.

feb10–d1&w3w

Assignee's Sale

WILL be sold before the Courthouse door in the town of Douglasville, Ga.,

On the First Tuesday in March next

within the legal hours of sale,

Eighty Acres of Land,

more or less, known and distinguished as lots Nos four hundred and twenty nine and four hundred and thirty, in the Eigteenth District and Second Section of originally Cherokee now Douglas county.

Sold under an order of a Bankrupt Court, for the benefit of the creditors of John O. Bowden, Bankrupt.

Terms cash.

W. A. JAMES,
Assignee.

feb15–

NOW IN STORE
—AND—
ARRIVING.

4,000 BUSHELS SEED OATS, White, Yellow and Mixed.
5,000 bushels White Corn.
1,000 barrels and bags of Flour, all grades.
150,000 pounds Bulk or Dry Salted Meats—Sides, Shoulders and Hams.
500 barrels, cans and buckets of Lard.
150 hogsheads and barrels of Molasses, and 75 bbls. of Syrup.
15 hogsheads and barrels Sugars—various grades.
100 bags Rio Coffee, and 100 bales Kentucky and Georgia Hay.
500 boxes Tobacco, and
2,000 packages other merchandise, such as Oysters, Soaps, Rice, Soda, Candies, Fish, Yeast Powders, etc.
Close cash buyers are respectfully invited to examine our stock before making their purchases.
The usual terms to prompt merchants.

A. K. SEAGO,
Wholesale Grocer,
Corner Forsyth and Mitchell streets.
feb10–d1m **ATLANTA, Ga.**

Granger's Guano.

Delivered Anywhere in the City or on the Cars at $40 Per Ton.

The Gardener's Phosphate $30 Per Ton.

ORDERS left with any of the large dealers, or with Messrs. Redwine & Fox, or addressed to
JNO. M. C. REED,
feb4–dtf McDonough street.

WATER OF LIFE.

CONSTIPATION AND INDIGESTION

CURED AT LAST.

IT GIVES US GREAT PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE to the citizens of Atlanta that we have a sure and permanent cure for

CONSTIPATION,
INDIGESTION,
NERVOUS and
GENERAL DEBILITY

It Does Not Purge

But so invigorates the stomach and bowels that in a few days they act naturally and regularly, imparting a natural tone and healthy vigor to the whole system No matterhow long the case has been standing, the effect ofthe magical water is just the same.

HON. A. H. STEPHENS Says— "I hav taken nothing during my entire illness that did me s much good."

The Water of Life

is as transparent as the purest spring water, free from taste or smell, and as harmless as milk.

For sale by J. PURLEY & CO.,
At $1 per bottle, at the Dollar Store, Atlanta, Ga,
feb15–d1m—inside

G. & S. SALOSHIN,
Bankers and Brokers,
12 Peachtree Street,
BUY AND SELL
GOLD AND SILVER,
RAILROAD BONDS AND STOCKS,
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
DISCOUNT COMMERCIAL PAPER,
AND GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
-dt

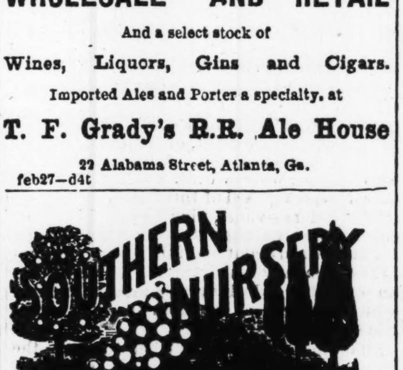
Cider! Cider!! Cider!!!

PURE APPLE CIDER AT

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

And a select stock of
Wines, Liquors, Gins and Cigars.
Imported Ales and Porter a specialty, at

T. F. Grady's R.R. Ale House
22 Alabama Street, Atlanta, Ga.
feb27—d4t



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Garlington's Patent Fire Place.

STATE, COUNTY OR CITY RIGHTS FOR SALE—I am now stopping in Atlanta for the sale of State, County or City rights for the above patent.

Any information on the subject can be had by application at THE CONSTITUTION office.

feb27—d2t J. M. ALLEN.

Coal Cars for Sale.

I will sell on

Saturday, 7th day of March,

Next, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on side track, near Western and Atlantic Railroad Depot, four No. 1 Coal Cars, nearly new.

TERMS CASH.

W. S. Grisham.

feb27 –fri sun tues thurs sat

Conyers Female College.

THE Conyers Female College, located in the flourishing town of Conyers, 30 miles east of Atlanta, on the Georgia Railroad, is now, under the management of a full corps of experienced and successful teachers, in full operation.

The superior advantages of this institution, owned and chartered by a large company of gentlemen who are animated with the sole desire of crushing out namby-pambyism in female education, and of affording increased facilities for thorough mental culture at reasonable rates, should be generally known.

Board at $12 50 per month in the best families of the place. Tuition in the College classes $40 per annum. For instruction on the piano $40 per annum.

For further particulars address

REV. H QUIGG,
President.

feb24—d3m

To Mill Owners, Mill Wrights and Millers.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform his friends, and the milling community in general, that he has

Removed his Mill Stone Manufactory and Mill Furnishing Establishment from Augusta to Atlanta,

where he has now on hand, and is constantly receiving the very best quality of Genuine **French Burr Stones,** from the most celebrated quarries of France, and is prepared to fill all orders in his line at short notice and most reasonable prices. From his long experience in the business as a practical Workman, he can safely warrant his work equal to the best manufactured in this country or Europe. He has also Esopus and Cologne mill stones of all sizes, Best quality of Anchor Bolting Cloth, Smut Machines, and all kinds of improved mill machinery for first-class flouring and grits mills, all of which he will sell at the very lowest cash prices, and warrant every article to give entire satisfaction.

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jan24-w1m-d1m sundays

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CURES

HUMPHREYS'

HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

HAVE PROVED, FROM THE MOST ample experience, an entire success. Simple Prompt, Efficient and Reliable. They are the only medicines perfectly adapted to popular use—so simple that mistakes cannot be made in using them; so harmless as to be free from danger: and so efficient as to be always reliable. They have the highest commendation from all, and will always render satisfaction. **Price,** in large three-drachm vials, with directions:

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	**Fevers,** Congestion, Inflammations, . .	50
2.	**Worms,** Worm Fever, Worm Colic, . .	50
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4.	**Diarrhœa,** of Children or Adults, .	50
5.	**Dysentery,** Griping, Bilious Colic, .	50
6.	**Cholera-Morbus,** Vomiting, ...	50
7.	**Coughs,** Colds, Bronchitis, ...	50
8.	**Neuralgia,** Toothache, Faceache, . . .	50
9.	**Headaches,** Sick Headache, Vertigo, .	50
10.	**Dyspepsia,** Bilious Stomach, ...	50
11.	**Suppressed,** or Painful Periods, . . .	50
12.	**Whites,** too Profuse Periods, ...	50
13.	**Croup,** Cough, Difficult Breathing, .	50
14.	**Salt Rheum,** Erysipelas, Eruptions, .	50
15.	**Rheumatism,** Rheumatic Pains, . . .	50
16.	**Fever and Ague,** Chill Fever, Agues,	50
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18.	**Ophthalmy,** and Sore or Weak Eyes, .	50
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21.	**Asthma,** Oppressed Breathing, . . .	50
22.	**Ear Discharges,** Impaired Hearing, .	50
23.	**Scrofula,** Enlarged Glands, Swellings, .	50
24.	**General** Debility, Physical Weakness, .	50
25.	**Dropsy** and Scanty Secretions, . . .	50
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28.	**Nervous Debility,** Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges, ...	1 00
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32.	**Sufferings** at Change of Life, ...	1 00
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34.	**Diphtheria,** Ulcerated Sore Throat, . .	50
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FAMILY CASES.

Case (Morocco) with above 35 large vials and Manual of Directions, ... $10 00
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☞ These remedies are sent by the case or single box to any part of the country, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address

Humphreys' Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co.,
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At wholesale by Henry C. Pope, Retail by Collier & Venable, and T. Schumann, Atlanta Ga.
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SELECT SCHOOL
FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG LADIES
On Whitehall Street No. 153,

IS fast acquiring its limited number of 30 pupils, and is one of the best institutions of the kind in Georgia. Tuition per month, payable per month in advance, $4 25, $5 25 and $6 25.

feb22—dtf

Georgia Paper Mill

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned, though not desirous of selling his own interest, is authorized to sell to an enterprising company a controlling interest upon

FAVORABLE TERMS.

The property is situated upon Snake Creek, in Carroll county, on, or near, the Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad. Property as follows:

400 Acres

well-timbered LANDS; fine Stone Dam, with head of water sufficient for the Mill, and a large COTTON FACTORY; always an ample supply of clear water; six good houses for operatives; fine frame building, machine room 50x80 feet; two good Cylinder Machines; five Engines, 3 large, room for 7; rag room above about the size of machine room; machinery in good running order to make the best of all kinds of paper usually made in southern mills, which took the DIPLOMA at the

STATE FAIR

for the BEST GEORGIA-MADE NEWSPAPER. The entire property can be bought if desired. For terms apply to the undersigned at Newnan, Ga.

Best come and look at the property.
Orders for news solicited.

THOS. A. GRACE,
President.

feb1-dtf

FOR SALE—ONE SEVEN-ROOM HOUS

Nearly new, very conveniently arranged, with eight clothes presses and closets, ... cation, and good neighborhood, will be sold low and on very easy terms. Apply to

feb27-dtf T. G. EISWALD, 58 Wheat Street.

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VIA

Savannah, Ga.

THE FIRST CLASS SIDE WHEEL STEAMSHIPS OF THIS LINE SAIL FROM SAVANNAH for New York, in connection with the CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, make as quick time and have superior accommodations for passengers to any ... on the Southern Coast.

THROUGH FREIGHT carried at as low rates as any other route. ALL CLAIMS for loss, damage ... large, settled promptly.

Passage from Atlanta to New York - - - - $27

Meals and Staterooms Included.

EXCURSION TICKETS.

To New York and Return, Good until 1st Oct. - $45 0

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Sumptuous Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains for Savannah. Passengers by this route should leave Atlanta on 1:40 P. M. train for Macon, the day before the Steamers sail from Savannah. All other information furnished on application to undersigned.

Atlanta, June 14, 1873. 3m

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FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE
VIA
CHARLESTON, S. C

TO AND FROM

BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BOSTON,

AND ALL THE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING CITIES

THREE TIMES A WEEK FROM NEW YORK.

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS

ELEGANT STATE-ROOM ACCOMMODATIONS.

Sea Voyage Ten to Twelve Hours Shorter Via Charleston

The South Carolina Railroad Company,

And connecting Roads West, in alliance with the Fleet of Thirteen First-Class Steamships to the ... invite attention to the Quick Time and Regular Dispatch afforded to the business public in the ... States at the

PORT OF CHARLESTON.

Offering facilities of Rail road and Sea Transportation to Freight and Passengers not excelled in ... capacity at any other Port. The following splendid Ocean Steamers are regularly on the Line:

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Total Capacity 40,000 Bales Monthly.

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STEAMSHIPS MERCEDITA and FLAG, sails every Saturday,
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Rates guaranteed as low as those of competing lines. Marine Insurance one-half of 1 p

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State-Rooms may be secured in advance, without extra charge, by addressing Agents of ... Charleston, at whose offices, in all cases the Railroad Tickets should be exchanged and Berths ... Through Tickets by this Route includes Transfers, Meals and State Room, while on Shipboard.

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july4—eodtf

PARTNER WANTED.

I OWN ONE of the best Retail Grocery Business Stands in the city of Atlanta. I wish to go into business in that line on the first of March. I wish to form copartnership with a reliable business man.

One Thousand to Fifteen Hundred Dollars, or a fresh stock of goods to that amount will admit the applicant to equal copartnership, if he comes well recommended.

Address, in the next ten days, "Grocery Business," Constitution office.
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WAREHOUSE
For Sale

THE GEORGIA BANKING AND TRUST COMPANY will sell at public outcry, on the first ... day in March next, their commodious ... Warehouse, situated in the heart of the city of Atlanta, fronting on Broad and running back ... street, having convenient entrance on both ...

Built since the war, with the best ... with metal roof, and possessing every ... storing mechandise, grain and ... cotton.

It has attached a good two-story ... with a good and safe vault.

It can be bought at private sale previous ... first next.

V. R. TOMMEY, ...

feb8dtilmar1st

Salary Bill—What Became of It?

Not Very Fair Play.

Editors Atlanta Constitution: As I thought it proper to present, through your paper and the Macon Telegraph and Messenger, the merits of my claim upon the State for the balance due me for my salary part of the time during the war, and as my friends, and the public generally, who read my several communications, may desire to know what became of the Bill introduced to pay me my unpaid salary, I would most respectfully ask you to give me space in your paper to give a full account of the same. It is the last time I ever expect to trouble the public (except the Legislatures and Courts, if I can get there) through the newspapers in relation to the same, unless I feel called upon to correct any error, or errors or misrepresentations, made in any respectable newspaper relative to the same. I hope, however, that no "bushwhacker," or one writing under a "mask" and *claiming* to be "a brother in misfortune," will again attack my claim. It is not quite fair. Besides, I don't know how to "fight" such "*guerillas.*"

WHY I BROUGHT MY CLAIM BEFORE THE PUBLIC.

From close observation of the Legislature last year, I became satisfied that no man that did not have "money," to pay the "friends" of certain ringmasters and managers of the Legislature, especially of the House of Representatives, or no man that was not a member of or connected with some rich corporation or company that could give out good lawyer's fees in Courts, could get a just claim allowed by the Legislature, unless he had "public opinion" or "the people" to back him. Besides, in presenting my claim—to show its merits—to show how hard I had worked for the people, while I was their Comptroller; how well I had earned what I claimed, and how readily the Legislature ought and could pay me—they having "recognized" and paid the interest on $100,000 bonds "issued during the war, which claim was not near as good as mine, and they having also ordered $98,000, if necessary, to be paid in redeeming the State Road notes or change bills, also issued during the war, that was not within one thousand miles as good a claim as mine, and of Boughton, Nesbit & Barnes, that they had very ceremoniously rejected. Having deemed it proper to compare my work with the late and present Comptroller, and to allude to these appropriations, I did not think they would at first "set well" upon the stomachs of members, (because, for "certain reasons," they might "prefer such things be hid," etc.) of our Legislature. And I felt that my ONLY CHANCE to get my pay, was to act upon "public opinion."

I knew that "public opinion" had been deceived as to the past. That it had been made to believe that the salaries of civil officers, who had taken and held State treasury notes, as evidences of the debt due them by the State for their salaries, had been repudiated in 1865. Having been a prime mover, if not *the* prime mover, in 1865, in *preventing* such a thing, I believed that when I presented the proceedings of the Convention, and showed that the Convention in 1865, immediately after *rejecting* a proposition to repudiate *all* State treasury notes, it adopted, by an overwhelming vote, an amendment or proviso, offered by the Hon. Joshua Hill, to pay me and others, and that when I also presented Mr. Hill's letter showing the intention and "object" of the proviso, all minds would be fully satisfied.

I know not how I have succeeded elsewhere, but the facts were so clear and convincing to all about Atlanta, that even the most unscrupulous Repudiator, inside and outside of the Legislature, *gave up* the "cry" that "your claim is repudiated." But the time for public opinion to act was too short. I was in hopes that the press, after it saw all the facts, plainly and clearly set forth, would speak out. But with three or four exceptions, who will ever have my lasting thanks, the press was "mute." The "will of the people" was "not known," and I lost my case. But how?

MY FIRST TWO COMMUNICATIONS.

No sooner did my first two communications appear than they produced quite a "fluttering" among the large majority who had voted against me last year, for Comptroller-General. Having, last year, in THE CONSTITUTION and Sun, while correcting an error connecting me with a "combination," predicted or intimated that something of the kind would occur, this year, in trying to show, in a general way, that I had worked harder for my money, by long odds, than any other Comptroller. For merely showing in a general way, from the present Comptroller's report, that $2,950 had been drawn from the treasury last year for extra clerk hire. For merely showing that while my average year, in peace times, cost the State treasury for carrying on the office but $1,856, the average cost per year of Mr. Bell's administration was over $8,400, and of Mr. Goldsmith's one year was $6,786 71. Mr. Bell's clerk hire bring fifty-two times as much as mine, and Mr. Goldsmith's clerk hire bring forty-five times as much as mine. Although I said not a word against one of these officers—never said, either one of them had been extravagant—but on the other hand, only contended that I had "worked hard, very hard," had managed the affairs of the State "very economically," while in office, etc., etc. And, for merely contending, that, as the Legislature had already voted to pay hundreds of thousands of dollars of bonds and notes "issued during the war." And contended, that, in addition to the Convention of 1865, providing especially for my pay, I thought that on account of these very hard and laborous services of mine, the late Legislature ought readily to pay me.

For merely writing and talking thus, to get a "fair hearing," and to get my pay, I, and my claim, were immediately "bound upon" by members of the Legislature. I was charged with "reflecting upon," or "attacking" (merely for giving copies from the Records,") these officers, and their supporters and friends in the Legislature. I was informed that I had "damaged my claim" much," by thus writing, and that I "could get nothing from this Legislature," &c. My claim was at first fiercely declared "repudiated." But as before said, the *facts* I presented, in qucik succession, were so overwhelming, and convincing to all, this "cry" was very soon dropped.

MY BILL AND ITS FATE!

I then got Mr. Hunter of Brooks (an honest man and a gentleman) to introduce my bill. It is due to him, however, to say that he did so without reading it—saying that while he was for giving all a fair hearing, he could not say whether or not he would support it till he examined into its merits—which was all quite satisfactory to me. I, however, stated to him at the time, and afterwards to others, that upon second reading, I wanted it referred to the Judiciary Committee, where, after presenting the "law and the testimony," I should propose that if it or the House had the slightest doubt about the legality or rightfulness of my claim, to pass a substitute for my bill, allowing me to sue the State in her courts—and, that, they might, if they thought proper, [illegible] a good bond to pay all costs incurred by the State in litigating the matter, if I did not get judgment against her for my salary, etc.

The then "cry" was raised, "we know your claim was not repudiated, and it is right and just, but we can't pay you, for if we open up these old things" and pay you, there will be so many others to pay." This language, in my opinion, no honest man ought to use. If the State justly owes me, she ought to pay me. ("*Let every tub stand on its own bottom.*") And, if others afterwards came up for pay, and she justly owes them, she ought to pay them too. She is amply able. The claims of "so many others" that she is legally liable for, is only about $50,000 or $60,000, while her property is from $280,000,000 to $300,000,000.

While this "cry" was being rung in my ears, and my bill was waiting for its second reading, I understood that the Finance Committee was about to "open up on these old things," by way of voting to pay the interest on $100,000 of what is called Atlantic and Gulf Bonds, bonds issued "during the war." I asked leave, and went before the committee. I informed it that I had no bill before it, and did not expect to have, but that as it was about to open up on this "big debt" of $100,000, I had a similar, though much better claim, or a "little debt" of $9,000 or $10,000 that I hoped it would take along with this "big debt." I carried with me the sections of the acts of the Legislature in relation to the issue of these bonds and notes, and presented five or six copies, each, to the committee to see whether I stated correctly or not, and retired. No sooner did I retire, than the committee, without looking at the law, immediately determined not to pay me—Messrs. Murphy of Harris, Brown of Cherokee, Erwin of Habersham, and Turnbull of Banks, alone being for "fair play." The Committee, however, took care to smuggle or "hide" the interest on these $100,000 A. & G. Bonds, in the item of $600,000 appropriated to pay the interest on the "Public debt." While this $600,000 appropriation was before the House, I took the Treasurer's report to Messrs. Pierce of Hancock, Williams of Dooly, Phillips of Echols, and others, to show them that this interest was in it, and requested them to ask the Chairman of the Finance Committee if the interest on these $100,000 was not in that item $600,000, but none of them would ask the question.

On the 9th of February, while I was before the Finance Committee, as above stated, and my friend Mr. Hunter was temporarily absent, my Bill was read, and by error or design, referred to the Finance Committee. The next morning (the 10th) both Mr. Hunter and myself went to Mr. C. A. Nutting, Chairman of the Finance Committee, and informed him of the error, and asked him to return the bill to the House immediately, without a report, that it might be referred to the Judiciary Committee. He promised both to do so. To me, he most promptly did so, and in a way to induce me to suppose he would take much pleasure in doing so. The Atlanta Herald having been misinformed about the bill, I made a correction in that paper on the 11th, and stated that I did not desire or intend that the Finance Committee should have my bill, but wanted it to go before the Judiciary Committee. This article was laid on the desk of each member of the House and Senate. On Friday night (13th) not hearing from my bill, I went again to the chairman of Finance Committee, Mr. Nutting, and reminded him of his promise, and asked him why he had not complied, etc. He replied that he "had not seen the bill," had "forgotten all about it," but would "look it up to-morrow and bring it back" etc. Not hearing of it the next day, on Sunday night (the 15th) seeing Mr. Nutting at the Kimball House, I again asked him about the bill, when he again replied that he "had never seen the bill, and "did not know anything about it." I then began to smell "something."

On the next morning, (Monday 16th) I went to my friend Mr. Hunter, and informed him that I suspected that a "little dog," or a "big dog," or some kind of a "dog" was roaming about in relation to my bill, and to look to it, which he did. And sure enough, late that evening, we found the bill at the desk of the Clerk of the House, with the "biped's" scratch of "Finance—do not pass." And, upon referring to the Journal of the House of the 13th of February, (the day of that night, I saw Mr. Nutting the second time, when he said he had "forgot all about it," etc.) and I found the following:

Mr. Nutting, Chairman of the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report. The Committee on Finance have had the following bills under bills under consideration, to-wit, which they reccommend "do pass."

(Here follows several bills.)

Also the following bills, which the Committee "recommend do not pass:"

* * * * *

A bill to be entitled an Act to provide for the payment of the balance of the salary of Peterson Thweatt, former Comptroller General.

* * * * *

C. A. NUTTING, Chairman.

So it turned out that I was right in supposing that some "biped" had been roaming about playing the mischief with my bill, while from a serious accident several weeks ago, I was unable to walk, only able to "hobble about," a little." And this mischeif was being done, too, while I was relying upon a word (of honor, I then supposed) of Mr. C. A. Nutting, Chairman of Finance Committee.

But the work of the "biped" was found out too late to do any good. By law, the Legislature was to adjourn in seven days. I could not hope to get my bill to Judiciary Committee in time to have a report, and if favorable, to have it pass both Houses. I therefore asked Mr. Hunter, when the bill came up, in its order, to state to the House the circumstances, and have the bill passed over without action. About the time the bill came up, Mr. Hunter's attention was again called off, and with the "scratch" of the "biped" upon my bill, it was voted down by the House. The next morning, however, Mr. Hunter got up and stated his requests, &c., to the Chairman of the Finance Committee; his promises, &c. to bring the bill back, (which was not devised) and that it had not been done as promised, &c. And he asked the House to reconsider its action upon the bill, and let it lay on the table, as if no action had been taken upon it, which motion was immediately agreed to.

Has any one ever seen worse conduct than this, perpetrated by any person, or persons? I am not flush with money; on the contrary, am quite poor, (though I don't usually speak of it, in private, and never boast of it publicly,) but I will pay a reward of fifty dollars, if any one (gentleman or rascal) can show any act of Rufus B. Bullock, or of a legislator, or of any Legislators of the Bullock Legislature, or of any act of any Finance Committee, or chairman of an Finance Committee of the Bullock Legislature where more "bad faith," where greater "perfidy" and where a more outrageous wrong upon the rights of any private citizen was ever practiced, than has been practiced on me, in this matter.

But, may be the chairman of the Finance Committee, Mr. Nutting, can offer some satisfactor explanation of this matter. He may be able to give his constituents or the public s "clue" to the "biped" that caused him to violate his promises to Mr. Hunter and myself. It is due to me, it is due to his constituents, it is due to honest men, that they should know this "biped" in or about a Georgia Legislature, that was "hiding" my bill from Mr. Nutting, so that he had "never seen it," and then "slipping it" in Mr. Nutting's "report" to the House, and then "slipping it" back to the Clerk of the House, with the endorsement on it of "Finance—Do not pass," and all, too, without Mr. Nutting's knowledge. The Clerk of the Finance Committee says my bill was never, to his knowledge, before the Joint Finance Committee. I could find no member of the Committee who recollects to have seen my bill before the Committee. Come, Mr. Nutting, let honest men hear from you?

No member can truthfully say that I ever "button-holed" or "annoyed" him about my bill. No one can say that I ever, personally, solicited him to vote for my bill. I was only able to "hobble about" a little, and talked very little with members, and my only language while talking to any of them about my claim was, "read the *facts* and do what you believe to be *right*."

MY FUTURE COURSE AS TO MY CLAIM.

If I am alive, &c., at the next session, I shall again have a bill introduced to pay me my salary of $6 250 with interest from the time other civil officers were paid their salaries in 1865, (for I have been trying from that time to this, to get my, salary accorded to me by our Convention in 1865, and have failed,) and I will have my bill referred, etc., when I will propose to the Legislature, after presenting the "Law and Testimony," that, if it has any doubt as to the legality or rightfulness of my claim, to allow me to make good my claim in the Courts of the State. And, if the Legislature wont pay me, and I can't get to the Courts otherwise, I shall propose to it to pass a bill allowing me the privilege of going to the Courts, by my giving a good bond to pay all the States expenses, including attorney's fees, in litigating the matter, if I don't get judgment against her.

After earning my money as I have, and have been kept out of it so long. And after the Convention of 1865, so handsomely accorded it to me, by authorizing "any Legislature" to pay me—it will be a very hard case for me to have to pay $500 or $1,000 to some lawyer to get my just rights acknowledged, etc., in a Court. But I would much rather pay that sum out of my hard earnings, than be troubling members of the Georgia Legislature, or the public, for my just rights; or of having any dealings whatever with "bipeds," or other "characters that I have met with in the Legislatures of 1866 and 1873 and '74.

Very respectfully,

PETERSON THWEATT.

P. S.—The House of Representatives also voted down my "proposition" to make certain "Investigations" into the Financial affairs of Bullock and Conley, free of any cost to the State. The majority of the House were afraid I might collect some money for the State! (I could have collected some, certain and sure) They were afraid to let me make my Record stronger! When I formally laid my "proposition" before both branches on the 17th February, I informed friends, and I informed all others, that the Legislature would not accept it. I am not disappointed.

No wonder my claim fared as it did—it was *Meritorious*, it was *Legal*, it was *Fair*, and it was *Just!* I leave the whole matter to the good and true men of Georgia, to see justice done me at the next session.

P. T.

Atlanta, March 1, 1874.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

LYNCH'S QUARRY.

BY virtue of an order granted by the Ordinary of the county of Fulton, State of Georgia, to the Executors of Patrick Lynch, late of said county, deceased, for the sale of the land and personal property of said deceased, will be sold before the court-house door on the first Tuesday, the 3d day of March, 1874, within the legal hours of sale, all that tract or parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, being a part of land lot 83 in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, known as "Lynch's Quarry," containing 19¾ acres, more or less and more particularly described by plats from survey to be seen at Colonel G. W. Adair's office.

Also, 2 vacant lots, 25 by 60 feet, on the east side of Broad st., adjoining Constitution Building and Hook and Ladder Truck House. Terms—One-third cash; one-third in six months; balance February 1, 1875, with small notes for the time portion, bearing ten per cent. interest, or the privilege of paying all cash.

Also, a fine Steam Pump at the Quarry, and the tools and implements for working the Quarry; 18 mules, 5 wagons, 1 carriage, 2 buggies and harness. Personal property sold for cash.

JAMES LYNCH,
PETER LYNCH,
Executors.

jan25—dtds

The Fur Market.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform the readers of THE CONSTITUTION, or its friends, who have any Mink, Otter, Beaver, Coon, Fox, or other Furs for sale, that they may find ready sale for the same until the 1st of April, at as liberal prices as are paid by any house in the South or West for the same grade of Furs. Remittances promptly made in Post-office orders, Registered letters, or by Express. For twelve years I was proprietor of the Atlanta Fur Company; now third year in Opelika. To save the expense of traveling to hunt Furs, I propose paying higher prices for all Furs delivered to me at Opelika. Send me your Furs by freight or express, with your initials on packages, and send advice by mail. Where one has not enough, club with others, and ship to BERTRAND ZACKERY, Opelika, Ala., dealer in Furs, Hides, Rags, Beeswax, old Iron and Brass, Landreth's Seeds—sells Tobacco, Peanuts, Fruits, Vegetables, Soap, Matches and Steel Traps. Thankful to all old customers for past favors, I solicit a continuance of the same, and all the new ones that may favor me with the same. I am yours respectfully.

BERTRAND ZACKERY,
Corner N. R. R. and Tallapoosa sts., Opelika, Ala.

feb8-deun&w4w

Notice to Shippers & Consignees

TRANSPORTATION OFFICE, C. R. R.,
ATLANTA DIVISION, February 10.

THE FOLLOWING FREIGHT WILL BE SOLD to pay charges, unless called for in 30 days.

ROBERT SCHMIDT,
Agent.

A M E Church, 2 packages.
L B Langford, 75 bundles Wire.
J W & J C Akers, 1 keg Syrup.
A Baker. 1 chest Tools.
J J Cooley, 1 bdl Bedding, 2 Table, 1 Trunk. 1 Rocking Chair, 1 Bedstead.
S A Echols, 5 Plows.
W G Turner, 2 boxes Crackers, 1 box Candy.
Geo Leitz, 1 empty Keg.

feb21—d sun tues thurs 3w

FOR RENT.

THE Store House formerly occupied by West & Edwards, on Peachtree street—basement, first and second floors.

For terms, apply to

HOWELL & CO.,
Peachtree street.

dec31—dtf

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE,
ATLANTA, GA., February 25, 1874.

AT the last regular meeting of the Mayor and Council of the city of Atlanta, the following resolution was introduced and adopted, viz:

Whereas, The custom of selling whisky by the bottle, known as fives and sixes, has been of long standing and practiced by all dealers, and

Whereas, The late construction of the Code makes it a violation to sell such bottles:

Therefore, be it resolved, That notice be given through the daily papers for one week, that all such sales of bottles are violations of the City Code, and will be held as such. All parties dealing in liquors are required to sell full quarts, or else be considered as violators, and punished according to law.

I certify that the above is a true and correct copy from the regular minutes of Council.

FRANK T. RYAN,
City Clerk.

feb25—d6t

Ten Dollars Reward.

LOST on Wednesday night last, between the Kimball House and Car Shed, or on the train between Atlanta and Marietta, a small pocketbook, containing a sum of money and some railway tickets. The above reward paid for the recovery. Inquire at the office of The Constitution.

feb28—d3t

Whann's Raw Bone

SUPERPHOSPHATE

The old and well tried article, sold only by

C. H. STRONG & CO.,

If you want the simon-pure article, look well to the brand and buy only from them.

CHAMPION.

This article is, par excellence, one of the best, if not the very best fertilizers in the market. Thousands will testify to its merits.

For both the above inimitable articles, call on C. H. Strong & Co.

We want you to make cotton. We want it. The better crop you make the better we are pleased. We give you the

COTTON OPTION AT 15 CENTS PER POUND

At same prices as last season. Don't hesitate, as many of you did last year, until you have to buy something you don't want. Remember, same prices as last year, both for cash and cotton option. Headquarters for best brands of Fertilizers,

AT NO. 61 BROAD STREET

feb25-dtf

C. H. STRONG & CO.

ATLANTA AUCTION HOUSE

NO. 26 PEACHTREE STREET,

Joyner & Stockton.

WE DO EXCLUSIVELY A COMMISSION BUSINESS. WE BUY NO GOODS. WE HAVE NO BY-BIDding; no Peter Funking, but a straight out legitimate business. Prompt attention given to all orders entrusted, and consignments solicited.

Special Attention Given to the Sale of Real Estate.

Auction Sales Every Thursday Morning at 10:30 o'clock.

feb26—dtf

JOYNER & STOCKTON.

Grand Lottery of Real Estate!

THE GEORGIA

Real Estate and Immigration Company

OFFER THE PUBLIC THE FOLLOWING SCHEME:

$126,000 REAL ESTATE IN GEORGIA

640 PRIZES!

WHOLE TICKETS ONLY SOLD.

CAPITAL PRIZE, - - $25,000.

TICKETS $10 EACH.

Legalized by State authority, and Drawn in public in Augusta, Georgia. Class A to be drawn on the 22d of April, 1874. 640 Prizes, amounting in the aggregate to $126,000.

1st and Capital Prize—An Improved Lot in the city of Atlanta, situated at the corner of Loyd and Wall streets, within 60 feet of the Union Passenger Depot, 25 feet front and running back 110 feet, to 20 feet alley—a new and elegantly constructed four-story building thereon, basement, store rooms and sleeping apartments—can be rented for $3,000 00 per annum, valued at....... $25,000 00

2ND PRIZE—A City Lot on west side of Spring street, between Cain and Harris streets, in Atlanta, fronting 100 feet, and running back 200 feet, to an alley, whereon there is erected a new and elegantly built dwelling house, containing eleven commodious rooms, besides bath rooms, store rooms, water closet, fuel rooms, etc., with water works attached, hot and cold water pipes, and all necessary out buildings. One of the most desirable city residences in the South, valued at....... 20,000 00

3RD PRIZE—A Farm in the far famed Cedar Valley, Polk county, Georgia, two and a half miles from Cedartown, containing 320 acres—half cleared, balance well timbered—abundant running water, comfortable buildings, etc., valued at....... 12,500 00

4TH PRIZE—A Farm in Nacoochee Valley, White county, Georgia, of 250 acres, well improved and in a high state of cultivation, good dwelling, new and necessary out houses, adjoining the new and magnificent possessions of Capt. James H. Nichols, valued at....... 10,000 00

5TH PRIZE—A Farm of 800 acres, situate twenty miles west of Macon, in Crawford County, Georgia, in the fork of Big and Little Echeconna Creeks—half cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance heavily timbered, with oak, hickory and beach—good dwelling, out houses, etc., capital gin and cotton press, valued at....... 8,000 00

6TH PRIZE—A Tract of Land of 25 acres, situate in Richmond county, Georgia, one-half mile from the corporate limits of Augusta, Georgia, with all the improvements thereon, consisting of an elegant frame dwelling with all the necessary out buildings, in good order, etc., valued at....... 8,000 00

7TH PRIZE—A recently improved City Lot in Marietta, Georgia, containing about two acres, with a ten room dwelling house thereon, in good repair, kitchen, servant's house, dairy house, stables, etc., within 200 yards of the Railroad Depot, valued at....... 7,500 00

One Prize of	7,000 00	Six Prizes, each	550 00
One Prize of	4,500 00	Six Prizes, each	475 00
One Prize of	1,300 00	Six Prizes, each	400 00
Three Prizes, each	1,100 00	Six Prizes, each	309 00
Two Prizes, each	900 00	Six Hundred approximation prizes	6,000 00
One Prize of	750 00		

640 Prizes, amounting in the aggregate to....... $126,000 0

MODE OF DRAWING.

There will be upon the stage two glass wheels, the contents of which can be seen by all the spectators. A committee of two citizens, in no way connected with the management, and of undoubted integrity, having first counted and examined, will place in the larger wheel 12,600 tickets exactly alike, and having printed numbers from one to 12,600 corresponding to all the tickets sold. A similar committee, having first counted and examined, will place in tubes precisely alike the prizes which are placed in the smaller wheel. Both wheels will then be turned until their contents are thoroughly mixed. A boy under fifteen years of age, blindfolded, will then draw from the larger wheel one of the 12,600 tickets, and holding it up in full view of the spectators and auditors, its number will be called by the crier appointed for this purpose, so that all present may hear. The number will then be passed to the committee of citizens, who will say whether the number has been rightly called. It will then be passed to a registrar, who will file it, and record it upon a book prepared for that purpose. A boy of similar age will then draw from the smaller wheel one of the tubes containing a prize, which will be opened and held up to the view of the spectators and auditors. The value of the real estate prize will then be cried, and passed to the committee, who after inspection, will give it to another registrar to file and record. The prize thus drawn will belong to the ticket bearing the number drawn immediately before it. Thus this process will continue, drawing first from the large wheel containing the tickets, and then from the small or prize wheel until all the tubes containing the prizes are drawn. An accurate record of the above will be kept on file, certified to by the committee of disinterested citizens officiating.

The Prizes below $300 in value are approximations, and will be determined and paid as follows: The numbers of all the Tickets sold being considered in a circle, numerically formed, and having the highest number, 12,600, and the lowest, 1, brought together, then whatever number in this circle may be by lot determined to be entitled to the Capital Prize of $25,000 will be taken as a center, on each side of which the next 300 numbers in numerical order will be counted for the $10 Prizes, thus making on the two sides of Capital the 600 nearest numbers, each of which will be entitled to a Real Estate Prize of $10. All the Tickets drawing larger Prizes will be excluded, and the circle extended to include 600 on both sides of the Capital, being 300 on each side, it being the purpose of the management not to duplicate Prizes.

MONEY—All money received from sale of Tickets will be deposited in Bank immediately on receipt of remittances.

TRANSFER OF TITLES.—Within ten days after the drawing, parties putting Real Estate on the market under this Scheme, are required to make good, valid and unencumbered titles thereto to the Georgia Real Estate and Immigration Company—said Company obligating themselves to transfer such title in fee simple to the party or parties who may draw such Prize of Real Estate.

Tickets can be had on application, personally or by letter, to authorized agents, the managers, or

JAMES GARDNER,
President Georgia Real Estate and Immigration Company,
Atlanta or Augusta, Georgia.

CORPORATORS.

Hon. WILLIAM SCHLEY, Savannah, Georgia.
ROBERT SCHLEY, Esq., Augusta, Georgia.
Col. JAMES GARDNER, Augusta, Georgia.

MANAGERS.

A. M. WALLACE, Atlanta, Georgia.
H. L. WILSON, Atlanta, Georgia.
J. D. WADDELL, Atlanta, Georgia.

☞ Parties desiring to dispose of their Real Estate through the Georgia Real Estate and Immigration Company in their next Grand Lottery, to be drawn on July 1st, 1874, can do so by addressing

JAMES GARDNER,
President Ga. R. E. & I. Co., Atlanta or Augusta, Georgia.

☞ AGENTS wanted in every county.

jan3—dtf

SCHEDULE

Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railway.

DAILY PASSENGER.

	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
	P. M.	P. M.
Atlanta	[illegible]	[illegible]
	P. M.	P. M.
Charlotte	8:45	8:06
	P. M.	P. M.
North Carolina Railroad Junction	8:30	8:15

Accommodation Passenger.

	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
	A. M.	A. M.
Atlanta	4:36	11:46
	A. M.	A. M.
Charlotte	2:12	[illegible]
	A. M.	A. M.
North Carolina Railroad Junction	7:10	[illegible]

Turn-Out Seat Buggy.

A NEAT Family Buggy with a seat facing out behind, to carry four persons when desired, at

jan25-d1m

WOODRUFF & JOHNSON'S.

For Sale.

A CARRIAGE AND HARNESS, almost new. Also, a HORSE.

L. BELLINGRATH,
No. 12 Marietta street.

feb4-dtf

Rooms to Rent.

SEVERAL NICE ROOMS, suitable for offices or sleeping rooms, to rent cheap, one minute's walk from Post Office, Granite Block, on Broad street, near the bridge.

Apply at law office of S. A. Darnell, Room 3 Hillyer Building, Alabama street.

Splendid Lot for Sale.

WALLACE & FOWLER,

HVAE A MAGNIFICENT CORNER LOT

The best Unimproved Business Lot

the center of the city, for Sale.

owners have made other purchases and do not need it. Apply at once.

jan10-dtf.

VICI.

Jackson's Magic Balsam

—THE—

Great Master of Pain,

IF KEPT IN

EVERY FAMILY

WOULD BE FOUND EQUAL TO

Any Emergency.

THE PROOF:

ATLANTA, GA., November [illegible], 1873.

P. Van Alstine, Esq., Barnesville, Ga.:

DEAR SIR—You must excuse me for this outburst of praise for your invaluable medicine, and thanks to you for placing it within my reach. Let me tell you about it: To-night, after supper, I was attacked with a very acute pain in my right side. I had felt it coming on for several days, but it did not reach a focus until to-night, and of all intense pains, it was the worst I ever had. Having tried your Balsam before for different ailments and found it equal to any emergency, I went down suffering most excruciating pain as I went along, and paid my last quarter for a small bottle of Jackson's Magic Balsam. It was with the greatest difficulty I reached home. The medicine was applied to the hurting place, and in a few minutes after the application, I took my pencil, and while I scribble these lines to you the pain has disappeared, leaving me as happy as the usual sun flower, and another dose of the Magic Truck in the bottle ready for any pain that might arise. I only wish you as much good luck as your Balsam is efficious, and that is a great deal.

Yours truly,

B. W. [illegible],
Typographical Artist,
With Christian Index.

jan16—jan27—d2aw&wtf

OFFICE OF THE LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA

ST. LOUIS, February 10, 1874.

In accordance with sec. 4 of the Amended Charter of the Life Association of America, approved September 30, 1872, there will be an election for five members of the General Board of Directors, to serve for the term of three years, at the office of the Association in St. Louis, Mo., on Tuesday, the 17th day of March, 1874. Polls open from 11 A. M. to 3 P. M.

J. S. PIERCE, Sec'y.

H. W. HOUGH,
President.

feb28—d1aw3w

$250,000 for $50!

Fourth Grand Gift Concert

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

Public Library of Kentucky.

On Tuesday, 31st March, Next.

60,000 Tickets; 12,000 Gifts!

LIST OF GIFTS.

ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		$250,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		100,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		50,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		25,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		17,500
10 CASH GIFTS	$10,000 each	100,000
30 CASH GIFTS	5,000 each	150,000
50 CASH GIFTS	1,000 each	50,000
80 CASH GIFTS	500 each	40,000
100 CASH GIFTS	400 each	40,000
150 CASH GIFTS	300 each	45,000
250 CASH GIFTS	200 each	50,000
325 CASH GIFTS	100 each	32,500
11,000 CASH GIFTS	50 each	550,000

TOTAL, 12,000 GIFTS, ALL CASH, amounting to....... $1,500,000

The Concert and Distribution of Gifts will *positively and unequivocally* take place on the day now fixed whether ALL the Tickets are sold or not, and the Twelve Thousand Gifts all paid in proportion to the number of Tickets sold.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole tickets $50 00; Halves $25 00; Tenths, or each coupon $5 00; Eleven Whole Tickets for $500 00.

Send for circular.

The time for the drawing is near at hand, and persons intending to purchase tickets have no time to lose.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent Publ. Libr. Ky. and Manager Gift Concert,
Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.

Redwine & Fox have tickets for sale.

feb 13-d mon & thurs w eow

Central Railroad House

JONESBORO, GEORGIA.

William Hammett and Lady

HAVE leased that magnificent NEW BRICK HOTEL recently erected in Jonesboro, Georgia, and furnished it throughout with New Furniture. The Lessees promise to spare no pains or expense to please their patrons. Give them a call.

aug5—dtf

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA,

SUNDAY, MARCH 1, 1874.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar11-ly

Carley, Buck & Co.!

Atlanta Branch Great Southern Oil and Paint Works, 49 & 51 Pryor street. Pure Leads, Lard, Linseed, and Burning Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Window-Glass, Lamps, etc., at Wholesale. Artists' materials, Crayons, Pencils, Canvass, Stretchers, Waters and Oil Colors, etc., a speciality. apr15-eodly

REMOVAL.—Lochrey has moved his office for the receiving and delivery of work to East Hunter street, opposite the Christian Church. He can now fill order with better dispatch than before. When you want to dye go to Lochrey's. oct7-tf

The Seven Wonders of Atlanta.

1. The free mail delivery.
2. The Mineral Spring.
3. Uniformed Police.
4. The Magnificent Fire Department.
5. The New Iron Bridge.
6. The beauty of the ladies.
7. The greatest of all—how Ladies' Underwear can be sold so cheap at No. 45 Marietta street, opposite the Post Office. oct26-deodtf

PEASE'S PALACE
DINING ROOMS,
Alabama Street, Atlanta, Georgia,
HAVE PLEASED THE PEOPLE
SINCE 1865.

The first to give Atlanta what she has long needed, a Reliable Restaurant.

This House has had a popular run of eight years.

Our Lady Department, on the second floor, strictly reserved for their accommodation, gives universal satisfaction.

Special attention is given to select Suppers, Dinner to order, Wedding Parties, etc., etc.

Mr. West, formerly connected with Ryan's Soda Water, is now connected with me in the Fish, Oyster and Fruit Business.

Price List of Norfolk Oysters:

Select, per quart	65 cents
Medium, per quart	50 cents
Ordinary, per quart	40 cents

Address

O. L. PEASE,
Atlanta, Ga.

jan11—dtf

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Removal of stock of fancy and family groceries to Whitehall street—John W. Stokes.

Potatoes, Herrings, hams brandy, etc.—John W. Stokes.

Spring calicos, dress goods, domestic bed spread beds, etc.—John Keely.

Spring hats—large lot—Knox's Millinery Store.

See how E. S. Marshall got shot, and do likewise.

Fine dinners, suppers, game, fish, coffee, etc.—see notices of Pease's Restaurant

Coal Creek Coal, stove wood—Sciple & Sons.

Mobile Fire Department Insurance Company—Walker & Boyd, agents.

Masonic—Cœur de Lion Commandery meets Monday night—D. S. Killam, Recorder.

Petition for discharge of Phillip M. Trimble, Bankrupt—A. E. Buck, Clerk.

Eighth anniversary ball of the Hibernian Benevolent Society, Tuesday evening, March 17th.

Builders' Association—regular meeting of Monday afternoon—C. W. Hunnicutt, Secretary.

Crystal Lake Ice—full supply at Atlanta Ice House—H. F. Emery.

The Water of Life—see notice.

Three-story brick house for sale at auction—Wallace & Fowler.

Scofield flower garden property for sale—G. W. Adair.

House and lot on Powers street for sale—G. W. Adair.

Bradley property for sale—13 unimproved lots—C. J. Carey, guardian.

Campbell County Deputy Sheriff's sales—See notice of William Thompson, Deputy Sheriff.

See also notices in local column.

W. H. BROTHERTON calls especial attention to his stock of black Alpaca. He is offering them at greatly reduced prices. Consult your interest by examining them before making your purchase.

JUST received, twenty cases gents' French calf boots at $3, worth $5. Call and see them at W. H. Brotherton's.

W. H. BROTHERTON has reduced his stock of woolen goods from 10 to 30 per cent. Call early to secure bargains.

1,000 pairs ladies' Alpine kid gloves 50 cents, worth $1; 33 in water twist Bleached Domestic 12½ cents at W. H. Brotherton's.

SCIPLE & SONS, 8 Loyd and 59 Decatur streets, Coal Creek Coal directly from mines, for sale by car load, ton and bushel. feb27—d1m

Rev. H. H. Tucker, D.D., will preach at Central Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning, March 1st, at 10:30 o'clock. feb 28-3t

Now is the time to plant your Onion Setts and Potatoes. J. Ben Wilson & Co., Broad street, by the bridge, can supply you, at wholesale or retail, at best cash prices. feb 15-tf

WE supply restail dealers in garden seeds at lowest cash wholesale prices.

feb 15—dtf

J. BEN. WILSON & CO.,
Broad street, by the Bridge.

TO THE GEORGIA MERCHANTS.—You will do well to call on or send your orders to E. T. England, with Jehial Read & Co., hatters, 463, Broadway, New York. feb21-1m

IF you wish Fresh and Reliable Garden Seeds, —"Buist's" new stock—go to the Seed Store J. Ben Wilson & Co., Broad street, by the bridge.

feb15—dtf

FOR SALE OR RENT.—A new four room cottage in a good neighborhood, near street railroad, with large lot attached. Terms easy. Inquire of Phillips and Crew. feb. 25 1w.

THE LIVEST DRUG STORE is kept by Bean Berry, at 28 Whitehall street. Prescriptions compounded day and night by men who understand their business. The famous Calhoun Tobacco and a choice lot of Cigars always on hand. feb32—d1m

VALUABLE property at Fort Valley for sale.

COAL CARS.—W S Grisham will sell on next Saturday four coal cars, nearly new.

BUGGY FOR SALE.—See advertisement for sale cheap. Apply to No. 38 Broad street.

IT is suggested that the City Council meet tri-weekly, and limit their sessions to two and a half hours.

MR. JNO W. STOKES has something nice for all the readers of THE CONSTITUTION. See what he has to say in the Local and Business column.

THE SEASON FOR BIG SUITS.

Alexander H. Stephens vs. the Western and Atlantic Railroad Company.

It is only a few weeks since we had occasion to give our readers a concise statement of a bill filed by Gen. Robert Toombs, as attorney for the [illegible] combination, against the Western and Atlantic Railroad Company. The object of this bill is to set aside the present lease.

On Friday this gentleman filed another bill against the same defendants. The statement of the case is Alexander H. Stephens vs. the Western and Atlantic Railroad Company of Fulton county, and George H. Hazlehurst of Bibb county. The amount sought to be recovered is only *one million dollars*.

MR. STEPHENS' CASE.

The following is a condensed statement of the principal allegations in this bill: Mr. Stephens charges that on the 27th day of December in the year 1870 he became one of the lessees and proprietors of the Western & Atlantic Railroad, then the property of the State, and on the same day was incorporated under an act of the Legislature of Georgia, passed the 26th day of October in the same year, with divers other persons, also lessees, as a member, under the name and style of the Western & Atlantic Railroad Company. That he was entitled to half of one share in said leases, being one-forty-sixth part of the whole. That after said road and its appurtenances were turned over to said company, he

CONVEYED TO THE STATE OF GEORGIA

all of his interest for reasons satisfactory to him self, That until recently he believed his deed of conveyance had been excepted by the State. That sometime before the first of October, in the year 1871, a meeting was held of persons styling themselves the Western and Atlantic Railroad Company, which meeting determined that with the consent of the State of Georgia, and of the securities upon their bond, they would receive in the place of A. H. Stephens, George H. Hazlehurst, of Bibb county, and have transferred to him the one half share of Stephens which they declared he had surrendered and abandoned by his action. That he had no notice of any kind of this action, and they only became known to him during the summer of 1873. That Rufus Bullock, then Governor of Georgia, gave the desired executive permission for the transfer; that it was accepted by said George H. Hazlehurst, and that he has continued to receive a share of the rents and profits of said Road up to the present time.

The bill further charges that this grant to George H. Hazlehurst is

UTTERLY ILLEGAL AND VOID,

also that neither Governor Bullock, Governor Conley, Governor Smith, or the Legislature have ever received Mr. Stephens gift to the State, or ever claimed any right under his deed.

That the said one-half share is therefore still his property. That the company have never notified him of their meetings, or furnished him with any information as to their business, their receipts or their expenditures. The bill closes with a demand that he have full access to and the examination of all the books of said Company from its organization to the final settlement of this case, and to receive his portion of all the profits earned by said corporation, amounting to

ONE MILLION DOLLARS,

or some other large sum. It also prays that the grant to Hazlehurst be vacated.

To the bill are annexed as exhibits, the deed from Mr. Stephens to the State, the minutes of the meeting which made the transfer to Hazlehurst, the written consent of the securities, and the executive warrant.

LYNCH'S QUARRY.—Col. Adair will sell for the executors next Tuesday Lynch's Quarry (worth more than a gold mine) and the tools, implements and machinery connected with it.

The refrain sang by our City Fathers every Friday evening is, "We won't go home till morning." Alderman Fowler proposes next Friday night to order his breakfast sent to him.

THE NEW CHARTER.—The City Council acted wisely in resolving to print the proposed changes made in our organic law affecting the present Council, in the daily papers. It gives them a more extensive circulation and at a smaller cost than in pamphlet form The people want to know what the changes are.

WE invite attention to the advertisement of Mrs J L Byington, offering for sale the Byington Hotel in Fort Valley, a cottage, a dwelling house and lot, and two store houses, and a valuable residence in Albany, a small cottage and a splendid plantation.

DR. W. W. DURHAM.—The office of Dr. W. W. Durham is now in the north end of Powell's Block, second story, at the junction of Broad and Peachtree streets.

The Lecture.

Saxe will have a splendid audience for his lecture. It is racy, it is eloquent. The people intend giving the Library a rousing benefit. Secure reserved seats at once. Admission to the gallery is only 50 cents.

BROAD STREET PROPERTY.—Col. Adams will sell on next Tuesday, for the executors of Patrick Lynch, two "gilt-edge" business lots adjoining THE CONSTITUTION office.

ANOTHER LAW SUIT.—We learn that on yesterday an action in ejectment was filed in DeKalb Superior Court, in favor of the Georgia Railroad Company vs. E. T. White, lessee of the King House at Stone Mountain, tenant in possession. The suit is to eject the tenant from an eating house erected on the right-of-way of the Georgia Railroad. Messrs. George Hillyer and M. A. Candler represent the Georgia Railroad.

THE ORGAN.—The county contest for the organ stands as follows: Rockdale, Carroll, Newton, Cobb, Campbell, and several other counties very close. We are advised of a large number of clubs about to come in, which may materially change the order.

TWIN CALVES.—Mr. James Lanier, on Fair street, possesses a valuable cow, who now rejoices in the possession of twin calves. They are very fine, and are attracting crowds of visitors.

CENTRAL CHURCH.—Rev. Dr. Tucker preaches at the Central Presbyterian Church this morning, the pastor having not yet fully recovered from his illness. Our Presbyterian brethren were delighted with the Doctor's sermon last Sabbath, and, weather permitting, the church will be crowded.

GEORGIA WESTERN RAILROAD.—The Board of Directors of the Georgia Western Railroad, have called for the payment of 39 per cent., the balance of stock subscription to be paid on or before March 5.

RECOVERED.—Rev. W. B. Osborne, Pastor of Loyd street Church, who has been ill for several weeks, has so far recovered that he will occupy his pulpit this morning.

Special Notices.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN.

Rev Dr Nall, will preach in the First Presbyterian Church at 10½ A M and 7½ P M.

UNITARIAN UNIVERSALISM.

Rev S L Roripaugh, (late of North Alabama) will preach to-morrow morning and night, upon the ringing of the church bells, in Good Templars Hall, corner of Marietta and Broad Streets. Seats free.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

The regular services of this church will be held this morning at 10½ o'clock; also, this evening at 7½ o'clock. Elder T. M. Harris, pastor. Sunday school at 3 P M. John A. Perdue superintendent. The Bible class will in future be presided over by Mr. Harris, and a most excellent opportunity is now offered to all who delight in the study of the law of God.

Progress of the Good Templars.

Dr J J Hickman, the great temperance lecturer, has [illegible] tour. He has met with marked success. The results are as follows:

At Conyers he organized a lodge with 111 charter members.

At Greensboro a new lodge with 51 charter members.

At Union Point a new lodge with 115 charter members.

At Watkinsville a new lodge with [illegible] charter members.

At Lexington a new lodge with 40 charter members.

He initiated 15 members at Crawford, 23 at Antioch and 200 at Athens.

Five new lodges and 585 new members.

MRS. OVERBY'S BOARDING HOUSE.—Mrs. Overby's boarding house is situated two doors west of the Capitol, on Marietta street, in the new and handsome building erected by Dr. John M. Johnson. The boarding house is first-class in every respect. The furniture, improvements and appointments are complete. The table is supplied with the best the market affords.

PATENT FIRE PLACE.—Mr. J. M. Allen is in the city, and is selling State, county and city rights for Garlington's patent fire place. One of these fire places is now in use in the counting room of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, and after a full test, we can pronounce it OK. It is economical, saving fuel and heat.

FASHIONABLE DRESS MAKING.—We invite attention to the card of Mrs. S. E. Swift, fashionable dress maker, No. 20 Cooper street. We commend her to the favorable attention of our lady readers.

CHANGE IN SCHEDULES.—Quite an important change is made in the schedule of the Atlanta and West Point Railroad, to take effect to-day. The day passenger train will leave at 9:40 P M., instead of 1:20 A. M., and will arrive at West Point at 2:07 A. M.

A change also takes place in the schedule of the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railway Company. The daily passenger train leaves Charlotte at 6 A M and arrives in Atlanta at 9:18 P M. connecting with the Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

The Stone Mountain Accommodation train leaves Stone Mountain at 7:30 A M. instead of 7:25 A M. We learn that through passenger trains are now run from Augusta to Macon.

CANCERS CURED.—A branch Infirmary of Professor Kline's establishment has been located in Decatur. Dr. Thomas E. Collier and Dr. A. L. Barry are in charge of it. Cancers, tumors, scrofulous swellings, fever sores, excrescences and morbid growths are treated successfully without knife or caustic medicine, and without loss of blood or debility of the system.

PROSPECT FOR A GOOD WEEK'S TRADE.—If we judge by the large lot of new and choice goods which our friend John Keely opened on last Saturday, and the prices of at least some of them, we should say that his store will be crowded to excess during the coming week. Read his notice in local column and call and examine his goods and prices.

THIS ARTICLE RECOMMENDED BY YOUR PRINCIPLE PHYSICIANS.—Are you troubled any with your feet. use the new Medicated Corn File. It is the only article ever made that will actually cure corns, excresences, dead skin or callous bunions in four weeks. Once using will relieve of all pain. Can be used by a child; never touches the sound flesh; never causes the feet to bleed. Ladies or gentlemen troubled, by addressing for one week, Medicated Corn File, H. I. Kimball House, the Doctor will call upon them. Acknowledged by all the greatest live chiropodist.

GEORGIA MUSICAL ECLECTIC.—The March number of this popular musical monthly, published by Guilford, Wood & Co., will be ready on Tuesday, and will contain, in addition to a choice selection of readable and interesting articles, editorials, local musical news, gossip, etc., etc., one of the most beautiful serenade songs ever published—"Stars of Night Adorning," from Victor Hugo's "Ruy Blas," English words by Mrs. Macfarren, the music by Wekerlin. We predict that this song will "be in everybody's mouth," in less than a month. A fine march by Dana—brilliant and not difficult—will also be found in this number. Subscription price of the ECLECTIC is only One Dollar a year, with three dollars' worth of music given as a premium.

THE MOBILE UNDERWRITERS.—We hail the advent of this Southern combination of insurance capital as one of the many evidences of the recuperation of the South, and of her adoption of practical business measures of securing success.

The combination of capital is recognized by the ablest financiers as an essential element of success. The Fire Insurance Companies of Mobile have recognized this simple and obvious element of success, and apparently present in their array of figures in capital and assets the amplest guarantee of security.

We are gratified that a sister State is able to offer our merchants and business men such evidences of her ability to relieve them from that most terrible disaster, which no capacity can foresee, and which in an hour may bury the accumulations of years of industry—a destructive fire.

The enterprising firm of Walker & Boyd, (composed of General W S Walker and I S Boyd.) are the representatives of this combination of companies, No 7 Wall street, under Kimball House.

FOR ONLY TWELVE DAYS LONGER.—M. Rich & Co are determined to close out their entire stock of dry goods and shoes within 12 days, and will offer better inducements to purchasers than ever. Be sure to go soon as they will close business by the 14th of this month. mar1 d3t

M. RICH & CO. have a new lot of spring prints at 10c per yard, fine Marcell quilts at $1 75, worth $3.00. A large lot of Balbrigan hose, white good, and a large assortment of Ribbons at your own prices. They are determined to close business by the 14th of this month. mar 1-d3t

Consignees

GEORGIA CENTRAL RAILROAD—ATLANTA DIVISION.
ATLANTA, GA., March 2, 1874.

George W Jack, Phillips & Crew, McNaught & Scrutchins, Law & Co, Lawson B Langford, Silvey, Daugherty & Co, S H Holland & Co, I L Winter, J Warlick, Moore, Marsh & Co, A C & B F Wyly & Co, L P Grant "Sup't" A & W Point Railroad, John F Morris, John Burley, Franklin & Eichberg, Peck Planing Mill Co, Theo Schuman, Woodruff & Johnson, Elsas, Hay & Co; R P S Kimbrough & Co, Henry Banks, Jr, Redwine & Fox, Atlanta Agency C R R, William J Land, W F Stokes, Frank E Block, M Wellhouse, Mark W Johnson, T J Hightower & Western and A R R Co, Howe Sewing Machine Co, C S Newton, W N Jordon, Porter & Butler, Milo S Freeman, Longley & Robinson, R H Caldwell, S Cornell, James Ormand, J T Hagan, Fechter, Mercer & Co, M T Castleberry, F H LeDuc, F M Winn, H Ferguson, J Madsen, Wm Rushton, T S Soune.

BOOK NOTICES.

Aunt Jo's Scrap Bag. By LOUISA M. ALCOTT. Publishers, Roberts Brothers, Boston.

The publication of books for children has become one of the specialities of the age. The best literary brains of the country are engaged in making healthy and instructive reading for the young folks, and the most enterprising publishers are investing capital and exhausting taste upon the publication of such reading. A parent has no difficulty in these days in selecting a large library of choice volumes specially printed for children.

Aunt Jo's Scrap Bag is one of these child's books, and an admirable, beautiful little volume, alike in its matter and appearance. Miss Alcott, the authoress, has won considerable reputation by her well known productions. "Little Woman," "Little Man," "An Old Fashioned Girl," etc. To those who want a charming and instructive little book for the young girls and boys, we can recommend Aunt Jo's Scrap Bag. It can be found at Phillips & Crew.

[illegible] By FLORENCE MONTGOMERY. Publishers, J B Lippincott, Philadelphia.

We have in this volume an exquisite story of child life that can be read with pleasure and profit by the old and young. It tells of a boy and girl obscurely born, who had aspirations and capacities above their condition, and who thwarted all efforts to keep them back. The story has a fine moral, and is interwoven with many fine sentiments. The style is clear and simple. Like the volume above mentioned, this book is bound and painted beautifully, and is a credit to the publishers. This work is also for sale at Phillips & Crew's.

In His Name. A Christmas Story by E. E. HALE. Published by the proprietors of the Old and New Magazine. Boston.

This novel, neatly bound in paper, is a contribution of the proprietors of the Old and New Magazine, published in Boston, to its subscribers. It is a readable tale. The style is excellent and the incidents interesting and well drawn. For sale at Phillips & Crew.

Besse Wilmerton. A Novel. By MARGARET WESTCOTT. Published by G. W. Carlton & Co. New York.

This is a very pleasant tale of quiet character, very readable and interesting, and gotten up in Carlton's best manner of publication. The volume is beautifully bound in watered blue muslin, and the pages are fancifully lined with red on the margins.

A girl reduced from affluence to poverty becomes a teacher. Her lover mysteriously absents himself for a year under a promise to his dying mother of which the girl knows nothing, not to communicate with his betrothed during the year. Her experiences during the eventful year are interestingly drawn. The style of the work is unpretentious, its tone is thoroughly good, and the moral salutary. Without being a brilliant production it is a novel of average merit and interest and of entirely wholesome views.

Phillips & Crew have it.

The Catholic Fair.

We have heard of a capital idea in connection with this approaching Fair. Mrs. John H. Flynn is preparing an easy chair, with smoking gown, cap, and slippers, to be awarded the Director of the Y. M. L. A receiving the largest number of votes. That chair will be eagerly contested. The young ladies should see to it that some clever bachelor gets it.

The beautiful oil painting representing "St. John and the Mother of our Savior," and a beautiful suburban residence lot at Hurtville, will be raffled at Mrs. Flynn's table.

A DECATUR belle visited Atlanta a few days ago, and three typos put "subs" on. A *Word* to the *Lively* is sufficient.

FOR genuine fun go to the Y. M. L. A. lecture by Saxe Tuesday night.

THOMPSON'S RESTAURANT.—The man who cannot satisfy his appetite at Thompson's is fit for treason's stratagems and spoils.

THAT LAND LOT BUSINESS.

A Magnificent Hoax.

The Columbus Enquirer states, not however upon the authority of THE CONSTITUTION, that Camp was in Atlanta. He may be here, but only in the imagination of the man who perpetrated that cruel joke upon a newspaper reporter.

We are trying to obtain an instrument whereby we can draw the lineaments of the said Camp from the brain of the joker. To be serious, the first publications must have had their origin, as we have before stated, to a canard, whereby a reporter was woefully taken in. As to the soundness of these titles there cannot be even the vestige of a doubt. This was clearly shown by the history of the property in yesterday's CONSTITUTION. Several years ago some visionary claimant consulted an Atlanta lawyer upon the subject, but the matter was that he subsided. It is true that some three or four months ago a correspondence was started with another of our attorneys, but will never make either of the parties enough money to pay for postage stamps.

A Rare Treat.

We had the pleasure, yesterday, of looking through the beautiful collection of sample chromos, photographs and stereoscopes of Mr. T. D. McCormack, who is traveling for the large house of E. & H. T. Anthony & Co., of 591 Broadway New York.

The collection is a most exquisite one, including all the latest novelties in that line. A full half a day can be spent by any one in going through the myriad of beauties. It is wonderful how art is daily improving. Mr. McCormack makes two trips a year. We have had the pleasure of seeing his samples for several years. This is the finest collection he has ever had. He also carries with him samples of elegant photographic albums and photographic material.

THE O. K. CLOTHING STORE.—We are glad to learn that at No. 27 Whitehall street, (old stand of our popular druggist, H. O. Pope) a new clothing store, under the above name, will be soon opened by Mr. J. H Haas, of Philadelphia, son of Jacob Haas, one of the oldest settlers of Atlanta. The store will be a branch of one of the largest retail and merchant tailoring establishments North.

What the South Needs and Must Have to Develop its Mineral and Agricultural Resources.

The vast mineral wealth of our Southern country is almost beyond human computation. Our minerals are unequalled in quality, quantity and variety. We have the finest farming and timber lands any country can boast of, and our climate is the finest in the world.

ENTERPRISE AND CAPITAL.

is all that is needed to make our future brilliant and prosperous. Few are conscious of the

GREAT NATURAL WEALTH

of the South. We deem it the duty of every man in the South who has the good of his country at heart, to use his best endeavor and influence to induce men of capital and energy to come and settle in our midst.

Already a number of Northern and Western capitalists have invested their capital in Southern lands, and have erected manufactures of various kinds. We notice in the Tennesseean "that another capitalist, J R. Bartlett, Esq., one of the enterprising merchants of Boston, Mass., has recently made large purchases of valuable wood and timber lands; also, agricultural coal and iron property in that State for the purpose of setting up and developing the enormous natural wealth of that region.

Mr. Bartlett's purchase embraces thirty-two grants, covering an area of over (150,000) one hundred and fifty thousand acres, lying in the counties of Cumberland, Morgan and Roan. The Cincinnati Southern Railroad survey passes along the border of the land on both the Northern and Eastern sides, the angle being necessary in order to pass through Walden Ridge, where Emory River debouches from the mountains.

The examination of the titles of this large and valuable property was conducted and successfully accomplished by L. H. Bell, Esq., Revenue Commissioner in charge of the state lands."

We welcome this enterprise with pleasure, as it not only shows great confidence in, and friendliness for our people, but is appreciative of the great value of our soil, climate, timber, coal, iron and precious metals, which are beginning to attract the attention of capitalists in this country and Europe.

We call attention to the enterprise of Mr. Bartlett, that more effort may be made by our own people to induce him and others to inaugurate similar investments in Georgia—looking to the development of the magnificent and unequalled resources of our State.

We understand that Mr. Bartlett is now in our city, on his way to examine the gold fields of Georgia. A new era is dawning on the South, and we hail with delight the coming day, which is nearer than many think, when the South will be rich and prosperous.—*From the Herald of Health*

THE UNITED STATES COURTS.

Summary of Business Disposed of, and Business on Hand.

Important Announcement to Violators of the Revenue Laws.

The United States District Court commences its March Term to-morrow, and the United States Circuit Court the next Monday.

The following business was disposed of by this Court during the fall term in Georgia, (Northern and Southern Districts) to-wit: On the Equity Docket 30 cases; common law 268; Admiralty 5; Criminal 113; Information, *in rem*, 22; Scire Facias 36; making a total of 474 cases disposed of at the fall Courts.

The Spring Courts open to-morrow, and there are now on the dockets for trial, in the Northern District alone, the following cases, to wit: on the equity docket, 30; common law, 103; criminal, 262; information, in rem, 13; scire facias, 41; making a total of four hundred and fifty-nine.

There were a large number of criminal cases settled or nol prossed last year, but, nevertheless, over fifty men were tried, convicted, and sent to jail during the year by the Federal Court in Georgia. Prior to last year there had not been so many convictions, as only ninety-three men had been convicted from the opening of the Court, after the surrender, up to the first of last year—an average of about fourteen per annum.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has recently authorized the U. S. Attorney to extend great leniency towards all who come forward voluntarily, without indictment, and make known their offences which will give great relief to the Court and the people.

ATLANTA MEDICAL COLLEGE.—The lectures in this Institute are drawing to a close. The public commencement will be held at DeGive's Opera House, on next Wednesday night. Mr. E. A. Cobleigh, of this city, is the valedictorian, elected by the class. The Faculty will be represented by Dr. Burgiss, of Macon, who enjoys a fine reputation as an orator.

The class is a very large one, and the conferring of the degrees on the newly made doctors will be highly interesting. The citizens will doubtless turn out in full force and honor them with a fine audience.

OBITUARY NOTICE

OF THE LATE

JAMES L. DUNNING.

BY J. A. STEWART.

JAMES L. DUNNING—lately deceased, the subject of this obituary, was introduced to my acquaintance in the spring of 1858, in the city of Atlanta; and soon thereafter, it was my pleasure to enjoy his confidence and friendship, which was unbroken up to the hour of his death.

No conflict of views, however wide apart, was ever allowed to diminish my confidence in him as a man of good intentions, and of the strictest integrity. His was a mind of no ordinary capacity; and it was his highest pleasure to give it employment in words of utility. His superior mechanical ability was known, and highly appreciated, by those who knew him best. His judgment was seldom at fault; and his errors, if any, resulted from precipitancy, coupled with an iron will to do and to say what he believed to be right, regardless of public opinion or of consequences to himself. This unbending will, together with his spotless integrity commanded the respect, even of those who widely differed with him in views pertaining to religion or politics. His whole life was devoted to works of utility; and Atlanta is indebted to him, to a considerable extent, for her early prosperity.

His habits of life were strictly in conformity with his convictions of right and wrong; spurning with indignity even the slightest offer to seduce him from the paths of rectitude.

With a firm conviction that this life afforded the only chance, to do unto others as we would wish to be done unto, he neglected no opportunity to help such as needed help. He was charitable without ostentation, and liberal to a fault—and *this was his religion*.

A few days before his death his attending physician, at his request, informed him tenderly, that his time was near a close—that he was beyond the reach of medical skill. This announcement was received without a murmur of complaint except that he hoped his sufferings might not be too long protracted.

He said he had made provision to meet all his liabilities, and for the comfort of his family; and that he would wait patiently for the hour when his inanimate remains should be returned to its mother earth.

All pensive but tranquil, he sat on his chair,
Untrammeled with doubt, and unburdened with care.
Like the sun slow descending, to set in the west,
He had passed o'er the summit, and sinking to rest.
His childhood was bright as a golden tint ray,
Streaming up from the east, at the coming of day—
His youth was seen climbing a beautiful slope,
Bedecked with the garlands of beauty and hope—
His manhood more stable, unflinching and brave,
Presented an aspect, more thoughtful and grave.
His infancy vanished, like dreams of the night,
Whilst childhood less fleeting was longer in sight—
His youth, into manhood, soon faded away.
And manhood had passed to the verge of decay.
His noon tide had past, like the sun in the west,
Gliding down the summit, and sinking to rest.

In Memoriam.

Whereas, It having pleased "Him that doeth all things well" to remove from this transitory state so much beloved and highly esteemed Brother, HIRAM M. WOODRUFF, and transfer him to the Supreme Grand Lodge above; Therefore be it

Resolved, That in the sudden death of Bro. Woodruff, Atlanta Lodge No. 59 F. and A. M., has lost an efficient and useful member; the church one of its brightest ornaments, and the bereaved family an affectionate husband and father.

2. That while we bow in humble submission to this dispensation of an all-wise Providence, we are forcibly reminded of the great truth that "in the midst of life we are in death," and that we should imitate the example of our brother to "keep our house in order, and our lamps trimmed and burning."

3. That we deeply sympathize with the family and friends of the deceased, and would earnestly commend them to him who has promised to be "a father to the fatherless and a husband to the widow."

4. That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of the deceased under the seal of the Lodge and a blank page upon our records be devoted to his memory; also a copy be furnished the city papers for publication.

M. B. HOLLAND,
J. P. DRAKE,
A. N. HUNT,
Committee.

feb27 -

Local and Business Notices.

REMOVAL.—I have removed my entire stock of Fancy and Family Groceries to 96 Whitehall street, where I will be glad to meet all my old friends and customers, and sell them choice goods cheap.

JNO. W. STOKES,
mar1—d1w formerly of Stokes & Bro.

DID you ever try Pease's Stall Fed Oysters? Fulton Market Restaurant, New York, No. 1, is nowhere. mar1—d1t

POTATOES—Potatoes—Potatoes.—150 barrels Choice Eastern Seed and Eating varieties at 96 Whitehall street.

mar1—d1w JNO. W. STOKES.

FORTY-ONE private families ties, numbering from 10 to joyed the hospitality of Pease's winter.

HOLLAND HERRINGS, Anchovies, Farmouth Bloaters, Smoked Halifax Codfish, etc., etc., at street.

mar1—d1w JNO. W.

PEASE'S Dining Rooms for ladies used only for their accommodation, cheerful in all its surrounding, and best wishes of our people.

FULTON Market Sugar Cured Breakfast Bacon, etc., at

JNO. W.
mar1—d1w 96 Whitehall

PEASE'S Dining Rooms—a lanta; his business the result of own business.

PEARL Barley, Split Peas, Lentels and a full supply of German at 96 Whitehall street.

mar1—d1w JNO. W.

PEASE came to Atlanta to stay; make a visit.

WHEN in search of Choice Coffees, Sugars, Spices, Canned be sure and call on JNO. W.

mar1—d1w 96 Whitehall

WHERE would you take your To Pease's.

JOHN KEELY received on ruary 28, the following goods, of which will be found profitable,

350 Pieces of the handsomest cos made.

50 Pieces of beautiful Spring

273 Pieces Bleached and Brown

240 White Bed Spreads.

Call at once, as the Prints choice, and the other goods prices to close them out in a

mar1—d2t

WHERE do you meet the Atlanta? At Pease's.

ALL the ladies will be Knox's and get one of the They have got in a large lot, tend to sell, and to do so them at prices so low that astonished. Of course we don't to believe this, but call and be convinced.

Knox's Millinery and

mar1—d1w 30 Whitehall

WHO do you brag on Pease.

SHOT.—E. S. Marshall evening with a prize of $ We would like to be shot in the Call on him for Real Estate No. 4 Alabama street.

WHO is it that everybody country? Pease.

WHAT does Pease have? Game, Shad, Good Coffee, Golden Fries, Stall Fed Oysters, house, a good name, and no poor

mar1—d1t

SCIPLE & SONS, coal and wood 8 Loyd and 59 Decatur street.

OVERCOATS, Business and greatly reduced prices at

M. & J.
feb15—dtf 50 Whitehall

PRESCRIPTIONS.—We would call the attention of the public generally to the scription Department has refitted and replenished with fresh and pure drugs. We fill prescriptions at all hours, The department is under C. Fox, an accomplished Pharmacist, and all may their prescriptions accuracy.

Redwine & Fox's
feb 22-deod1w

JUST OPENED.—An elegant Fancy Articles, hair and let soaps, perfumery, handkerchief pungents, and other goods. quested to call and see us.

feb22-deod1w

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL— Perfectly odorless. Always qualities superior to gas. Burns danger of exploding or taking expressly to displace the use of ous oils. Its safety under every perfect burning qualities, are use in over 300,000 families.

Millions of gallons have been directly or indirectly, has ever ing, storing or handling it.

The immense yearly loss to sulting from the use of cheap the United States, is appalling.

The Insurance Companies throughout the country the best safeguard when the for circular. For sale by

Wholesale Druggists,
feb8-mar1d&w

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE. Relief for Young Men from the Abuses in early life. Manhood ments to Marriage removed. ment. New and remarkable Circular sent free, in sealed HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. Philadelphia, Pa., an institution tion for honorable conduct and

feb8 daw3m

A NEW

Buggy and Harness

AT A REDUCED

NO. 33 BROAD

feb25—dtf